

**SPRINGHILLS  
DEVELOPMENT OF REGIONAL IMPACT  
SUBSTANTIAL DEVIATION EVALUATION REPORT  
TRANSPORTATION IMPACTS EXCERPT**

Prepared for the

Alachua County Board of County Commissioners

by the

North Central Florida Regional Planning Council  
2009 NW 67<sup>th</sup> Place, Suite A  
Gainesville, FL 32653-1603  
(352) 955-2200

July 27, 2006

## **IMPACT ON PUBLIC TRANSPORTATION FACILITIES OF THE REGION**

### **APPLICABLE REGIONAL GOALS/POLICIES**

**Regional Goal 5.1.** Maintain a regional road network which operates at or above the minimum level of service standard contained in local government comprehensive plans for those segments located outside Transportation Concurrency Exception Areas.

**Policy 5.1.6.** Develop recommended local government orders for Developments of Regional Impact which mitigate adverse impacts of the development upon regionally significant transportation facilities.

**Policy 5.1.7.** Mitigate adverse impacts of development upon regional transportation facilities.

**Policy 5.1.8.** Mitigate impacts created by development so as to maintain the minimum level of service standard on the Florida Intrastate Highway System (FIHS) as established by the Florida Department of Transportation.

**Policy 5.1.9.** Mitigate impacts created by development so as to maintain the minimum adopted level of service standard on non-FIHS roads identified in this plan as significant regional transportation facilities as established in local government comprehensive plans.

**Policy 5.1.12.** Direct future transportation improvements to aid in the management of growth and that promotes economic development in designated areas.

**Regional Goal 5.5.** Increase the percentage of north central Florida residents using public transportation as a primary means of transportation.

**Policy 5.5.1.** Coordinate with the Gainesville Regional Transit System, the Metropolitan Transportation Planning Organization for the Gainesville Urbanized Area, the University of Florida, the City of Gainesville, and Alachua County to provide opportunities through their respective plans and programs for a greater likelihood of increased public transit ridership.

## **APPLICANT COMMITMENTS**

- (14) As indicated in the Transportation Methodology Document (Appendix 21-1), the Owner/Applicant has committed the funding for the proposed NW 98<sup>th</sup> Street Extension (NW 39<sup>th</sup> Avenue to NW 83<sup>rd</sup> Street Extension) and the NW 83<sup>rd</sup> Street Extension (NW 39<sup>th</sup> Avenue to Millhopper Road). As part of NW 98<sup>th</sup> Street Extension, SpringHills will construct a bridge over Interstate 75 that could accommodate four (4) lanes, however will be initially striped out as two (2) lanes. The NW 83<sup>rd</sup> Street Extension and the NW 98<sup>th</sup> Street Extension, shall be constructed by SpringHills within three (3) years of the initiation of the next phase of development, which is considered to be at the time of issuance of the first building permit for the next phase. The Applicant shall provide financial assurances in the form of a surety bond, performance bond, escrow agreement, letter of credit or other form of collateral to be approved by Alachua County (ADA Substantial Deviation Second Sufficiency Review Response Question 21 Update- Transportation Considerations for the SpringHills DRI Substantial Deviation Application for Development Approval February 2004, Volume 2, February 9, 2004, page 21.11).

## **SUMMARY OF IMPACTS**

The SpringHills DRI Substantial Deviation does not have a workable transportation plan - defined as all regional roadways and intersections operating at the adopted level of service standard. Even after evaluating four tiers of additional modifications, the traffic impacts of the SpringHills DRI Substantial Deviation cause three regional intersections on State Road 222 to operate below the adopted level of service standard in the Year 2013.

## **IMPACT DETERMINATION**

The Applicant's proposes to delete Section 4(6), Transportation Conditions, from the current SpringHills DRI local government development order and add new transportation conditions contained in Section 5.G of the Applicant's proposed amendments to the SpringHills DRI local government development order, as contained in the SpringHills DRI Substantial Deviation Second Sufficiency Response document, dated February 2004.

The Council conducted an evaluation of the transportation impacts of the project in accordance with an agreed-upon transportation methodology entitled, Final SpringHills DRI Transportation Methodology, which is contained in a document entitled SpringHills Second Sufficiency Review Response, February 2004, Volume 3, Appendix "21-1." The results of this evaluation are presented in the following sections.

## **METHODOLOGY**

### **STANDARDS AND LEVELS OF SERVICE**

**Alachua County-** The level of service standards that are used to evaluate the transportation impacts of this project within unincorporated Alachua County is contained in Alachua County's adopted Comprehensive Plan- Transportation Element and shown in the following chart.

TYPE OF FACILITY		LEVEL OF SERVICE STANDARDS		
		URBANIZED	TRANSITIONING	RURAL
INTRASTATE	LIMITED ACCESS HIGHWAY	C	C	B
	CONTROLLED ACCESS	C	C	B
OTHER STATE ROADS	OTHER MULTILANE	D	C	B
	TWO-LANE	D	D	D
NONSTATE ROADS	COUNTY-MAINTAINED FACILITIES	D	D	D

**City of Alachua-** The level of service standards that are used to evaluate the transportation impacts of this project within the City of Alachua is contained in the City of Alachua's adopted Comprehensive Plan- Transportation Element. According to this information, the standards are level of service C for all intrastate highways and State multilane highways, and level of service D on US 441 and for all other State roads and all County roads.

**City of Gainesville-** The level of service standards that are used to evaluate the transportation impacts of this project within the City of Gainesville is contained in the City of Gainesville's adopted Comprehensive Plan- Transportation Element. According to this information, the standards are level of service C for all intrastate highways, level of service D for all other State roads and all County roads and level of service E for City roads. In addition, significant portions of the City are included within transportation concurrency exception areas (TCEAs).



**City of High Springs-** The level of service standards that are used to evaluate the transportation impacts of this project within the City of High Springs is contained in the City of High Springs' adopted Comprehensive Plan- Traffic Circulation Element. According to this information, the standards are:

1. level of service C for US 27/State Road 45, US 27/US 41/State Road 20 and US 41/US 441/State Road 45;
2. the applicable FDOT and Alachua County peak hour level of service standards for arterial roadways, collectors and limited access facilities under their respective control; and
3. level of service C for two-lane paved City roads [5,000 ADT] and for two-lane unpaved City roads [2,000 ADT].

**Columbia County-** The level of service standards that are used to evaluate the transportation impacts of this project within Columbia County is contained in the Columbia County's adopted Comprehensive Plan- Traffic Circulation Element. According to this information, the standards are level of service B for all intrastate highways, level of service C for US 27, US 41, US 90 and US 441, level of service D for all other State roads and all County roads.

## PROPOSED TRANSPORTATION DEMAND MANAGEMENT STRATEGIES

The SpringHills DRI Substantial Deviation is required to discuss what provisions, including but not limited to sidewalks, bicycle paths, internal shuttles, ride sharing and public transit, will be made for the movement of people by means other than private automobile. According to page 21.51 of the SpringHills Second Sufficiency Review Response Question 21 Update- Transportation Considerations for the SpringHills DRI Substantial Deviation Application for Development Approval February 2004 (Volume 2) submitted February 9, 2004,

*“The SpringHills project will incorporate design elements that will encourage alternative modes of transportation for on-site and off-site movements. As previously mentioned, the development will be interconnected with an internal system of roadways, sidewalks, and bicycle facilities for the purpose of reducing traffic impacts to surrounding facilities. Roadways will be designed with wider outside lanes to accommodate bicycle travel. Enhanced pavement markings and signage will be incorporated to the design process to protect pedestrians and bicycles from conflicts with the motoring public. Bicycle racks will be provided to encourage bicycle travel throughout the project.*

*As agreed to by the Transportation Methodology Document, no additional transit reductions were integrated into the technical analysis provided in Chapter 21. However, the DRI proximity to adjoining urbanized developments makes it a possible candidate to be served by bus or shuttle service in the future. Therefore, the Owner/Applicant will provide a transit stop on-site if transit is extended to service the SpringHills DRI.”*

Currently, this area is served by two Regional Transit System (RTS) bus routes- Routes 10 and 43 which serve Santa Fe Community College. Route 10 travels west on NW 23<sup>rd</sup> Avenue and then north on NW 83<sup>rd</sup> Street. Route 43 travels west on NW 39<sup>th</sup> Avenue and then south on NW 83<sup>rd</sup> Street. The nearest bus service to the SpringHills DRI Substantial Deviation is Route 43 which serves the NW 39<sup>th</sup> Avenue and NW 83<sup>rd</sup> Street intersection.

It is reasonable to assume that transit service will be expanded to service this area by 2013 and will need infrastructure provided by the applicant. The above commitment to provide a single transit stop is not consistent with the proposed land use map submitted in March 2003 as part of the *SpringHills Notice of Proposed Change to the SpringHills DRI* where eight (8) stops were identified.

It will be difficult to provide cost-effective transit service to and from this development because of the project's location. Consequently, the applicant does not identify any transportation demand management strategies that are expected to significantly affect needed roadway and intersection modifications. Transportation demand management strategies should be developed to augment the proposed mitigation plan.

## LAND USE MATRIX

The applicant has proposed a land use conversion matrix, or trip equivalency matrix, for the purpose of changing land uses to respond to market conditions without having to trigger the Notice of Proposed Change (NOPC) process. The matrices provided by the applicant are mathematical conversions of land uses based on trip generation rates by project area.

Currently, it is the policy of the Planning Council that the use of land use conversion tables is not an acceptable practice. Land use conversion tables provide an applicant the opportunity to change the scope and makeup of an approved project without fully considering or identifying the related transportation impacts resulting from the revisions.

Through the course of the SpringHills DRI Substantial Deviation sufficiency review, the Planning Council has maintained the policy that the application of a land use trip matrix is not an acceptable practice. As stated during the second sufficiency review comments,

*“The North Central Florida Regional Planning Council maintains the policy that the application of a land use trip matrix is not an acceptable practice. Discussions between the Applicant and the Council were held on May 7, 2003 regarding this issue. At that meeting, the Council agreed to consider a revised trip matrix that limited land use conversions by quadrant and by quantity. After the Council’s review of the Applicant’s revised land use matrix, additional information was requested to clarify and document the Applicant’s proposed conversion methodology.”*

To date, the Applicant has not responded to the Council’s request. As such, the Council has not changed the policy regarding land use conversion tables and will not approve the conversion table as provided in the Applicant’s sufficiency response.

Although some of the Council’s comments are incorporated in the latest submittal, our main concerns were not addressed by the applicant. Specifically, the Council requested that the applicant provide a discussion of how the conversion rates were derived and what units they represent. Additionally, more detailed information regarding internal capture, trip distribution and trip length was requested for our review, but the applicant did not respond to this request for information.

Regardless of how land use conversion tables are generated, the use of these tables do not address the nature of a converted trip. The tables may work mathematically, but only in the sense of trip generation rates. In reality, they cannot replicate impacts to the transportation network in terms of trip distribution and trip length, nor do they adequately account for changes in internal capture and pass-by trip rates.

As an example, the calculation of internal and pass-by trip rates are exponential and increase or decrease consistent with the size of retail development. However, the land use trip matrix can only show a linear relationship between uses (i.e., one dwelling unit = X commercial SF) and, therefore, does not account for the variability of the applied capture rates.

Decreases in the amount of internal capture and pass-by trips through land use conversions result in the addition of project trips that will use the external (public) roadway network. However, the facility impacts of these additional trips are not reflected in the traffic impact analysis.

Additionally, changes to the proposed land use makeup can significantly affect attraction and production rates as calculated by transportation computer models (the Florida Standard Urban Transportation Model Structure (FSUTMS) model). Land use conversion tables imply that project traffic distribution patterns remain constant, when in actuality the patterns could be significantly different and require a different set of transportation modifications to address changes in transportation demands.

Even though the applicant did not address the Council's concerns, the land use conversion matrix was evaluated as part of the Council's review of the Second Review Sufficiency Response submitted in February, 2004. In the latest submittal, the applicant proposes a minimum/maximum range for the exchange of land uses where the overall exchange is allowed up to 10 percent of the land use or no more than the state substantial deviation numerical thresholds (whichever is less) for each quadrant.

However, Section 380.06 (19 (b), Florida Statutes, does not delineate between quadrants and the entire project for land use conversions. Any conversion from one land use to another is summed together. When the cumulative totals exceeds the maximum thresholds for a given land use, a substantial deviation is triggered, regardless of what quadrant the conversion took place.

As part of the SpringHills DRI Substantial Deviation review process, the Council did agree to review this policy and to consider a restricted conversion table for the proposed development. However, our primary concerns were not addressed by the applicant and no information has been provided that supports the proposed conversion matrices. Given this, the Council staff does not agree to the use of land use conversion tables and does not support the exchange of uses within the SpringHills DRI Substantial Deviation.

**TABLE 21**

**COMPARISON OF MAXIMUM PROPOSED LAND USE EXCHANGES  
TO STATE SUBSTANTIAL DEVIATION THRESHOLDS**

<b>ITE Code</b>	<b>Land Use</b>	<b>Units</b>	<b>% Change</b>	<b>Unit Change</b>	<b>10% of Prop LU</b>	<b>Florida Statutes Unit Threshold</b>
210	Single	DU's	10.08%	52	52	10% or 55 units (total). Whichever is greater
220	Apartments	DU's	5.64%	100	172	
310	Hotel	Room	10.08%	63	62	10% or 83 units. Whichever is greater
710	Office	SF	10.00%	12,500	12,500	10% or 66K GSF. Whichever is greater
820	Commercial	SF	4.63%	72,050	155500	10% or 55K GSF. Whichever is greater
150	Warehouse	SF	10.00%	46,000	46,000	10% or 35 Acres. Whichever is greater

Source: Florida Statutes, Chapter 380.06(19)(b)  
SpringHills Second Sufficiency Review Response, Appendix 21-10

**PLANNED OR PROGRAMMED MODIFICATIONS OR NEW FACILITIES WHICH  
WILL HAVE AN INFLUENCE ON THE PROPOSED DEVELOPMENT**

This section discusses planned or programmed modifications or new facilities which will have an influence on the proposed development within the study area. The document entitled *SpringHills Second Sufficiency Review Response Question 21 Update- Transportation Considerations for the SpringHills DRI Substantial Deviation Application for Development Approval February 2004 (Volume 2)* (submitted February 9, 2004) does not identify any planned or programmed modifications or new facilities which will have an influence on the proposed development within the study area except for the commitments discussed earlier to construct the proposed extension of NW 98<sup>th</sup> Street and NW 83<sup>rd</sup> Street.

## REGIONAL ROAD NETWORK - ROAD SEGMENTS

The North Central Florida Regional Planning Council's (NCFRPC) Strategic Regional Policy Plan defines the regional road network as including the following facilities:

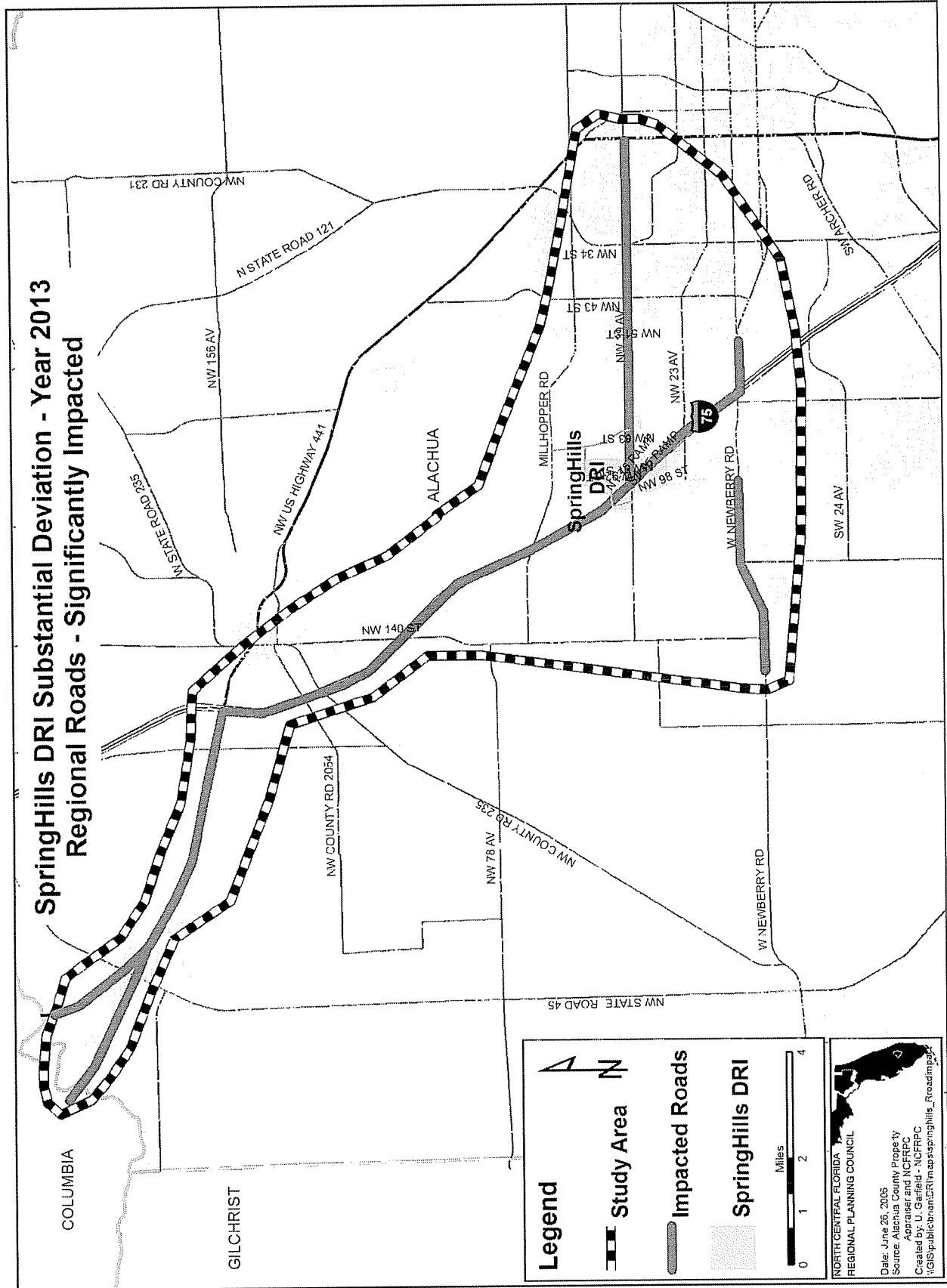
- All Interstate Highways
- All U.S. Highways
- All State Roads
- Hurricane Evacuation Routes
- All local roads which link Regional Facilities or DRIs to interstate, U.S., or state highways

Illustration III shows the regional road network within the study area. This network includes all segments of regional roads that are being significantly impacted by the SpringHills DRI Substantial Deviation. These include the following:

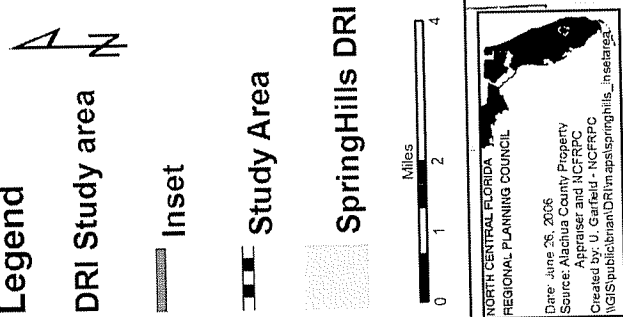
- Interstate 75- Newberry Road north to US 441 in the City of Alachua
- US 441- Interstate 75 west to Alachua County Line
- State Road 20- US 441 west to NW 9<sup>th</sup> Street
- State Road 222- Interstate 75 east to US 441
- State Road 26- W. 154<sup>th</sup> Street east to NW 98<sup>th</sup> Street
- State Road 26- Interstate 75 east to NW 8<sup>th</sup> Avenue

Illustration IV shows the inset area that is used in some of the remaining report maps. This scale map is needed in order to adequately identify intersection information in the immediate SpringHills DRI Substantial Deviation area.

# ILLUSTRATION III



**SpringHills DRI Substantial Deviation - Year 2013**  
**Inset Area**





## REGIONAL ROAD NETWORK - INTERSECTIONS/INTERCHANGES

The procedures that are used to determine if modifications are needed at regional intersections include testing to determine if the impacts are both significant and adverse. These terms are defined as follows:

**significant-** DRI traffic is determined to be *significant* if it uses five percent or more of the adopted peak hour level of service maximum service volume of the facility.

**adverse-** An *adverse* impact is when the facility is projected to be operating below the adopted level of service standard.

The procedures used to analyze intersections include the following three tests:

**Test 1** - Is a signalized intersection located on a portion of the State Highway System significantly impacted by a DRI?

**Test 2** - Is the total DRI traffic in the intersection from Test 1 five percent or more of the total intersection capacity at the adopted level of service (LOS) standard?

**Test 3** - For intersections that meet both Test 1 and 2, is a failing turn movement five percent or more of the total lane group capacity for that movement at the adopted LOS?

If the results of the above tests are a significant and adverse impact, the DRI is required to mitigate the turning movement or movements that are adversely affected.

### **Intersections/interchanges Analyzed**

A detailed traffic operations analysis has been performed for the regionally significant intersections listed below and shown in Illustration V.

Interstate 75 at US 441 (Alachua County) Northbound Ramps  
at US 441 (Alachua County) Southbound Ramps  
at State Road 222 (NW 39<sup>th</sup> Avenue) Northbound Ramps  
at State Road 222 (NW 39<sup>th</sup> Avenue) Southbound Ramps  
at State Road 26 (Newberry Road) Northbound On Ramps  
at State Road 26 (Newberry Road) Northbound Off Ramps

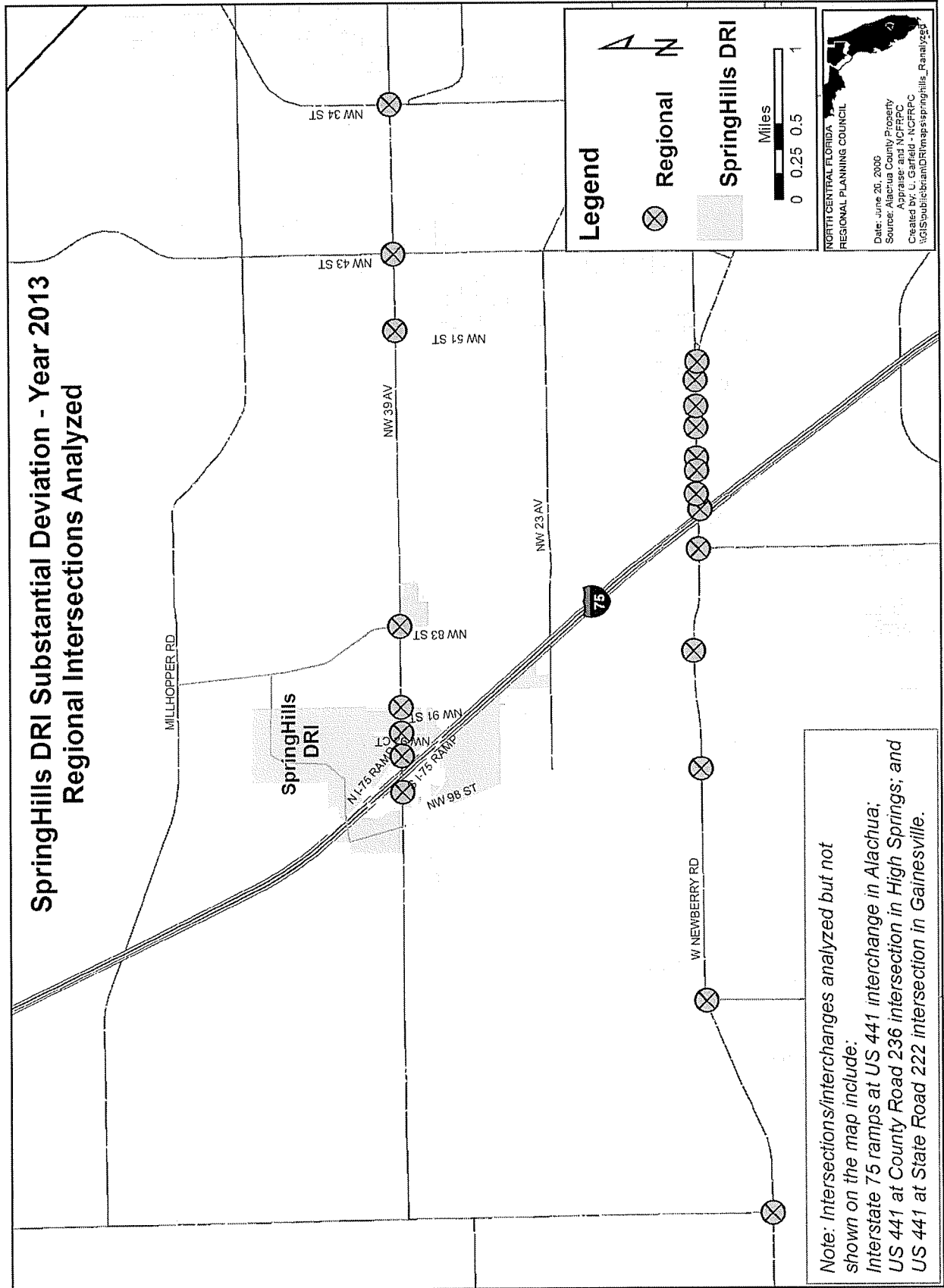
US 441 at County Road 236 (High Springs)  
at State Road 222 (NW 39<sup>th</sup> Avenue)

State Road 222 at NW 92<sup>nd</sup> Court  
(NW 39<sup>th</sup> Avenue) at NW 91<sup>st</sup> Street  
at NW 83<sup>rd</sup> Street  
at NW 51<sup>st</sup> Street  
at NW 43<sup>rd</sup> Street  
at State Road 121 (NW 34<sup>th</sup> Street)

State Road 26 at County Road 241  
(Newberry Road) at W. 122<sup>nd</sup> Street  
at W. 98<sup>th</sup> Street  
at Fort Clarke Boulevard  
at W. 75<sup>th</sup> Street  
at W. 69<sup>th</sup> Terrace  
at Oaks Mall  
at W. 66<sup>th</sup> Street  
at W. 62<sup>nd</sup> Street  
at W. 60<sup>th</sup> Street  
at W. 57<sup>th</sup> Street  
at W. 55<sup>th</sup> Street

# ILLUSTRATION V

## SpringHills DRI Substantial Deviation - Year 2013 Regional Intersections Analyzed



## **LOCAL ROAD NETWORK - ROADWAY SEGMENTS**

Illustration VI, shows local roads which are significantly impacted by this project. This network includes all segments of local roads that are being significantly impacted by the SpringHills DRI Substantial Deviation. These include the following:

Millhopper Road	County Road 241 east to just west of NW 43 <sup>rd</sup> Street
NW 39 <sup>th</sup> Avenue	County Road 241 east to Interstate 75
NW 23 <sup>rd</sup> Avenue	NW 98 <sup>th</sup> Street east to NW 55 <sup>th</sup> Street
NW 98 <sup>th</sup> Street	NW 39 <sup>th</sup> Avenue south to Newberry Road
Ft. Clarke Blvd	NW 23 <sup>rd</sup> Avenue south to Newberry Road
NW 83 <sup>rd</sup> Street	NW 39 <sup>th</sup> Avenue south to NW 23 <sup>rd</sup> Avenue

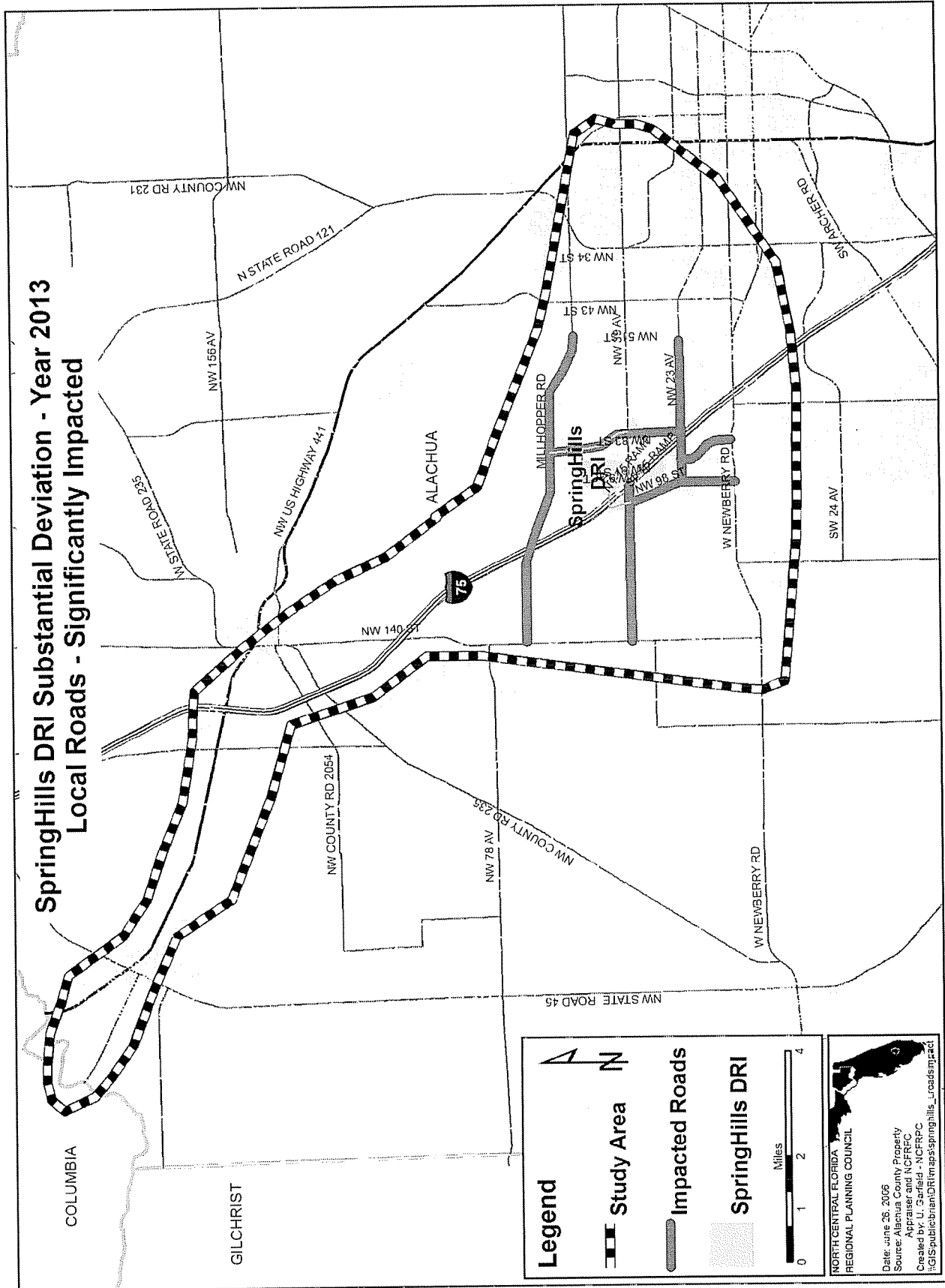
## **LOCAL ROAD NETWORK - INTERSECTIONS**

A detailed traffic operations analysis has been performed for each of the locally significant intersections listed below and shown in Illustration VII.

County Road 222 (NW 39 <sup>th</sup> Avenue)	at NW 98 <sup>th</sup> Street
NW 23 <sup>rd</sup> Avenue	at NW 98 <sup>th</sup> Street
NW 23 <sup>rd</sup> Avenue	at Fort Clarke Boulevard
NW 23 <sup>rd</sup> Avenue	at NW 83 <sup>rd</sup> Street
NW 23 <sup>rd</sup> Avenue	at NW 55 <sup>th</sup> Street
NW 83 <sup>rd</sup> Street Extension	at Millhopper Road

# ILLUSTRATION VI

## SpringHills DRI Substantial Deviation - Year 2013 Local Roads - Significantly Impacted



NORTH CENTRAL FLORIDA  
 REGIONAL PLANNING COUNCIL  
 Date: June 25, 2006  
 Source: Alachua County Property  
 Appraiser and NCFRPC  
 Created by: U. Garfield - NCFRPC  
 \\GIS\public\Briant\DRImaps\springhills\_roads\impact

## SpringHills DRI Substantial Deviation - Year 2013 Local Intersections Analyzed



## **SUMMARY OF IMPACTS**

### **TRANSPORTATION MODIFICATIONS NEEDED AS A RESULT OF THIS PROJECT**

This section discusses transportation modifications that are needed to maintain an acceptable level of service for both roadway segments and intersections through the Year 2013.

### **REGIONAL IMPACTS - ROADWAY SEGMENTS**

Illustration VIII and Table 22 identify needed roadway segment modifications on the Regional Road Network through the Year 2013. This illustration and table include modifications that have been identified earlier in this report as projects that the applicant has committed to construct.

[illegible]



TABLE 22

**NEEDED ROADWAY MODIFICATIONS- REGIONAL  
SPRINGHILLS DRI SUBSTANTIAL DEVIATION- YEAR 2013**

<b>YEAR 2013 MODIFICATION</b>	<b>APPLICANT'S ESTIMATED TOTAL COST [IN 2002 DOLLARS]</b>	<b>ALACHUA COUNTY ESTIMATED COST [IN 2006 DOLLARS]</b>
<b>REGIONAL ROADWAYS- APPLICANT IDENTIFIED</b>		
NW 98 <sup>th</sup> Street Extension- NW 39 <sup>th</sup> Avenue to NW 83 <sup>rd</sup> Street Extension- construct two-lane roadway	\$6,095,088	\$14,027,909*
Construction of eastbound left and northbound thru turning lanes in the County Road 222/NW 98 <sup>th</sup> Street intersection	-	<b>Has not been determined</b>
NW 98 <sup>th</sup> Street Extension Overpass- construct bridge over Interstate 75	\$3,600,000	\$3,355,000*
NW 98 <sup>th</sup> Street Extension- NW 39 <sup>th</sup> Avenue to NW 83 <sup>rd</sup> Street Extension- 120 feet of right-of-way	\$3,822,314	<b>Has not been determined</b>
NW 83 <sup>rd</sup> Street Extension- NW 39 <sup>th</sup> Avenue to County Road 232- construct two-lane roadway	\$5,417,856	\$12,235,419*
Construction of eastbound left and northbound thru turning lanes in the State Road 222/NW 83 <sup>rd</sup> Street intersection	-	<b>Has not been determined</b>

\* Does not include right-of-way (ROW) for drainage or minor ROW acquisition at intersection corners.

Source: SpringHills Second Sufficiency Review Response Question 21 Update- Transportation Considerations For the SpringHills DRI Substantial Deviation Application for Development Approval February 2004 (Volume 2) submitted February 9, 2004, page 21.47.

\\Marlie\public\MS06\DRI\Springhills\regional roadways additional ncfrpc-identifiedMODreg.wpd

## **REGIONAL IMPACTS - INTERSECTIONS ON REGIONAL FACILITIES**

Regional intersections are analyzed based upon the peak hour directional traffic. Intersection information is included in the following sections for two significantly impacted regional roadways- State Road 26 (Newberry Road) and State Road 222 (NW 39<sup>th</sup> Avenue).

### **State Road 26 (Newberry Road)**

Appendix A contains detailed intersection information for State Road 26 (Newberry Road) from SW 122<sup>nd</sup> Street east to NW 66<sup>th</sup> Street. Based upon this information, Illustration IX and Table 23 identify the intersections on State Road 26 where the proposed SpringHills DRI Substantial Deviation traffic is significant on Newberry Road (where the percent of total is equal to or greater than five percent).

Table 23 also identifies the significantly and adversely (operating below the adopted level of service standard) affected turning movements, as well as the proposed modifications that are needed to allow these facilities to operate at an acceptable level of service. The applicant did not provide a ramp analysis for the State Road 26 at Interstate 75 southbound ramps. Therefore, it cannot be determined if the SpringHills DRI Substantial Deviation traffic is significant in this interstate ramp and if this ramp is adversely impacted.

In addition, there is not enough right-of-way along this portion of State Road 26 to address some of the significantly and adversely affected turning movements at the following locations:

1. State Road 26 at Interstate 75 northbound on ramps;
2. State Road 26 at NW 69<sup>th</sup> Terrace;
3. State Road 26 at Oaks Mall; and
4. State Road 26 at NW 66<sup>th</sup> Street.

Table 24 lists all of the proposed regional intersection modifications that have been identified as needed for State Road 26 where SpringHills DRI Substantial Deviation traffic is both significant and adverse. However, the SpringHills DRI Substantial Deviation is only required to mitigate for the peak hour peak direction modifications listed in Table 24 for the Interstate 75 northbound off ramps and at NW 69<sup>th</sup> Terrace. These intersection modifications are listed in Table 25.

# ILLUSTRATION IX

## SpringHills DRI Substantial Deviation - Year 2013 Regional Intersections Significantly Impacted

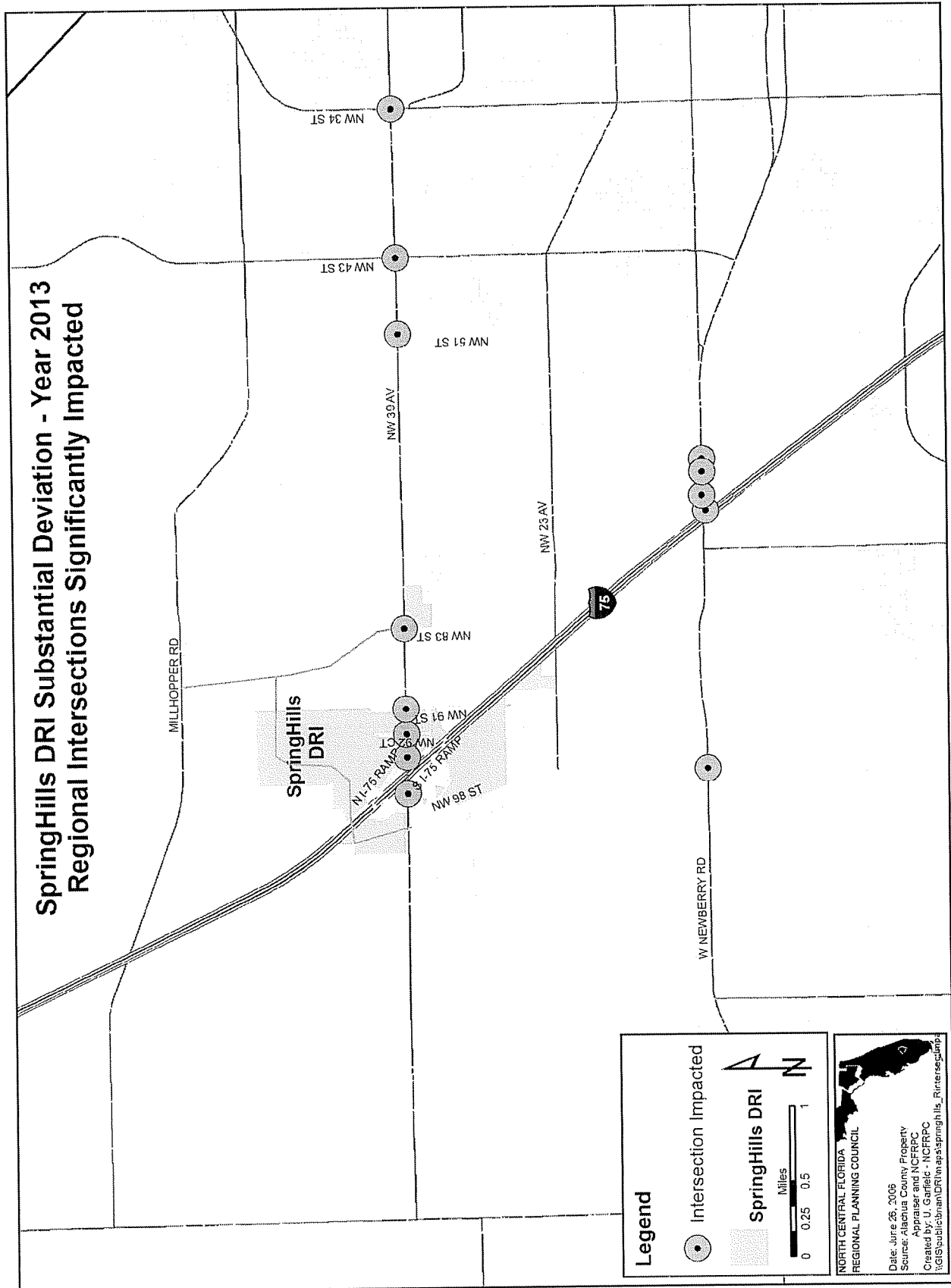


TABLE 23

**INTERSECTIONS ON SIGNIFICANTLY IMPACTED ROADWAYS- STATE ROAD 26 (NEWBERRY ROAD)  
SPRINGHILLS DRI SUBSTANTIAL DEVIATION- YEAR 2013**

<b>INTERSECTION</b>	<b>TOTAL INTERSECTION CAPACITY</b>	<b>TOTAL DRI INTERSECTION VOLUME</b>	<b>PERCENT OF TOTAL</b>	<b>SIGNIFICANTLY AND ADVERSELY AFFECTED TURN MOVEMENTS</b>	<b>REQUIRED MODIFICATIONS</b>
SR 26 at SW County Road 241	4,556	177	3.9%	None.	No modifications required.
SR 26 at SW 122 <sup>nd</sup> St.	5,920	261	4.4%	None.	No modifications required.
SR 26 at NW 98 <sup>th</sup> St.	6,419	326	6.3%	EBL, SBLT, and SBR.	Add EBL (Dual), WBR, and SBL.
SR 26 at Ft Clarke Blvd.	4,161	105	2.5%	None.	No modifications required.
SR 26 at NW 75 <sup>th</sup> St.	5,612	259	4.6%	None.	No modifications required.
SR 26 at I-75 SB Ramps	7,780	Not provided by Applicant.	Unknown	Unknown.	Unknown.
SR 26 at I-75 NB Off Ramps	6,992	522	7.5%	WBT	Add NBL (Dual) and NBR (Dual).

TABLE 23 Continued

INTERSECTION	TOTAL INTERSECTION CAPACITY	TOTAL DRI INTERSECTION VOLUME	PERCENT OF TOTAL	SIGNIFICANTLY AND ADVERSELY AFFECTED TURN MOVEMENTS	REQUIRED MODIFICATIONS
SR 26 at I-75 NB On Ramps	9,257	520	5.6%	EBL.	Insufficient ROW to address deficiency.
SR 26 at NW 69 <sup>th</sup> Terr.	7,723	880	11.4%	EBL, WBTR, and SBR.	Add WBR, NBL (Dual), and SBL (Dual). Insufficient ROW to address EBL.
SR 26 at Oaks Mall	7,535	685	9.1%	NBLT	Insufficient ROW to address deficiencies.
SR 26 at NW 66 <sup>th</sup> St.	9,393	747	8.0%	EBL	Insufficient ROW to address deficiency.
SR 26 at NW 62 <sup>nd</sup> St.	7,825	337	4.2%	None.	No modifications required.
SR 26 at NW 60 <sup>th</sup> St.	7,000	238	3.4%	None.	No modifications required.
SR 26 at NW 57 <sup>th</sup> St	7,119	224	3.1%	None.	No modifications required.
SR 26 at NW 55 <sup>th</sup> St	8,777	225	2.6%	None.	No modifications required.

Source: SpringHills Second Sufficiency Review Response Question 21 Update- Transportation Considerations for SpringHills DRI Substantial Deviation Application for Development Approval February (2004) submitted February 9, 2004, Appendix 21-9 and NCFRPC Staff.

TABLE 24

**REQUIRED REGIONAL MODIFICATIONS- STATE ROAD 26  
SPRINGHILLS DRI SUBSTANTIAL DEVIATION- YEAR 2013**

<b>INTERSECTION</b>	<b>PERCENT SIGNIFICANT</b>	<b>SIGNIFICANT AND ADVERSE TURNING MOVEMENTS</b>	<b>REQUIRED MODIFICATIONS</b>	<b>SPRINGHILLS DRI PEAK HOUR PEAK DIRECTION MODIFICATION</b>
NW 98 <sup>th</sup> Street	6.3	EBL, SBLT, and SBR	Add EBL (Dual), WBR, and SBL	None.
Interstate 75 Southbound Ramps	SpringHills DRI trips not provided.	Unknown	Unknown	Unknown
Interstate 75 Northbound Off Ramps	7.5	WBT	Add NBL (Dual) and NBR (Dual)	Add NBL (Dual) and NBR (Dual)
Interstate 75 Northbound On Ramps	5.6	EBL	Insufficient right-of-way (ROW) to address deficiency	None.
NW 69 <sup>th</sup> Terrace	11.4	EBL, WBTR, and SBR	ADD NBL (Dual) and SBL (Dual). Insufficient right-of-way to address other deficiencies	WBR- will require ROW acquisition and analysis of business impacts
Oaks Mall Road	9.1	NBLT	Insufficient ROW to address deficiency	None.
NW 66 <sup>th</sup> Street	8.0	EBL	Insufficient ROW to address deficiency	None.

Source: North Central Florida Regional Planning Council, City of Gainesville Public Works, and Alachua County  
Public Works staff.

\\Marlie\public\MS06\DRISpringhills\table3ms.wpd

TABLE 25

**REQUIRED REGIONAL MODIFICATIONS- STATE ROAD 26  
SPRINGHILLS DRI SUBSTANTIAL DEVIATION- YEAR 2013**

<b>STATE ROAD 26 INTERSECTION</b>	<b>REQUIRED MODIFICATIONS</b>	<b>ALACHUA COUNTY ESTIMATED COST [IN 2006 DOLLARS]*</b>
<b>APPLICANT/NCFRPC IDENTIFIED MODIFICATIONS</b>		
NW 69 <sup>th</sup> Terrace <i>Significant and Adverse Movement: WBTR</i>	Add WBR	-
<b>ADDITIONAL NCFRPC IDENTIFIED MODIFICATIONS</b>		
I-75 SB Ramps <i>Not provided by the applicant.</i>	Unknown.	Unknown.
I-75 NB Off Ramps <i>Significant and Adverse Movement: WBT</i>	Add NBL (Dual)	-
	Add NBR (Dual)	-
<b>TOTAL</b>		-

\* To be provided later by Alachua County Public Works Department staff.

Source: SpringHills Second Sufficiency Review Response Question 21 Update-Transportation Considerations for SpringHills DRI Substantial Deviation Application for Development Approval February (2004) submitted February 9, 2004, Appendix 21-9.

North Central Florida Regional Planning Council, City of Gainesville Public Works Department, and Alachua County Public Works Department staff.

### **State Road 222 (NW 39<sup>th</sup> Avenue)**

This section analyzes intersections on State Road 222 (NW 39<sup>th</sup> Avenue) from Interstate 75 east to State Road 121 (NW 34<sup>th</sup> Street). Appendix B contains detailed intersection information for State Road 222.

The information in this section was developed by analyzing the intersections on State Road 222 in a coordinated fashion, rather than using the individual intersection approach as presented by the applicant in the February 2004 SpringHills DRI submittal. The reason this approach is used is because the signal density on State Road 222 is five intersections per mile on the segment of State Road 222 adjacent to the proposed project (I-75 to NW 83<sup>rd</sup> Street).

Coordinated intersections allow for greater efficiency of movement and lower vehicle delays as vehicles move from one end of the corridor to the other. This is accomplished through establishing a master intersection and a single cycle length for intersections within close proximity of the main intersection. By adjusting cycle offsets, there is a logical progression of movement, and the phases change in sequence to minimize delays to the turning movements. Analyzing intersections individually in a high signal density area does not allow for this efficiency of movement and may create a scenario where a ‘fix’ for one intersection adversely affects the operation of another intersection.

The issue of the isolated intersection approach employed by the applicant and the need for a coordinated analysis was originally pointed out in the First Sufficiency Response (April 2003). Since a coordinated analysis was not presented in the Second Sufficiency Response (February 2004), the NCFRPC staff, with assistance from City of Gainesville Public Works Department staff, re-analyzed the State Road 222 corridor with coordinated signals using the methodology described in the following sections. The applicant’s consultant was provided this information and data throughout this reanalysis process.

### **Existing Intersection Conditions**

Table 26 shows current overall intersection traffic conditions without the SpringHills DRI Substantial Deviation project. The current intersection level of service (LOS) along State Road 222 (NW 39<sup>th</sup> Avenue) without the project ranges from LOS A to F, with the intersections of NW 83<sup>rd</sup> Street, NW 43<sup>rd</sup> Street and NW 34<sup>th</sup> Street operating below the adopted level of service standard.



TABLE 26

**INTERSECTION LEVEL OF SERVICE EXISTING CONDITIONS  
SPRINGHILLS DRI SUBSTANTIAL DEVIATION- YEAR 2003**

<b>STATE ROAD 222 INTERSECTION</b>	<b>OVERALL INTERSECTION LEVEL OF SERVICE</b>
Interstate 75 Southbound Ramps (AM Peak Period)	B
Interstate 75 Northbound Ramps (AM Peak Period)	D
NW 92 <sup>nd</sup> Court (AM Peak Period)	A
NW 91 <sup>st</sup> Street (AM Peak Period)	B
NW 83 <sup>rd</sup> Street (AM Peak Period)	F
NW 83 <sup>rd</sup> Street (PM Peak Period)	D
NW 51 <sup>st</sup> Street (PM Peak Period)	C
NW 43 <sup>rd</sup> Street (PM Peak Period)	F
NW 34 <sup>th</sup> Street (PM Peak Period)	E

Source: SpringHills Second Sufficiency Review Response Question 21 Update-  
Transportation Considerations for SpringHills DRI Substantial Deviation  
Application for Development Approval February (2004) submitted February 9,  
2004, Appendix 21-9.

North Central Florida Regional Planning Council staff.

## **Year 2013 Intersection Conditions Without the Project**

Table 27 shows what overall intersection traffic conditions will be like in the Year 2013 without the SpringHills DRI Substantial Deviation project. The entire analysis of this scenario can be found in Appendix B.

The projected intersection level of service (LOS) in Year 2013 along State Road 222 (NW 39<sup>th</sup> Avenue) without the project ranges from LOS A to F, with the intersections of NW 83<sup>rd</sup> Street, NW 43<sup>rd</sup> Street and NW 34<sup>th</sup> Street operating below the adopted level of service standard. In addition, turning movements that are operating below the adopted level of service standard are identified in the NW 51<sup>st</sup> Street intersection (northbound left and southbound left). The entire analysis of this scenario can be found in Appendix B.

TABLE 27

**INTERSECTION LEVEL OF SERVICE WITHOUT SPRINGHILLS DRI  
SPRINGHILLS DRI SUBSTANTIAL DEVIATION- YEAR 2013**

<b>STATE ROAD 222 INTERSECTION</b>	<b>OVERALL INTERSECTION LEVEL OF SERVICE</b>
Interstate 75 Southbound Ramps (AM Peak Period)	A
Interstate 75 Northbound Ramps (AM Peak Period)	B
NW 92 <sup>nd</sup> Court (AM Peak Period)	B
NW 91 <sup>st</sup> Street (AM Peak Period)	B
NW 83 <sup>rd</sup> Street (AM Peak Period)	E
NW 83 <sup>rd</sup> Street (PM Peak Period)	E
NW 51 <sup>st</sup> Street (PM Peak Period)	D
NW 43 <sup>rd</sup> Street (PM Peak Period)	F
NW 34 <sup>th</sup> Street (PM Peak Period)	F

Source: North Central Florida Regional Planning Council staff.

Note: The traffic volumes used to evaluate this scenario do not include the 37.5 percent reduction in background traffic allowed in the subsequent scenarios. This reduction was employed to reduce the occurrence of double counting that may be associated with the development of the SpringHills DRI Substantial Deviation.

### **Year 2013 Intersection Conditions With the Project and Without Modifications**

Table 28 shows what overall intersection traffic conditions will be in the Year 2013 along State Road 222 (NW 39<sup>th</sup> Avenue) with the SpringHills DRI Substantial Deviation project and without any intersection modifications. The entire analysis of this scenario can be found in Appendix B.

TABLE 28

**INTERSECTION LEVEL OF SERVICE WITH SPRINGHILLS DRI\*  
SPRINGHILLS DRI SUBSTANTIAL DEVIATION- YEAR 2013**

<b>STATE ROAD 222 INTERSECTION</b>	<b>OVERALL INTERSECTION LEVEL OF SERVICE</b>
Interstate 75 Southbound Ramps <i>SpringHills Intersection Significance- 12.0%</i> <i>(AM Peak Period)</i>	B
Interstate 75 Northbound Ramps <i>SpringHills Intersection Significance- 16.1%</i> <i>(AM Peak Period)</i>	C
NW 92 <sup>nd</sup> Court <i>SpringHills Intersection Significance- 24.5%</i> <i>(AM Peak Period)</i>	D
NW 91 <sup>st</sup> Street <i>SpringHills Intersection Significance- 11.2%</i> <i>(AM Peak Period)</i>	D
NW 83 <sup>rd</sup> Street <i>SpringHills Intersection Significance- 12.9%</i> <i>(AM Peak Period)</i>	F
NW 83 <sup>rd</sup> Street <i>SpringHills Intersection Significance- 28.2%</i> <i>(PM Peak Period)</i>	F
NW 51 <sup>st</sup> Street <i>SpringHills Intersection Significance- 15.0%</i> <i>(PM Peak Period)</i>	E
NW 43 <sup>rd</sup> Street <i>SpringHills Intersection Significance- 7.3%</i> <i>(PM Peak Period)</i>	F
NW 34 <sup>th</sup> Street <i>SpringHills Intersection Significance- 6.5%</i> <i>(PM Peak Period)</i>	F

\* Does not include any intersection modifications beyond those necessary to construct the NW 98<sup>th</sup> Street and NW 83<sup>rd</sup> Street extensions.

Source: SpringHills Second Sufficiency Review Response Question 21 Update- Transportation Considerations for SpringHills DRI Substantial Deviation Application for Development Approval February (2004) submitted February 9, 2004, Appendix 21-9.

North Central Florida Regional Planning Council staff.

## **Year 2013 Intersection Conditions With the Project and With Tier 1- Minor Intersection Modifications**

Table 29 shows what overall intersection traffic conditions will be in the Year 2013 with the SpringHills DRI Substantial Deviation project along State Road 222 (NW 39<sup>th</sup> Avenue) with the project and with modifications that could be made within the existing right-of-way (referred to as Tier 1). Tier 1 modifications are defined as follows:

*Modifications that can be constructed within the existing curb line for curb and gutter street sections or pavement can be added and roadside swales reworked for non curb and gutter street sections. Tier 1 modifications require no (or minimal) right-of-way acquisitions, utility relocations and landscape removal. Also, Tier 1 modifications do not have any impact on businesses/residences adjacent to the street. Tier 1 modifications typically would not require relocation of traffic signal poles. However, the addition of traffic signal heads and/or signs on existing span wire and/or mast arm installations will require a structural review of the poles at each intersection. Replacement of traffic signal poles for Tier 1 improvements is not included in the cost estimates for this analysis. However, the replacement of traffic signal poles could be required in order to actually construct a Tier 1 improvement.*

Table 30 lists the proposed Tier 1 intersection modifications. Under Tier 1 conditions, the intersection level of service is operating below the adopted level of service standard at NW 92<sup>nd</sup> Court (LOS E), NW 83<sup>rd</sup> Street (LOS E in the morning and LOS F in the afternoon), NW 43<sup>rd</sup> Street (LOS F), and NW 34<sup>th</sup> Street (LOS F). In addition, all of the intersections along this corridor (from Interstate 75 southbound Ramps east to NW 34<sup>th</sup> Street) have failing movements except for the Interstate 75 southbound and northbound ramps. The SpringHills DRI Substantial Deviation is projected to significantly and adversely affect these intersections and a majority of the failing movements. Table 31 list the modifications that the SpringHills DRI Substantial Deviation is responsible for constructing. The entire analysis of the Tier 1 scenario can be found in Appendix B.

Tier 1 modifications do not produce a workable transportation plan- defined as all regional intersections movements (where the applicant is significant) operating at the adopted level of service standard. Therefore, the following section discusses what additional intersection modifications can be made by purchasing additional right-of-way and adding additional turn lanes (defined as Tier 2 modifications).

TABLE 29

**INTERSECTION LEVEL OF SERVICE WITH TIER 1 MODIFICATIONS  
SPRINGHILLS DRI SUBSTANTIAL DEVIATION- YEAR 2013**

<b>STATE ROAD 222 INTERSECTION</b>	<b>OVERALL INTERSECTION LEVEL OF SERVICE</b>
Interstate 75 Southbound Ramps <i>SpringHills Intersection Significance- 12.0%</i> <i>(AM Peak Period)</i>	B
Interstate 75 Northbound Ramps <i>SpringHills Intersection Significance- 16.1%</i> <i>(AM Peak Period)</i>	C
NW 92 <sup>nd</sup> Court <i>SpringHills Intersection Significance- 24.5%</i> <i>(AM Peak Period)</i>	E
NW 91 <sup>st</sup> Street <i>SpringHills Intersection Significance- 11.2%</i> <i>(AM Peak Period)</i>	B
NW 83 <sup>rd</sup> Street <i>SpringHills Intersection Significance- 11.8%</i> <i>(AM Peak Period)</i>	E
NW 83 <sup>rd</sup> Street <i>SpringHills Intersection Significance- 27.3%</i> <i>(PM Peak Period)</i>	F
NW 51 <sup>st</sup> Street <i>SpringHills Intersection Significance- 14.5%</i> <i>(PM Peak Period)</i>	D
NW 43 <sup>rd</sup> Street <i>SpringHills Intersection Significance- 7.3%</i> <i>(PM Peak Period)</i>	F
NW 34 <sup>th</sup> Street <i>SpringHills Intersection Significance- 6.5%</i> <i>(PM Peak Period)</i>	F

Source: SpringHills Second Sufficiency Review Response Question 21 Update- Transportation Considerations for SpringHills DRI Substantial Deviation Application for Development Approval February (2004) submitted February 9, 2004, Appendix 21-9.

North Central Florida Regional Planning Council staff.

TABLE 30

**TIER 1 LIST OF NEEDED MODIFICATIONS- STATE ROAD 222  
SPRINGHILLS DRI SUBSTANTIAL DEVIATION- YEAR 2013**

<b>STATE ROAD 222 INTERSECTION</b>	<b>PROPOSED MODIFICATION</b>	<b>ALACHUA COUNTY ESTIMATED COST [IN 2006 DOLLARS]*</b>
NW 92 <sup>nd</sup> Court <i>SpringHills Intersection Significance- 24.5% (AM Peak Period)</i>	Add EBL (Dual)	-
	Add WBL (Dual)	-
	Replace 2 mast arms poles	\$125,000
NW 91 <sup>st</sup> Street <i>SpringHills Intersection Significance- 11.2% (AM Peak Period)</i>	Add NBL (Dual)	-
	Add NBTR	-
	Add SBL (Dual)	-
NW 83 <sup>rd</sup> Street <i>SpringHills Intersection Significance- 27.3% (PM Peak Period)</i>	Add EBL (Dual)	-
	Add WBL (Dual)	-
NW 51 <sup>st</sup> Street <i>SpringHills Intersection Significance- 14.5% (PM Peak Period)</i>	Add NBL (Dual)	-
NW 43 <sup>rd</sup> Street <i>SpringHills Intersection Significance- 7.3% (PM Peak Period)</i>	Extend SBR	-
NW 34 <sup>th</sup> Street <i>SpringHills Intersection Significance- 6.5% (PM Peak Period)</i>	Add EBL (Dual)	-
	Add NBTR	-
	Add SBL (Dual)	-
<b>TIER 1 TOTAL</b>		-

\* To be provided later by Alachua County Public Works Department staff.

Source: SpringHills Second Sufficiency Review Response Question 21 Update-  
Transportation Considerations for SpringHills DRI Substantial Deviation  
Application for Development Approval February (2004) submitted February 9,  
2004, Appendix 21-9.

North Central Florida Regional Planning Council, City of Gainesville Public  
Works Department, and Alachua County Public Works Department staff.



TABLE 31

**TIER 1 REQUIRED REGIONAL MODIFICATIONS- STATE ROAD 222  
SPRINGHILLS DRI SUBSTANTIAL DEVIATION- YEAR 2013**

<b>STATE ROAD 222 INTERSECTION</b>	<b>REQUIRED MODIFICATIONS</b>	<b>ALACHUA COUNTY ESTIMATED COST [IN 2006 DOLLARS]*</b>
<b>APPLICANT/NCFRPC IDENTIFIED MODIFICATIONS</b>		
NW 92 <sup>nd</sup> Court <i>Significant and Adverse Movement: EBTR</i>	Add EBL (Dual)	-
	Northbound receiving lane for EBL (Dual)	-
	Add WBL (Dual)	-
	Southbound receiving lane for WBL (Dual)	-
	Replace 2 mast arm poles	\$125,000
NW 91 <sup>st</sup> Street <i>Significant and Adverse Movement: None</i>	Add NBL (Dual)	-
	Add SBL (Dual)	-
NW 83 <sup>rd</sup> Street <i>Significant and Adverse Movement: EBTR</i>	Add EBL (Dual)	-
	Northbound receiving lane for EBL (Dual)	-
	Add WBL (Dual)	-
NW 34 <sup>th</sup> Street <i>Significant and Adverse Movement: WBTR</i>	Add EBL (Dual)	-
	Northbound receiving lane for EBL (Dual)	-

\* To be provided later by Alachua County Public Works Department staff.

**Table 31 is continued on the next page.**

**TABLE 31 Continued**

<b>STATE ROAD 222 INTERSECTION</b>	<b>REQUIRED MODIFICATIONS</b>	<b>ALACHUA COUNTY ESTIMATED COST [IN 2006 DOLLARS]*</b>
<b>ADDITIONAL NCFRPC IDENTIFIED MODIFICATIONS</b>		
NW 91 <sup>st</sup> Street <i>Significant and Adverse Movement: None</i>	Add NBTR	-
NW 43 <sup>rd</sup> Street <i>Significant and Adverse Movement: WBTR</i>	Extend SBR	-
NW 34 <sup>th</sup> Street <i>Significant and Adverse Movement: WBTR</i>	Add NBTR	-
	Add SBL (Dual)	-
<b>TIER 1 TOTAL</b>		-

\* To be provided later by Alachua County Public Works Department staff.

Source: SpringHills Second Sufficiency Review Response Question 21 Update-  
Transportation Considerations for SpringHills DRI Substantial Deviation  
Application for Development Approval February (2004) submitted  
February 9, 2004, Appendix 21-9.

North Central Florida Regional Planning Council, City of Gainesville  
Public Works Department, and Alachua County Public Works Department  
staff.

## **Year 2013 Intersection Conditions With the Project and With Tier 1- Minor Intersection Modifications and Tier 2- Major Intersection Modifications**

Table 32 shows what overall intersection traffic conditions will be in the Year 2013 with the SpringHills DRI Substantial Deviation project along State Road 222 (NW 39<sup>th</sup> Avenue) with the project and with modifications that could be made within the existing right-of-way and the acquisition of additional right-of-way (referred to as Tiers 1 and Tier 2). Tier 2 modifications are defined as follows:

*Modifications that require right-of-way acquisitions, utility relocations, landscape removals and will impact adjacent businesses/residences. Tier 2 modifications would typically require relocation of the curb and gutter and possibility storm drainage relocations. Also, Tier 2 modifications could be constructed in conjunction with new roadway construction at the intersection. Tier 2 modifications include all traffic signal modifications including replacement of concrete strain and mast arm poles. Any traffic signal reconstruction must meet Metropolitan Transportation Planning Organization design standards and traffic signal control equipment must be upgraded to Traffic Management System standards.*

Table 33 lists the proposed Tier 2 intersection modifications. Under Tiers 1 and 2 conditions, the intersection level of service is operating below the adopted level of service standard in the afternoon at NW 83<sup>rd</sup> Street (LOS E), NW 43<sup>rd</sup> Street (LOS F) and NW 34<sup>th</sup> Street (LOS F).

In addition, failing turning movements can be found in the intersections of NW 92<sup>nd</sup> Court, NW 83<sup>rd</sup> Street, NW 51<sup>st</sup> Street, NW 43<sup>rd</sup> Street and NW 34<sup>th</sup> Street. The SpringHills DRI Substantial Deviation is projected to significantly and adversely affect these intersections and many of the failing movements. Table 34 list the modifications that the SpringHills DRI Substantial Deviation is responsible for constructing. The entire analysis of the Tiers 1 and 2 scenario can be found in Appendix B.

Tiers 1 and 2 modifications do not produce a workable transportation plan- defined as all regional intersections movements (where the applicant is significant) operating at the adopted level of service standard. Therefore, the following section discusses what additional transportation modifications can be made to accommodate traffic demand on NW 39<sup>th</sup> Avenue (defined as Tier 3 modifications).

TABLE 32

**INTERSECTION LEVEL OF SERVICE WITH TIER 1 AND 2 MODIFICATIONS  
SPRINGHILLS DRI SUBSTANTIAL DEVIATION- YEAR 2013**

<b>STATE ROAD 222 INTERSECTION</b>	<b>OVERALL INTERSECTION LEVEL OF SERVICE</b>
Interstate 75 Southbound Ramps <i>SpringHills Intersection Significance- 12.1%</i> <i>(AM Peak Period)</i>	B
Interstate 75 Northbound Ramps <i>SpringHills Intersection Significance- 16.2%</i> <i>(AM Peak Period)</i>	C
NW 92 <sup>nd</sup> Court <i>SpringHills Intersection Significance- 18.0%</i> <i>(AM Peak Period)</i>	C
NW 91 <sup>st</sup> Street <i>SpringHills Intersection Significance- 8.4%</i> <i>(AM Peak Period)</i>	B
NW 83 <sup>rd</sup> Street <i>SpringHills Intersection Significance- 9.2%</i> <i>(AM Peak Period)</i>	C
NW 83 <sup>rd</sup> Street <i>SpringHills Intersection Significance- 17.9%</i> <i>(PM Peak Period)</i>	E
NW 51 <sup>st</sup> Street <i>SpringHills Intersection Significance- 12.7%</i> <i>(PM Peak Period)</i>	D
NW 43 <sup>rd</sup> Street <i>SpringHills Intersection Significance- 7.0%</i> <i>(PM Peak Period)</i>	F
NW 34 <sup>th</sup> Street <i>SpringHills Intersection Significance- 5.0%</i> <i>(PM Peak Period)</i>	F

Source: SpringHills Second Sufficiency Review Response Question 21 Update-  
Transportation Considerations for SpringHills DRI Substantial Deviation  
Application for Development Approval February (2004) submitted February 9,  
2004, Appendix 21-9.

North Central Florida Regional Planning Council staff.

TABLE 33

**TIER 2 LIST OF NEEDED MODIFICATIONS- STATE ROAD 222  
SPRINGHILLS DRI SUBSTANTIAL DEVIATION- YEAR 2013**

<b>STATE ROAD 222 INTERSECTION</b>	<b>PROPOSED MODIFICATION</b>	<b>ALACHUA COUNTY ESTIMATED COST [IN 2006 DOLLARS]*</b>
<b>TOTAL TIER 1 MODIFICATIONS FROM TABLE 9</b>		-
NW 92 <sup>nd</sup> Court <i>SpringHills Intersection Significance- 18.0%</i> <i>(AM Peak Period)</i>	Add EBR	-
	Add WBR	-
	Replace 2 mast arm poles	\$125,000
NW 91 <sup>st</sup> Street <i>SpringHills Intersection Significance- 8.4%</i> <i>(AM Peak Period)</i>	Add EBR	-
	Add WBR	-
	Replace mast arms	\$250,000
NW 83 <sup>rd</sup> Street <i>SpringHills Intersection Significance- 17.9%</i> <i>(PM Peak Period)</i>	Add EBR (Dual)	-
	Add WBR (Dual)	-
	Add NBL (Dual)	-
	Add NBR	-
	Replace mast arms	\$250,000
NW 51 <sup>st</sup> Street <i>SpringHills Intersection Significance- 12.7%</i> <i>(PM Peak Period)</i>	Add EBR	-
	Replace mast arms	\$250,000

\* To be provided later by Alachua County Public Works Department staff.

**Table 33 is continued on the next page.**

TABLE 33 Continued

STATE ROAD 222 INTERSECTION	PROPOSED MODIFICATION	ALACHUA COUNTY ESTIMATED COST [IN 2006 DOLLARS]*
NW 43 <sup>rd</sup> Street <i>SpringHills Intersection Significance- 7.0%</i> <i>(PM Peak Period)</i>	Add NBL (Dual)	-
	Add SBL (Dual)	-
	Replace mast arms	\$250,000
NW 34 <sup>th</sup> Street <i>SpringHills Intersection Significance- 5.0%</i> <i>(PM Peak Period)</i>	Add EBR	-
	Add WBR	-
	Replace mast arms	\$250,000
Installation of Traffic Management System (TMS) signal controllers, cabinets, and communication equipment (fiber optic cable).		\$650,000
<b>TIER 1 AND 2 TOTAL</b>		-

\* To be provided later by Alachua County Public Works Department staff.

Source: SpringHills Second Sufficiency Review Response Question 21 Update-  
Transportation Considerations for SpringHills DRI Substantial Deviation  
Application for Development Approval February (2004) submitted  
February 9, 2004, Appendix 21-9.

North Central Florida Regional Planning Council, City of Gainesville  
Public Works Department, and Alachua County Public Works Department  
staff.

TABLE 34

**TIER 2 REQUIRED REGIONAL MODIFICATIONS- STATE ROAD 222  
SPRINGHILLS DRI SUBSTANTIAL DEVIATION- YEAR 2013**

<b>STATE ROAD 222 INTERSECTION</b>	<b>REQUIRED MODIFICATIONS</b>	<b>ALACHUA COUNTY ESTIMATED COST [IN 2006 DOLLARS]*</b>
<b>APPLICANT/NCFRPC IDENTIFIED MODIFICATIONS</b>		
NW 43 <sup>rd</sup> Street <i>Significant and Adverse Movement: WBT</i>	Add NBL (Dual)	-
	Reconstruct intersection with mast arms	\$250,000
NW 34 <sup>th</sup> Street <i>Significant and Adverse Movement: WBL</i>	Add EBR	-
	Add WBR	-
	Reconstruct intersection with mast arms	\$250,000
<b>ADDITIONAL NCFRPC IDENTIFIED MODIFICATIONS</b>		
NW 43 <sup>rd</sup> Street <i>Significant and Adverse Movement: WBT</i>	Add SBL (Dual)	-
Installation of Traffic Management System (TMS) signal controllers, cabinets, and communication equipment (fiber optic cable).		\$650,000
<b>TOTAL TIER 1 MODIFICATIONS FROM TABLE 31</b>		-
<b>TIER 2 TOTAL</b>		-

\* To be provided later by Alachua County Public Works Department staff.

Source: SpringHills Second Sufficiency Review Response Question 21 Update-  
Transportation Considerations for SpringHills DRI Substantial Deviation  
Application for Development Approval February (2004) submitted  
February 9, 2004, Appendix 21-9.

North Central Florida Regional Planning Council, City of Gainesville  
Public Works Department, and Alachua County Public Works Department  
staff.

### **Year 2013 Intersection Conditions With the Project and With Tier 1- Minor Intersection Modifications, Tier 2- Major Intersection Modifications and Tier 3- Six-Lane NW 39<sup>th</sup> Avenue**

Tier 3 modifications include widening State Road 222 (NW 39<sup>th</sup> Avenue) to six lanes from Interstate 75 northbound ramps to east of NW 34<sup>th</sup> Street along with the previously identified Tiers 1 and 2 modifications. Table 35 shows what overall intersection traffic conditions will be in the Year 2013 with the SpringHills DRI Substantial Deviation project along NW 39<sup>th</sup> Avenue with Tier 1, Tier 2 and Tier 3 modifications.

Table 36 lists the proposed Tier 3 intersection modifications. Under these conditions, the intersection level of service is operating below the adopted level of service standard in the afternoon at NW 43<sup>rd</sup> Street (LOS F).

In addition, failing turning movements can be found in the intersections of NW 83<sup>rd</sup> Street, NW 51<sup>st</sup> Street, NW 43<sup>rd</sup> Street and NW 34<sup>th</sup> Street. The SpringHills DRI Substantial Deviation is projected to significantly and adversely affect these intersections and many of the failing movements. The entire analysis of the Tiers 1, 2, and 3 scenario can be found in Appendix B.

Tiers 1, 2 and 3 modifications do not produce a workable transportation plan- defined as all regional intersections movements (where the applicant is significant) operating at the adopted level of service standard. Therefore, the following section discusses what additional transportation modifications can be made to accommodate traffic demand on NW 39<sup>th</sup> Avenue (defined as Tier 4 modifications).



TABLE 35

**INTERSECTION LEVEL OF SERVICE WITH TIER 1, 2 AND 3 MODIFICATIONS  
SPRINGHILLS DRI SUBSTANTIAL DEVIATION- YEAR 2013**

<b>STATE ROAD 222 INTERSECTION</b>	<b>OVERALL INTERSECTION LEVEL OF SERVICE</b>
Interstate 75 Southbound Ramps <i>SpringHills Intersection Significance- 12.4% (AM Peak Period)</i>	B
Interstate 75 Northbound Ramps <i>SpringHills Intersection Significance- 16.5% (AM Peak Period)</i>	C
NW 92 <sup>nd</sup> Court <i>SpringHills Intersection Significance- 20.5% (AM Peak Period)</i>	C
NW 91 <sup>st</sup> Street <i>SpringHills Intersection Significance- 9.7% (AM Peak Period)</i>	A
NW 83 <sup>rd</sup> Street <i>SpringHills Intersection Significance- 7.7% (AM Peak Period)</i>	B
NW 83 <sup>rd</sup> Street <i>SpringHills Intersection Significance- 15.5% (PM Peak Period)</i>	E
NW 51 <sup>st</sup> Street <i>SpringHills Intersection Significance- 11.6% (PM Peak Period)</i>	C
NW 43 <sup>rd</sup> Street <i>SpringHills Intersection Significance- 6.5% (PM Peak Period)</i>	F
NW 34 <sup>th</sup> Street <i>SpringHills Intersection Significance- 4.6% (PM Peak Period)</i>	D

Source: SpringHills Second Sufficiency Review Response Question 21 Update-  
Transportation Considerations for SpringHills DRI Substantial Deviation  
Application for Development Approval February (2004) submitted February 9,  
2004, Appendix 21-9.

North Central Florida Regional Planning Council staff.

TABLE 36

**TIER 3 LIST OF NEEDED MODIFICATIONS- STATE ROAD 222  
SPRINGHILLS DRI SUBSTANTIAL DEVIATION- YEAR 2013**

FACILITY	PROPOSED MODIFICATION	ALACHUA COUNTY ESTIMATED COST [IN 2006 DOLLARS]*
<b>ROADWAY MODIFICATIONS</b>		
NW 39 <sup>th</sup> Avenue	Widen to six lanes from I-75 NB Ramps to east of NW 34 <sup>th</sup> Street	-
<b>STATE ROAD 222 INTERSECTION MODIFICATIONS</b>		
NW 92 <sup>nd</sup> Court <i>SpringHills Intersection Significance- 20.5% (AM Peak Period)</i>	Tier 1 Modifications	-
NW 91 <sup>st</sup> Street <i>SpringHills Intersection Significance- 9.7% (AM Peak Period)</i>	Tier 1 Modifications	-
NW 83 <sup>rd</sup> Street <i>SpringHills Intersection Significance- 15.5% (PM Peak Period)</i>	Tier 1 and 2 Modifications	-
NW 51 <sup>st</sup> Street <i>SpringHills Intersection Significance- 11.6% (PM Peak Period)</i>	Tier 1 and 2 Modifications	-
NW 43 <sup>rd</sup> Street <i>SpringHills Intersection Significance- 6.5% (PM Peak Period)</i>	Tier 1 and 2 Modifications	-
NW 34 <sup>th</sup> Street <i>SpringHills Intersection Significance- 4.6% (PM Peak Period)</i>	Tier 1 and 2 Modifications	-
Installation of TMS equipment identified in Tier 2		\$650,000
<b>TIER 1, 2, AND 3 TOTAL</b>		-

\* To be provided later by Alachua County Public Works Department staff.

Source: SpringHills Second Sufficiency Review Response Question 21 Update- Transportation Considerations for SpringHills DRI Substantial Deviation Application for Development Approval February (2004) submitted February 9, 2004, Appendix 21-9.

North Central Florida Regional Planning Council, City of Gainesville Public Works Department, and Alachua County Public Works Department staff.

## **Year 2013 Intersection Conditions With the Project and With Tier 1- Minor Intersection Modifications, Tier 2- Major Intersection Modifications, Tier 3- Six-Lane NW 39<sup>th</sup> Avenue and Tier 4- Extensive Intersection Modifications**

Tier 4 modifications include extensive reconstruction of the intersections of NW 39<sup>th</sup> Avenue at NW 83<sup>rd</sup> Street and NW 43<sup>rd</sup> Street to increase the capacity of the intersections to accommodate high traffic volumes. The modifications that are included in Tier 4 is the construction of four thru lanes (northbound- two lanes/southbound- two lanes) with shared right turns ending just north of the intersection, the construction of eight thru lanes (eastbound- four lanes/westbound- four lanes) on NW 39<sup>th</sup> Avenue at NW 43<sup>rd</sup> Street ending just east and west of the intersection, and the construction of six thru lanes (northbound- three lanes/southbound- three lanes) on NW 43<sup>rd</sup> Street at NW 39<sup>th</sup> Avenue. Table 37 shows what overall intersection traffic conditions will be in the Year 2013 with the SpringHills DRI Substantial Deviation project along NW 39<sup>th</sup> Avenue with Tier 1, Tier 2, Tier 3 and Tier 4 modifications.

Table 38 lists the proposed Tier 4 intersection modifications. Under Tiers 1, 2, 3 and 4 conditions, every intersection along this corridor is operating at or above the adopted level of service standard in the peak periods. However, failing turn movements can be found in the intersection of NW 83<sup>rd</sup> Street (northbound left, northbound thru/right, southbound left, and southbound thru/right), the intersection of NW 51<sup>st</sup> Street (northbound left, northbound thru/right and southbound left), the intersection of NW 43<sup>rd</sup> Street (eastbound left, westbound right, northbound left, northbound thru, northbound right, southbound left, and southbound right), and the intersection of NW 34<sup>th</sup> Street (eastbound left, westbound left, and southbound thru). The SpringHills DRI Substantial Deviation is projected to significantly and adversely affect some of the failing movements. The entire analysis of the Tiers 1, 2, 3 and 4 scenario can be found in Appendix B.

Tiers 1, 2, 3 and 4 modifications produce a workable transportation plan- defined as all regional intersections movements (where the applicant is significant) operating at the adopted level of service standard.

## **CONCLUSIONS- REGIONAL INTERSECTIONS**

This transportation analysis tried to identify needed roadway and intersection modifications that would result in a workable transportation plan for the SpringHills DRI Substantial Deviation. This included the four levels of transportation modifications discussed in the preceding sections- Tiers 1, 2, 3, and 4 modifications.

Tiers 1, 2, and 3 modifications do not produce a workable transportation plan- defined as all regional intersections (where the applicant is significant) operating at the adopted level of service standard. The Tier 4 modifications do produce a workable transportation plan. However, both Tier 3 and Tier 4 are policy constrained by the City of Gainesville with respect to the widening of NW 39<sup>th</sup> Avenue to six lanes and adding additional through lanes at the NW 39<sup>th</sup> Avenue/NW 43<sup>rd</sup> Street intersection.

TABLE 37

**INTERSECTION LEVEL OF SERVICE WITH TIER 1, 2, 3 AND 4 MODIFICATIONS  
SPRINGHILLS DRI SUBSTANTIAL DEVIATION- YEAR 2013**

<b>STATE ROAD 222 INTERSECTION</b>	<b>OVERALL INTERSECTION LEVEL OF SERVICE</b>
Interstate 75 Southbound Ramps <i>SpringHills Intersection Significance- 12.4%</i> <i>(AM Peak Period)</i>	B
Interstate 75 Northbound Ramps <i>SpringHills Intersection Significance- 16.5%</i> <i>(AM Peak Period)</i>	C
NW 92 <sup>nd</sup> Court <i>SpringHills Intersection Significance- 20.1%</i> <i>(AM Peak Period)</i>	C
NW 91 <sup>st</sup> Street <i>SpringHills Intersection Significance- 9.7%</i> <i>(AM Peak Period)</i>	A
NW 83 <sup>rd</sup> Street <i>SpringHills Intersection Significance- 7.7%</i> <i>(AM Peak Period)</i>	C
NW 83 <sup>rd</sup> Street <i>SpringHills Intersection Significance- 14.6%</i> <i>(PM Peak Period)</i>	D
NW 51 <sup>st</sup> Street <i>SpringHills Intersection Significance- 11.9%</i> <i>(PM Peak Period)</i>	D
NW 43 <sup>rd</sup> Street <i>SpringHills Intersection Significance- 5.7%</i> <i>(PM Peak Period)</i>	D
NW 34 <sup>th</sup> Street <i>SpringHills Intersection Significance- 4.6%</i> <i>(PM Peak Period)</i>	D

Source: SpringHills Second Sufficiency Review Response Question 21 Update- Transportation Considerations for SpringHills DRI Substantial Deviation Application for Development Approval February (2004) submitted February 9, 2004, Appendix 21-9.

North Central Florida Regional Planning Council staff.

TABLE 38

**TIER 4 LIST OF NEEDED MODIFICATIONS- STATE ROAD 222  
SPRINGHILLS DRI SUBSTANTIAL DEVIATION- YEAR 2013**

FACILITY	PROPOSED MODIFICATION	ALACHUA COUNTY ESTIMATED COST [IN 2006 DOLLARS]*
<b>ROADWAY MODIFICATIONS</b>		
State Road 222 (NW 39 <sup>th</sup> Avenue) Modifications identified in Table 36		-
<b>STATE ROAD 222 INTERSECTION MODIFICATIONS</b>		
NW 92 <sup>nd</sup> Court <i>SpringHills Intersection Significance- 20.5%</i> <i>(AM Peak Period)</i>	Tier 1 Modifications	-
NW 91 <sup>st</sup> Street <i>SpringHills Intersection Significance- 9.7%</i> <i>(AM Peak Period)</i>	Tier 1 Modifications	-
NW 83 <sup>rd</sup> Street <i>SpringHills Intersection Significance- 15.1%</i> <i>(PM Peak Period)</i>	Tier 1 and 2 Modifications	-
	Construct 4 thru lanes (NB- 2/SB- 2) with shared right turns ending just north of the intersection.	-
NW 51 <sup>st</sup> Street <i>SpringHills Intersection Significance- 11.6%</i> <i>(PM Peak Period)</i>	Tier 1 and 2 Modifications	-
NW 43 <sup>rd</sup> Street <i>SpringHills Intersection Significance- 6.5%</i> <i>(PM Peak Period)</i>	Tier 1 and 2 Modifications	-
	Construct 8 thru lanes (EB- 4/WB- 4) ending just east and west of the intersection.	-
	Construct 6 thru lanes (NB- 3/SB- 3) ending just north and south of the intersection.	-
NW 34 <sup>th</sup> Street <i>SpringHills Intersection Significance- 4.6%</i> <i>(PM Peak Period)</i>	Tier 1 and 2 Modifications	-
Installation of TMS equipment identified in Tier 2		\$650,000
<b>TIER 1, 2, 3 AND 4 TOTAL</b>		-

\* To be provided later by Alachua County Public Works Department staff.

## CONCLUSIONS- ASSURANCES

It is important that assurances are provided to guarantee that needed regional transportation facilities are constructed. As noted earlier, the applicant has stated that they have committed the funding for the proposed NW 98<sup>th</sup> Street Extension (NW 39<sup>th</sup> Avenue to NW 83<sup>rd</sup> Street Extension) and the NW 83<sup>rd</sup> Street Extension (NW 39<sup>th</sup> Avenue to Millhopper Road). This commitment also includes the construction of a bridge over Interstate 75 that could accommodate four (4) lanes of traffic.

The Federal Highway Administration (FHWA) must approve the construction of the East/West Extension over Interstate 75. According to a Florida Department of Transportation (FDOT) letter dated March 3, 2004:

*"We are aware that the developer made sincere efforts to commit construction of the overpass (over I-75) up front. We commend the applicant for this effort. However, the process of approving and constructing the overpass will take time and coordination effort with the FDOT and FHWA are certainly necessary. We therefore, emphasize the need to provide time certain conditions in the DO to address the commitments. Specifying the time for constructing the extension of NW 98<sup>th</sup> and NW 83<sup>rd</sup> is crucial to mitigate the impacts."*

Therefore, it is recommended that proposed transportation conditions 1.b and 1.e, as presented in the recommendations section of this report be included in the SpringHills DRI Substantial Deviation local government development order.

### **Proposed East/West Connector, Extension of NW 83<sup>rd</sup> Street and the Extension of NW 91<sup>st</sup> Street**

The Proposed East/West Connector, the Extension of NW 83<sup>rd</sup> Street and the Extension of NW 91<sup>st</sup> Street have been included in the analysis for all phases beginning with Phase II. Therefore, it is recommended that proposed transportation conditions 1.b, 1.c, 1.d, and 1.e as presented in the Recommendations section of this report be included in the SpringHills DRI Substantial Deviation local government development order.

## CONCLUSIONS- COST ESTIMATES AND PROPORTIONATE SHARE

According to page 19 of a document entitled SpringHills Development of Regional Impact Comprehensive Plan Amendment Application and Supporting Data/Analysis dated December 2004, the applicant has proposed that Alachua County amend its Comprehensive Plan to include a new policy that would allow for the use of "proportionate share. Proposed Policy 1.1.8.1.8 states:

*"Establish a proportionate fair share system specifically for the SpringHills DRI enabling*

*payment of the proportionate share cost to mitigate the adversely impacted transportation system. This proportionate fair share system shall apply only to property located within the SpringHills DRI."*

If this policy amendment is approved by Alachua County, the cost estimates that are used to calculate the applicant's proportionate share must be as accurate as possible. According to the Florida Department of Transportation, the applicant's estimated costs of modifications are underestimated.

*"the Department finds the assessed costs of the intersection improvements underestimated." Since the applicant is requesting that Alachua County approve the use of proportionate share, it is important that the costs for all needed modifications be as accurate as possible. Therefore, we recommend that Alachua County require the applicant to work with the Alachua County Public Works Department and the Florida Department of Transportation to verify all project costs before the applicant's final proportionate share is approved by Alachua County."*

Therefore, it is recommended that the transportation facilities cost estimates contained in the applicant-proposed amendments to the SpringHills DRI Substantial Deviation local government development order be updated as presented in the subsection of this report entitled, Other Development Order Recommendations.

## **IMPACTS TO LOCAL ROADWAY SEGMENTS**

Illustration X and Table 39 identify needed roadway segment modifications on the Local Road Network through the Year 2013. This includes the widening of Fort Clarke Boulevard to four lanes from NW 23<sup>rd</sup> Avenue south to Newberry Road and the widening of NW 83<sup>rd</sup> Street to four lanes from NW 39<sup>th</sup> Avenue south to NW 23<sup>rd</sup> Avenue. Also included are three needed receiving lanes for dual left turns that are identified as needed in Table 39.

## **IMPACTS TO INTERSECTIONS ON LOCAL FACILITIES**

Local intersections are analyzed based upon the peak hour directional traffic. Appendix D contains detailed intersection information for or two significantly impacted local roadways- Fort Clarke Boulevard and NW 83<sup>rd</sup> Street.

Illustration XI and Table 40 identifies the intersections on local facilities where the proposed SpringHills DRI Substantial Deviation traffic is significant (where the percent of total is equal to or greater than five percent). Table 40 also identifies the significantly and adversely affected turning movements, as well as the proposed modifications that are needed to allow these facilities to operate at the adopted level of service standard.

Table 41 lists the proposed local intersection modifications that are needed.



**SpringHills DRI Substantial Deviation - Year 2013  
Needed Roadway Modifications - Local**

**Legend**

- Widen to 4 lanes
- SpringHills DRI

**Miles**

0 0.25 0.5 1

**North Central Florida  
Regional Planning Council**

Date: June 26, 2006  
Source: Alachua County Property Appraiser and NCFRPC  
Created by: U. Garfield - NCFRPC  
GISpublicbrian\DRImaps\springhills\_L\roadmcd

**TABLE 39**

**NEEDED ROADWAY MODIFICATIONS- LOCAL  
SPRINGHILLS DRI SUBSTANTIAL DEVIATION- YEAR 2013**

<b>YEAR 2013 MODIFICATION</b>	<b>APPLICANT'S ESTIMATED TOTAL COST [IN 2002 DOLLARS]</b>	<b>ALACHUA COUNTY ESTIMATED COST [IN 2006 DOLLARS]</b>
<b>LOCAL ROADWAYS- APPLICANT-IDENTIFIED</b>		
NW 83 <sup>rd</sup> Street- NW 23 <sup>rd</sup> Avenue to NW 39 <sup>th</sup> Avenue- widen from two to four lanes	\$3,375,480	\$8,965,121*
Fort Clark Boulevard- State Road 26 (Newberry Road) to NW 23 <sup>rd</sup> Avenue- widen from two to four lanes	\$3,713,028	\$9,354,642*

\* Does not include right-of-way (ROW) for drainage or minor ROW acquisition at intersection corners.

Source: SpringHills Second Sufficiency Review Response Question 21 Update-  
Transportation Considerations For the SpringHills DRI Substantial Deviation  
Application for Development Approval February 2004 (Volume 2) submitted  
February 9, 2004, page 21.46.

Alachua County Public Works Department Staff.

\\Marlie\public\MS06\DRI\Springhills\local\_roadways additional ncfrpc-identifiedMODreg.wpd

[illegible]

TABLE 40

**INTERSECTIONS ON SIGNIFICANTLY IMPACTED ROADWAYS- LOCAL  
SPRINGHILLS DRI SUBSTANTIAL DEVIATION- YEAR 2013**

INTERSECTION	TOTAL INTERSECTION CAPACITY	TOTAL DRI INTERSECTION VOLUME	PERCENT OF TOTAL	SIGNIFICANTLY AND ADVERSELY AFFECTED TURN MOVEMENTS	REQUIRED MODIFICATIONS
NW 23 <sup>rd</sup> Ave at NW 98 <sup>th</sup> St	3,558	721	20.3%	WBTR and SBL.	Add WBL (Dual).
NW 23 <sup>rd</sup> Ave at Ft. Clarke Blvd	5,056	329	6.5%	None.	No modifications required.
NW 23 <sup>rd</sup> Ave at NW 83 <sup>rd</sup> St	4,028	248	6.2%	EBL, SBL, and SBR.	Add EBL (Dual), SBL (Dual), and SBR (Dual).
NW 23 <sup>rd</sup> Ave at NW 55 <sup>th</sup> St	4,682	107	2.3%	None.	No modifications required.
NW 39 <sup>th</sup> Ave at NW 98 <sup>th</sup> St	5,652	898	17.1%	EBL.	Add NBR.
Millhopper Road at NW 83 <sup>rd</sup> St Ext	2,951	226	7.7%	None.	No modifications required.

Source: SpringHills Second Sufficiency Review Response Question 21 Update- Transportation Considerations for SpringHills DRI Substantial Deviation Application for Development Approval February (2004) submitted February 9, 2004, Appendix 21-9 and NCFRPC Staff.

TABLE 41

**REQUIRED INTERSECTION MODIFICATIONS- LOCAL ROADS  
SPRINGHILLS DRI SUBSTANTIAL DEVIATION- YEAR 2013**

<b>INTERSECTION</b>	<b>REQUIRED MODIFICATIONS</b>	<b>ALACHUA COUNTY ESTIMATED COST [IN 2006 DOLLARS] *</b>
<b>APPLICANT/NCFRPC IDENTIFIED MODIFICATIONS</b>		
State Road 222 at NW 92 <sup>nd</sup> Court <i>Significant and Adverse Movements: SBL and SBR.</i>	Add EBR	-
	Add WBR	-
	Reconstruct intersection with mast arms	\$125,000
State Road 222 at NW 91 <sup>st</sup> Street <i>Significant and Adverse Movement: SBL</i>	Add EBR	-
	Add WBR	-
	Reconstruct intersection with mast arms	\$250,000
State Road 222 at NW 83 <sup>rd</sup> Street <i>Significant and Adverse Movements: SBL and SBTR</i>	Add EBR	-
	Add WBR	-
	Add NBL (Dual)	-
	Reconstruct intersection with mast arms	\$250,000
State Road 222 at NW 51 <sup>st</sup> Street <i>Significant and Adverse Movements: NBL</i>	Add EBR	-
	Reconstruct intersection with mast arms	\$250,000

\* To be provided later by Alachua County Public Works Department staff.

**Table 41 is continued on the next page.**

TABLE 41 Continued

INTERSECTION	REQUIRED MODIFICATIONS	ALACHUA COUNTY ESTIMATED COST [IN 2006 DOLLARS]*
<b>ADDITIONAL NCFRPC IDENTIFIED MODIFICATIONS</b>		
State Road 26 at NW 69 <sup>th</sup> Terrace <i>Significant and Adverse Movement: SBR</i>	Add SBR (Dual)	-
State Road 26 at Oaks Mall <i>Significant and Adverse Movements: NBLT</i>	Insufficient right-of-way to address deficiencies.	Costs cannot be determined.
NW 23 <sup>rd</sup> Avenue at NW 98 <sup>th</sup> Street <i>Significant and Adverse Movement: WBL</i>	Add WBL (Dual)	-
	Southbound receiving lane for WBL (Dual)	-
State Road 222 at NW 83 <sup>rd</sup> Street <i>Significant and Adverse Movements: SBL and SBTR</i>	Add NBR	-
	Add SBL (Dual)	-
	Add SBR	-
State Road 222 at NW 51 <sup>st</sup> Street <i>Significant and Adverse Movements: NBL</i>	Add NBL (Dual)	-
<b>TOTAL</b>		-

\* To be provided later by Alachua County Public Works Department staff.

Source: SpringHills Second Sufficiency Review Response Question 21 Update-Transportation Considerations for SpringHills DRI Substantial Deviation Application for Development Approval February (2004) submitted February 9, 2004, Appendix 21-9.

North Central Florida Regional Planning Council, City of Gainesville Public Works Department, and Alachua County Public Works Department staff.

## **IMPACT ON HOUSING OF THE REGION**

### **APPLICABLE REGIONAL GOALS/POLICIES**

**REGIONAL GOAL 1.1.** Reduce the percentage of the region's very low-, low-, and moderate-income households spending 30.0 percent or more of their annual household income on housing.

**Policy 1.1.1.** Encourage the development of policies within local government comprehensive plans which provide incentives or otherwise provide for the construction of affordable housing units in a manner which results in a dispersal of affordable housing units throughout the urban areas of the local government's jurisdiction.

**Policy 1.1.8.** Encourage the use of the East Central Florida Housing Methodology in lieu of the Adequate Housing Standard Rule 9J-2.048, FAC, for the determination of adequate (affordable) housing demand and supply in the review of developments of regional impact.

### **APPLICANT COMMITMENTS**

None.

### **SUMMARY OF IMPACTS**

As per Rule 9J-2.048, Florida Administrative Code, and The East Central Florida Regional Planning Council Housing Methodology, published June 1999, the direct impacts of Phase II of the SpringHills DRI Substantial Deviation will create a significant affordable housing impact of 206 dwelling units affordable to households of various salary income ranges identified as very low-income households. This significant impact can be mitigated in accordance with Rule 0J-2.048, Florida Administrative Code, and The East Central Florida Regional Planning Council Housing Methodology, published June 1999, by deleting the Applicant's proposed affordable housing condition (Condition H) from the amended local government development order and replacing it with the affordable housing condition contained in the Recommendations section of this report.

### **IMPACT DETERMINATION**

The Applicant's proposed amendments to the SpringHills DRI local government development order deletes Condition 7 addressing affordable housing, and replaces it with Condition H, which reads as follows:

#### **H. Condition: Housing**

- (1) As part of the ADA process, the Applicant has determined, using the ECFRPC's affordable housing demand, supply, and need methodology (Fishkind 2003) that the affordable housing demand is met by offsite for-sale and rental units. Therefore, no onsite mitigation will be necessary.

[page left blank intentionally]



## **APPENDIX A**

### **SPRINGHILLS DRI SUBSTANTIAL DEVIATION** **SIGNIFICANCE TESTING** **STATE ROAD 26 (NEWBERRY ROAD)**

[page left blank intentionally]

**SpringHills Significance Testing - State Road 26 (Newberry Road) PM PEAK**

		No Modifications						Modifications					
		Lane Capacity	Movement	LOS	SpringHills Trips	SpringHills Significance	Lane Capacity	Movement	LOS	SpringHills Trips	SpringHills Significance	Modifications Added	
SW 122nd Street	EB												No Modifications needed. SpringHills does not represent a significant percentage of the total intersection capacity, nor are any movements operating below the adopted LOS.
		Left	87	B	0	0.00%							
		Thru											
		Right	2,264	B	111	4.90%							
					0								
	WB												
		Left	418	D	19	4.55%							
		Thru											
		Right	2,983	A	112	3.75%							
					0								
	NB												
		Left	56	D	0	0.00%							
		Thru											
		Right	56	D	19	33.93%							
					0								
	SB												
		Left			0								
		Thru	56	D	0	0.00%							
		Right			0								
	TOTAL	5,920	B	261	4.41%								

										Add EBL (Dual), WBR, SBL.	
		Lane Capacity	Movement	LOS	SpringHills Trips	SpringHills Significance	Lane Capacity	Movement	LOS	SpringHills Trips	SpringHills Significance
NW 98th Street	EB		Left		450	F	143	31.78%	D	143	20.75%
			Thru				0		B	0	0.00%
			Right		2,300	B	0	0.00%		0	
	WB										
			Left		290	C	0	0.00%	E	0	0.00%
			Thru						D	0	0.00%
			Right		1,624	F	18	1.11%	C	18	2.56%
	NB										
			Left				0		D	0	0.00%
			Thru		106	E	0	0.00%	D	0	
			Right				0			0	
	SB										
			Left		238	E	10	8.40%	D	10	3.03%
			Thru				10		C	10	2.18%
			Right		211	F	145	68.72%	D	145	37.18%
	TOTAL				5,219	F	326	6.25%	D	326	5.08%

**SpringHills Significance Testing - State Road 26 (Newberry Road) PM PEAK**

				No Modifications				Modifications					
				Lane Capacity	Movement LOS	SpringHills Trips	SpringHills Significance	Lane Capacity	Movement LOS	SpringHills Trips	SpringHills Significance	Modifications Added	
I-75 SB Ramps	EB						Not Analyzed by SpringHills DRI					The intersection was not analyzed by SpringHills DRI. Sufficient Right-of-Way may not exist to address deficiencies to East-West movements.	
		Left		88	E								
		Thru		2,761	E								
		Right											
	WB												
		Left		413	E								
		Thru		3,755	A								
		Right											
	NB												
		Left		185	F								
		Thru		185	F								
		Right		253	E								
	SB												
		Left											
		Thru		140	E								
	Right												
	TOTAL		7,780	F									
I-75 NB Off Ramp	EB											Add NBL (Dual) and NBR (Dual)	
		Thru		2,848	A		18	0.63%	3,543	A	18		0.51%
	WB												
		Thru		2,848	F		501	17.59%	3,543	A	501		14.14%
	NB												
		Left		684	F		3	0.44%	864	E	3		0.35%
		Right		612	E		0	0.00%	701	E	0		0.00%
		TOTAL		6,992	E		522	7.47%	8,651	B	522		6.03%
I-75 NB On Ramp	EB											Insufficient ROW to address deficiencies to East/West Movements. No modifications proposed	
		Left		378	F		91	24.07%	376	F	91		24.20%
		Thru		5,085	A		411	8.08%	5,085	A	411		8.08%
	WB												
		Thru		3,794	A		18	0.47%	3,803	A	18		0.47%
		Right					0				0		
	TOTAL		9,257	D		520	5.62%	9,264	A	520	5.61%		

**SpringHills Significance Testing - State Road 26 (Newberry Road) PM PEAK**

		No Modifications						Modifications							
		Movement		SpringHills		SpringHills Trips	SpringHills Significance	Movement		SpringHills		SpringHills Trips	SpringHills Significance	Modifications Added	
		Lane Capacity	LOS	Lane Capacity	LOS			Lane Capacity	LOS						
NW 69th Terrace	EB														Add WBR and SBR (Dual)
		Left	203	F		35	17.24%	185	F		35	18.92%			
		Thru	3,137	B		407	12.97%	3,101	B		407	13.12%			
		Right				0					0				
	WB														
		Left	191	C		0	0.00%	185	D		0	0.00%			
		Thru	3,107	E		403	12.97%	3,117	D		403	12.93%			
		Right				0		970	A		0	0.00%			
	NB														
		Left	139	E		0	0.00%	156	E		0	0.00%			
		Thru	348	D		0	0.00%				0				
		Right				0		368	D		0	0.00%			
	SB														
		Left	250	F		0	0.00%	265	F		0	0.00%			
		Thru				0					0				
		Right	348	F		35	10.06%	647	D		35	5.41%			
		TOTAL	7,723	D		880	11.39%	8,994	D		880	9.78%			

Insufficient ROW to address deficiencies.												
Oaks Mall	EB											
		Left	142	F		0	0.00%	148	F		0	0.00%
		Thru	2,925	B		344	11.76%	2,959	B		344	11.63%
		Right				0					0	
	WB											
		Left	94	F		0	0.00%	91	F		0	0.00%
		Thru	2,839	D		183	6.45%	2,845	C		183	6.43%
		Right				0					0	
	NB											
		Left	349	D		79	22.64%	345	E		79	22.90%
		Left/Thru	358	F		79	22.07%	353	F		79	22.38%
		Right	443	D		0	0.00%	439	D		0	0.00%
	SB											
		Left	153	E		0	0.00%	149	E		0	0.00%
		Thru				0					0	
		Right	232	E		0	0.00%	235	E		0	0.00%
		TOTAL	7 535	D		685	9.09%	7 564	D		685	9.06%

**SpringHills Significance Testing - State Road 26 (Newberry Road) PM PEAK**

		No Modifications					Modifications					
		Lane Capacity	Movement	SpringHills Trips	SpringHills Significance	Lane Capacity	Movement	SpringHills Trips	SpringHills Significance			
		Modifications Added										
NW 66th Street (North Central Florida Regional Medical Center Entrance)	EB									Insufficient ROW to address deficiencies.		
		Left	191	E		64	33.51%	187	E		64	34.22%
		Thru	3,085	A		343	11.12%	3,084	A		343	11.12%
		Right	960	A		0	0.00%	960	A		0	0.00%
	WB											
		Left	215	E		0	0.00%	222	E		0	0.00%
		Thru	3,138	C		340	10.83%	3,167	C		340	10.74%
		Right				0					0	
	NB											
		Left	260	E		0	0.00%	258	E		0	0.00%
		Thru	358	D		0	0.00%	356	D		0	0.00%
		Right	304	D		0	0.00%	302	D		0	0.00%
	SB											
		Left	524	E		0	0.00%	521	E		0	0.00%
		Thru	358	D		0	0.00%	356	D		0	0.00%
		Right				0					0	
	TOTAL	9,393	C		747	7.95%	9,413	C	747	7.94%		

## **APPENDIX B**

### **SPRINGHILLS DRI SUBSTANTIAL DEVIATION SIGNIFICANCE TESTING STATE ROAD 222 (NW 39<sup>TH</sup> AVENUE)**

[page left blank intentionally]



SpringHills Significance Testing - State Road 222 (NW 39th Avenue) AM PEAK

		SpringHills Significance Testing - State Road 222 (NW 39th Avenue) AM PEAK										Tier I Modifications										Tier II Modifications										Tier III										Tier IV																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																					
		Without SpringHills LOS		No Modifications		SpringHills Significance		Movement		Lane Capacity		SpringHills Significance		Movement		Lane Capacity		SpringHills Significance		Movement		Lane Capacity		SpringHills Significance		Movement		Lane Capacity		SpringHills Significance		Movement		Lane Capacity		SpringHills Significance		Movement		Lane Capacity		SpringHills Significance		Movement		Lane Capacity		SpringHills Significance		Movement		Lane Capacity		SpringHills Significance		Movement		Lane Capacity		SpringHills Significance		Movement		Lane Capacity		SpringHills Significance		Movement		Lane Capacity		SpringHills Significance		Movement		Lane Capacity		SpringHills Significance		Movement		Lane Capacity		SpringHills Significance		Movement		Lane Capacity		SpringHills Significance		Movement		Lane Capacity		SpringHills Significance		Movement		Lane Capacity		SpringHills Significance		Movement		Lane Capacity		SpringHills Significance		Movement		Lane Capacity		SpringHills Significance		Movement		Lane Capacity		SpringHills Significance		Movement		Lane Capacity		SpringHills Significance		Movement		Lane Capacity		SpringHills Significance		Movement		Lane Capacity		SpringHills Significance		Movement		Lane Capacity		SpringHills Significance		Movement		Lane Capacity		SpringHills Significance		Movement		Lane Capacity		SpringHills Significance		Movement		Lane Capacity		SpringHills Significance		Movement		Lane Capacity		SpringHills Significance		Movement		Lane Capacity		SpringHills Significance		Movement		Lane Capacity		SpringHills Significance		Movement		Lane Capacity		SpringHills Significance		Movement		Lane Capacity		SpringHills Significance		Movement		Lane Capacity		SpringHills Significance		Movement		Lane Capacity		SpringHills Significance		Movement		Lane Capacity		SpringHills Significance		Movement		Lane Capacity		SpringHills Significance		Movement		Lane Capacity		SpringHills Significance		Movement		Lane Capacity		SpringHills Significance		Movement		Lane Capacity		SpringHills Significance		Movement		Lane Capacity		SpringHills Significance		Movement		Lane Capacity		SpringHills Significance		Movement		Lane Capacity		SpringHills Significance		Movement		Lane Capacity		SpringHills Significance		Movement		Lane Capacity		SpringHills Significance		Movement		Lane Capacity		SpringHills Significance		Movement		Lane Capacity		SpringHills Significance		Movement		Lane Capacity		SpringHills Significance		Movement		Lane Capacity		SpringHills Significance		Movement		Lane Capacity		SpringHills Significance		Movement		Lane Capacity		SpringHills Significance		Movement		Lane Capacity		SpringHills Significance		Movement		Lane Capacity		SpringHills Significance		Movement		Lane Capacity		SpringHills Significance		Movement		Lane Capacity		SpringHills Significance		Movement		Lane Capacity		SpringHills Significance		Movement		Lane Capacity		SpringHills Significance		Movement		Lane Capacity		SpringHills Significance		Movement		Lane Capacity		SpringHills Significance		Movement		Lane Capacity		SpringHills Significance		Movement		Lane Capacity		SpringHills Significance		Movement		Lane Capacity		SpringHills Significance		Movement		Lane Capacity		SpringHills Significance		Movement		Lane Capacity		SpringHills Significance		Movement		Lane Capacity		SpringHills Significance		Movement		Lane Capacity		SpringHills Significance		Movement		Lane Capacity		SpringHills Significance		Movement		Lane Capacity		SpringHills Significance		Movement		Lane Capacity		SpringHills Significance		Movement		Lane Capacity		SpringHills Significance		Movement		Lane Capacity		SpringHills Significance		Movement		Lane Capacity		SpringHills Significance		Movement		Lane Capacity		SpringHills Significance		Movement		Lane Capacity		SpringHills Significance		Movement		Lane Capacity		SpringHills Significance		Movement		Lane Capacity		SpringHills Significance		Movement		Lane Capacity		SpringHills Significance		Movement		Lane Capacity		SpringHills Significance		Movement		Lane Capacity		SpringHills Significance		Movement		Lane Capacity		SpringHills Significance		Movement		Lane Capacity		SpringHills Significance		Movement		Lane Capacity		SpringHills Significance		Movement		Lane Capacity		SpringHills Significance		Movement		Lane Capacity		SpringHills Significance		Movement		Lane Capacity		SpringHills Significance		Movement		Lane Capacity		SpringHills Significance		Movement		Lane Capacity		SpringHills Significance		Movement		Lane Capacity		SpringHills Significance		Movement		Lane Capacity		SpringHills Significance		Movement		Lane Capacity		SpringHills Significance		Movement		Lane Capacity		SpringHills Significance		Movement		Lane Capacity		SpringHills Significance		Movement		Lane Capacity		SpringHills Significance		Movement		Lane Capacity		SpringHills Significance		Movement		Lane Capacity		SpringHills Significance		Movement		Lane Capacity		SpringHills Significance		Movement		Lane Capacity		SpringHills Significance		Movement		Lane Capacity		SpringHills Significance		Movement		Lane Capacity		SpringHills Significance		Movement		Lane Capacity		SpringHills Significance		Movement		Lane Capacity		SpringHills Significance		Movement		Lane Capacity		SpringHills Significance		Movement		Lane Capacity		SpringHills Significance		Movement		Lane Capacity		SpringHills Significance		Movement		Lane Capacity		SpringHills Significance		Movement		Lane Capacity		SpringHills Significance		Movement		Lane Capacity		SpringHills Significance		Movement		Lane Capacity		SpringHills Significance		Movement		Lane Capacity		SpringHills Significance		Movement		Lane Capacity		SpringHills Significance		Movement		Lane Capacity		SpringHills Significance		Movement		Lane Capacity		SpringHills Significance		Movement		Lane Capacity		SpringHills Significance		Movement		Lane Capacity		SpringHills Significance		Movement		Lane Capacity		SpringHills Significance		Movement		Lane Capacity		SpringHills Significance		Movement		Lane Capacity		SpringHills Significance		Movement		Lane Capacity		SpringHills Significance		Movement		Lane Capacity		SpringHills Significance		Movement		Lane Capacity		SpringHills Significance		Movement		Lane Capacity		SpringHills Significance		Movement		Lane Capacity		SpringHills Significance		Movement		Lane Capacity		SpringHills Significance		Movement		Lane Capacity		SpringHills Significance		Movement		Lane Capacity		SpringHills Significance		Movement		Lane Capacity		SpringHills Significance		Movement		Lane Capacity		SpringHills Significance		Movement		Lane Capacity		SpringHills Significance		Movement		Lane Capacity		SpringHills Significance		Movement		Lane Capacity		SpringHills Significance		Movement		Lane Capacity		SpringHills Significance		Movement		Lane Capacity		SpringHills Significance		Movement		Lane Capacity		SpringHills Significance		Movement		Lane Capacity		SpringHills Significance		Movement		Lane Capacity		SpringHills Significance		Movement		Lane Capacity		SpringHills Significance		Movement		Lane Capacity		SpringHills Significance		Movement		Lane Capacity		SpringHills Significance		Movement		Lane Capacity		SpringHills Significance		Movement		Lane Capacity		SpringHills Significance		Movement		Lane Capacity		SpringHills Significance		Movement		Lane Capacity		SpringHills Significance		Movement		Lane Capacity		SpringHills Significance		Movement		Lane Capacity		SpringHills Significance		Movement		Lane Capacity		SpringHills Significance		Movement		Lane Capacity		SpringHills Significance		Movement		Lane Capacity		SpringHills Significance		Movement		Lane Capacity		SpringHills Significance		Movement		Lane Capacity		SpringHills Significance		Movement		Lane Capacity		SpringHills Significance		Movement		Lane Capacity		SpringHills Significance		Movement		Lane Capacity		SpringHills Significance		Movement		Lane Capacity		SpringHills Significance		Movement		Lane Capacity		SpringHills Significance		Movement		Lane Capacity		SpringHills Significance		Movement		Lane Capacity		SpringHills Significance		Movement		Lane Capacity		SpringHills Significance		Movement		Lane Capacity		SpringHills Significance		Movement		Lane Capacity		SpringHills Significance		Movement		Lane Capacity		SpringHills Significance		Movement		Lane Capacity		SpringHills Significance		Movement		Lane Capacity		SpringHills Significance		Movement		Lane Capacity		SpringHills Significance		Movement		Lane Capacity		SpringHills Significance		Movement		Lane Capacity		SpringHills Significance		Movement		Lane Capacity		SpringHills Significance		Movement		Lane Capacity		SpringHills Significance		Movement		Lane Capacity		SpringHills Significance		Movement		Lane Capacity		SpringHills Significance		Movement		Lane Capacity		SpringHills Significance		Movement		Lane Capacity		SpringHills Significance		Movement	

\* Volumes tested do not included the 37.5% reduction in background traffic to reduce double counting that may be associated with the SpringHills DRI.

\\BW-laplopintrpc\DRS\SpringHills\SUMMARY OF ANALYSIS\_july06.xls

SpringHills Significance Testing - State Road 222 (NW 39th Avenue) PM PEAK																				
Without SpringHills				Tier II Modifications				Tier III				Tier IV								
LOS*		Lane Capacity	Movement	SpringHills Significance	Trips	Lane Capacity	Movement	SpringHills Significance	Trips	Lane Capacity	Movement	SpringHills Significance	Trips	SpringHills Significance						
NW 83rd St	EB	Left	-	204	D	58	215	D	58	217	D	26.73%	58	299	D	18.77%	58			
		Thru	E	1,285	F	391	1,370	F	391	1,460	F	26.24%	391	1,970	C	19.90%	391			
		Right	-	-	-	82	-	-	82	667	A	12.28%	82	691	B	11.87%	82			
	WB	Left	F	403	C	0	472	F	0	576	F	0.00%	0	806	E	0.00%	0			
		Thru	A	1,091	C	359	1,648	D	359	1,853	C	19.27%	359	2,441	B	14.71%	359			
		Right	-	-	-	41	-	-	41	633	B	5.28%	41	653	B	5.16%	41			
	NB	Left	F	270	F	67	270	F	67	398	F	16.83%	67	446	E	15.02%	67			
		Thru	-	309	F	101	330	F	101	353	D	28.61%	101	373	D	27.08%	101			
		Right	D	-	-	1	-	-	1	300	F	0.35%	1	317	F	0.32%	1			
		TOTAL	-	204	F	41	21.57%	204	F	41	181	F	24.31%	41	239	F	18.41%	41		
NW 51st St	EB	Left	-	262	F	103	284	F	103	235	E	48.81%	103	260	E	38.46%	103			
		Thru	-	57	-	57	-	-	57	200	D	25.35%	57	222	D	25.66%	57			
		Right	E	4,628	F	1,307	4,793	F	1,307	7,315	E	17.87%	1,307	8,458	E	15.45%	1,307			
		TOTAL	-	160	D	0	0.00%	160	D	0	155	D	0.00%	160	179	D	0.00%	160		
		Thru	C	1,736	E	296	1,822	E	296	1,772	D	16.70%	296	2,248	D	17.75%	296			
		Right	D	-	-	103	-	-	103	793	C	12.99%	103	103	D	10.00%	103			
	WB	Left	E	390	E	0	412	D	0	425	D	0.00%	0	479	B	0.00%	0			
		Thru	A	2,216	A	292	2,350	A	292	2,298	A	12.71%	292	3,115	A	9.37%	292			
		Right	-	-	-	0	-	-	0	2,298	A	0.00%	0	3,115	A	0.00%	0			
		TOTAL	-	312	F	103	32.69%	312	F	103	359	F	28.41%	103	343	F	28.41%	103		
NW 43rd Street	EB	Left	F	249	D	0	187	F	0	208	F	0.00%	0	198	E	0.00%	0			
		Thru	-	-	-	0	-	-	0	103	F	0.00%	0	123	F	0.00%	0			
		Right	F	146	F	0	100	F	0	103	F	0.00%	0	123	F	0.00%	0			
		Thru	-	95	F	0	116	F	0	133	F	0.00%	0	150	E	0.00%	0			
		Right	F	5,304	E	793	5,488	D	793	5,246	D	14.45%	793	6,841	C	11.59%	793			
		TOTAL	-	579	F	33	5.70%	579	F	33	598	F	5.62%	33	687	F	4.80%	33		
		Thru	D	1,416	C	205	1,416	C	205	1,486	C	14.48%	205	1,807	C	11.34%	205			
		Right	B	633	A	57	9.00%	633	A	57	633	A	9.00%	57	563	B	10.12%	57		
	WB	Left	E	386	F	0	386	F	0	399	F	0.00%	0	470	E	0.00%	0			
		Thru	F	1,217	F	203	1,217	F	203	1,688%	1,210	F	16.78%	203	1,466	F	13.68%	203		
NW 34th Street	EB	Left	D	544	C	0	544	C	0	541	E	0.00%	0	463	E	0.00%	0			
		Thru	-	-	-	0	-	-	0	332	F	17.17%	398	F	14.39%	418	F	13.64%	57	
		Right	F	301	C	57	18.94%	301	F	57	332	F	17.17%	398	F	14.39%	418	F	13.64%	57
		Thru	F	1,052	F	0	1,052	F	0	1,119	F	0.00%	0	1,143	F	0.00%	0	0.00%	0	
		Right	E	475	F	0	475	F	0	500	E	0.00%	511	D	0.00%	427	E	0.00%	0	
	NB	Left	F	201	F	0	201	F	0	221	F	0.00%	211	F	0.00%	269	F	0.00%	0	
		Thru	E	863	F	0	863	F	0	1,053	F	0.00%	853	D	0.00%	1,150	D	0.00%	0	
		Right	E	366	F	32	8.23%	366	F	32	449	F	7.13%	426	F	7.51%	358	E	0.00%	0
		TOTAL	-	8,653	F	597	7.28%	8,653	F	597	8,423	F	6.97%	9,016	F	6.51%	10,290	D	5.10%	987
	NW 34th Street	EB	Left	F	337	F	15	386	F	15	389	F	3.89%	491	E	3.05%	491	E	3.05%	15
		Thru	C	1,453	D	117	1,410	E	117	1,345	D	8.70%	1,441	C	8.12%	1,441	C	8.12%	117	
		Right	-	-	-	41	-	-	41	602	C	6.81%	644	B	5.37%	644	B	5.37%	41	
WB		Left	E	228	F	0	198	F	0	236	F	0.00%	264	F	0.00%	264	F	0.00%	0	
		Thru	F	1,265	F	116	1,440	F	116	1,416	F	8.19%	1,734	D	6.69%	1,734	D	6.69%	116	
		Right	-	-	-	0	-	-	0	633	C	0.00%	540	C	0.00%	540	C	0.00%	0	
NB		Left	F	292	F	40	343	F	40	354	F	11.39%	453	D	8.83%	453	D	8.83%	40	
		Thru	F	466	F	0	766	E	0	1,113	D	0.00%	970	C	0.00%	970	C	0.00%	0	
		Right	-	395	C	0	-	-	0	1,113	D	0.00%	970	C	0.00%	970	C	0.00%	0	
		TOTAL	-	182	D	0	172	D	0	183	D	0.00%	189	D	0.00%	189	D	0.00%	0	
NW 34th Street	EB	Left	D	349	F	0	326	F	0	335	F	0.00%	397	E	0.00%	397	E	0.00%	0	
		Thru	-	297	C	15	5.05%	277	C	15	5.28%	329	C	4.56%	329	C	4.56%	15		
		Right	E	5,263	F	344	5,319	F	344	6,691	F	4.99%	7,442	D	4.62%	7,442	D	4.62%	344	
		TOTAL	-	5,263	F	344	5,319	F	344	6,691	F	4.99%	7,442	D	4.62%	7,442	D	4.62%	344	

## **APPENDIX C**

### **STATE ROAD 222 (NW 39<sup>TH</sup> AVENUE) DESCRIPTION AND ILLUSTRATION OF TIER 1 AND TIER 2 MODIFICATIONS**

Source: City of Gainesville Public Works Department

[page left blank intentionally]

## **NW 39<sup>th</sup> Avenue Intersection Modifications – Springhills DRI**

The Springhills DRI will require intersection modifications at the signalized intersections on NW 39<sup>th</sup> Avenue (State Road 222) from NW 34<sup>th</sup> Street to NW 98<sup>th</sup> Street. These modifications fall into two categories:

1. Addition of left and/or right turn lanes and traffic signal reconstruction
2. Traffic Management System construction

### **Addition of Left and/or Right Turn Lanes and Traffic Signal Reconstruction**

The following is a list of intersection modifications on NW 39<sup>th</sup> Avenue from NW 34<sup>th</sup> Street to NW 98<sup>th</sup> Street. The modifications are classified as Tier 1 and Tier 2, which are defined as follows:

- Tier 1 Modifications – Modifications that can be constructed within the existing curb line for curb and gutter street sections or pavement can be added and roadside swales reworked for non curb and gutter street sections. Tier 1 modifications require no (or minimal) right of way acquisitions, utility relocations and landscape removal. Also, Tier 1 modifications do not have any impact on businesses/residences adjacent to the street. Tier 1 modifications typically would not require relocation of traffic signal poles. However, the addition of traffic signal heads and/or signs on existing span wire and/or mast arm installations will require a structural review of the poles at each intersection. Replacement of traffic signal poles for Tier 1 improvements is not included in the cost estimates for this analysis. However, the replacement of traffic signal poles could be required in order to actually construct a Tier 1 improvement.
- Tier 2 Modifications – Modifications that require right of way acquisitions, utility relocations, landscape removals and will impact adjacent businesses/residences. Tier 2 modifications would typically require relocation of the curb and gutter and possibility storm drainage relocations. Also, Tier 2 modifications could be constructed in conjunction with new roadway construction at the intersection. Tier 2 modifications include all traffic signal modifications including replacement of concrete strain and mast arm poles. Any traffic signal reconstruction must meet Metropolitan Transportation Planning Organization design standards and traffic signal control equipment must be upgraded to Traffic Management System standards.

### **NW 34<sup>th</sup> Street**

Tier 1:

- EB dual lefts (need to provide 2<sup>nd</sup> NB receiving lane)
- SB dual lefts
- NB dual lefts + shared through/right or NB single left + single through + single shared through/right

Tier 2:

- EB right turn lane
- WB right turn lane
- Reconstruct traffic signal with mast arms, add \$250,000 to intersection construction costs

#### NW 43<sup>rd</sup> Street

##### Tier 1:

- SB right turn lane – increase length of existing bay by 100 – 150 feet

##### Tier 2:

- NB dual lefts
- SB dual lefts
- Reconstruct traffic signal with mast arms, add \$250,000 to intersection reconstruction costs

#### NW 51<sup>st</sup> Street

##### Tier 1:

- NB dual lefts

##### Tier 2:

- EB right turn lane, 150 ft bay
- Reconstruct traffic signal with mast arms, add \$250,000 to intersection reconstruction costs

#### NW 83<sup>rd</sup> Street

##### Tier 1:

- EB dual lefts (requires new street construction on north side of intersection)
- WB dual lefts (need to provide 2<sup>nd</sup> SB receiving lane)

##### Tier 2:

- NB dual lefts
- SB dual lefts (requires new street construction on north side of intersection)
- EB/WB/NB/SB right turn lanes
- Reconstruct traffic signal with mast arms, add \$250,000 to intersection reconstruction costs

#### NW 91<sup>st</sup> Street

Note – all modifications require elimination of NB/SB traffic signal split phasing

##### Tier 1:

- NB dual lefts
- NB shared through + right
- SB dual lefts

##### Tier 2:

- EB right turn lane
- WB right turn lane
- Reconstruct traffic signal with mast arms, add \$250,000 to intersection reconstruction costs

#### NW 92<sup>nd</sup> Court

##### Tier 1:

- EB dual lefts
- WB dual lefts
- Replace 2 mast arm poles, add \$125,000 to intersection reconstruction costs

Tier 2:

- WB right turn lane
- EB right turn lane
- Reconstruct traffic signal with 4 new mast arm poles, add \$250,000 to intersection reconstruction costs (if intersection reconstructed, the tier 1 costs would be included in the \$250,000, the costs are not added together)

I – 75 NB Off Ramps

No modifications practical

I – 75 SB Off Ramps

No modifications practical

NW 98<sup>th</sup> Street

Tier 1:

- EB dual lefts (requires new road construction on north side of intersection)
- WB dual lefts (requires 2<sup>nd</sup> SB receiving lane)
- Replace 1 mast arm poles, add \$50,000 to intersection reconstruction costs

Tier 2

- NB dual lefts
- SB dual lefts (requires new road construction on north side of intersection)
- EB/WB/NB/SB right turn lanes
- Reconstruct traffic signal with 3 new mast arm poles, add \$200,000 to intersection reconstruction costs (if intersection reconstructed, the tier 1 costs would be included in the \$200,000, the costs are not added together)

*Traffic Management System Construction*

In November of 2005, the Metropolitan Transportation Planning Organization approved the Year 2025 Livable Community Reinvestment Plan – Cost Feasible Plan. The top ranked project in the Year 2025 Plan was the Gainesville Traffic Management System (TMS). The primary goals of the TMS are to move traffic effectively, facilitate congestion management and assist with incident management. The TMS will be implemented along the major highway corridors throughout the Gainesville urban area.

There are two key components for construction and operation of the TMS:

1. Traffic signal controllers and cabinets – All intersections in the highway corridor must operate with TMS approved controllers and cabinets. If any traffic signal is reconstructed, the reconstruction includes installation of the TMS control equipment. In order to maintain traffic signal coordination through the corridor, all the intersections in the corridor must operate with TMS control equipment, changing just one intersection requires changing all the intersections in the corridor. (The existing traffic control equipment is outdated technology and cannot communicate with the new TMS technology.) For the Springhills DRI, any Tier 2 improvements that involve reconstruction of a traffic signal will require installation of the TMS control equipment at that intersection. Therefore, the installation of TMS control equipment at any single intersection will require

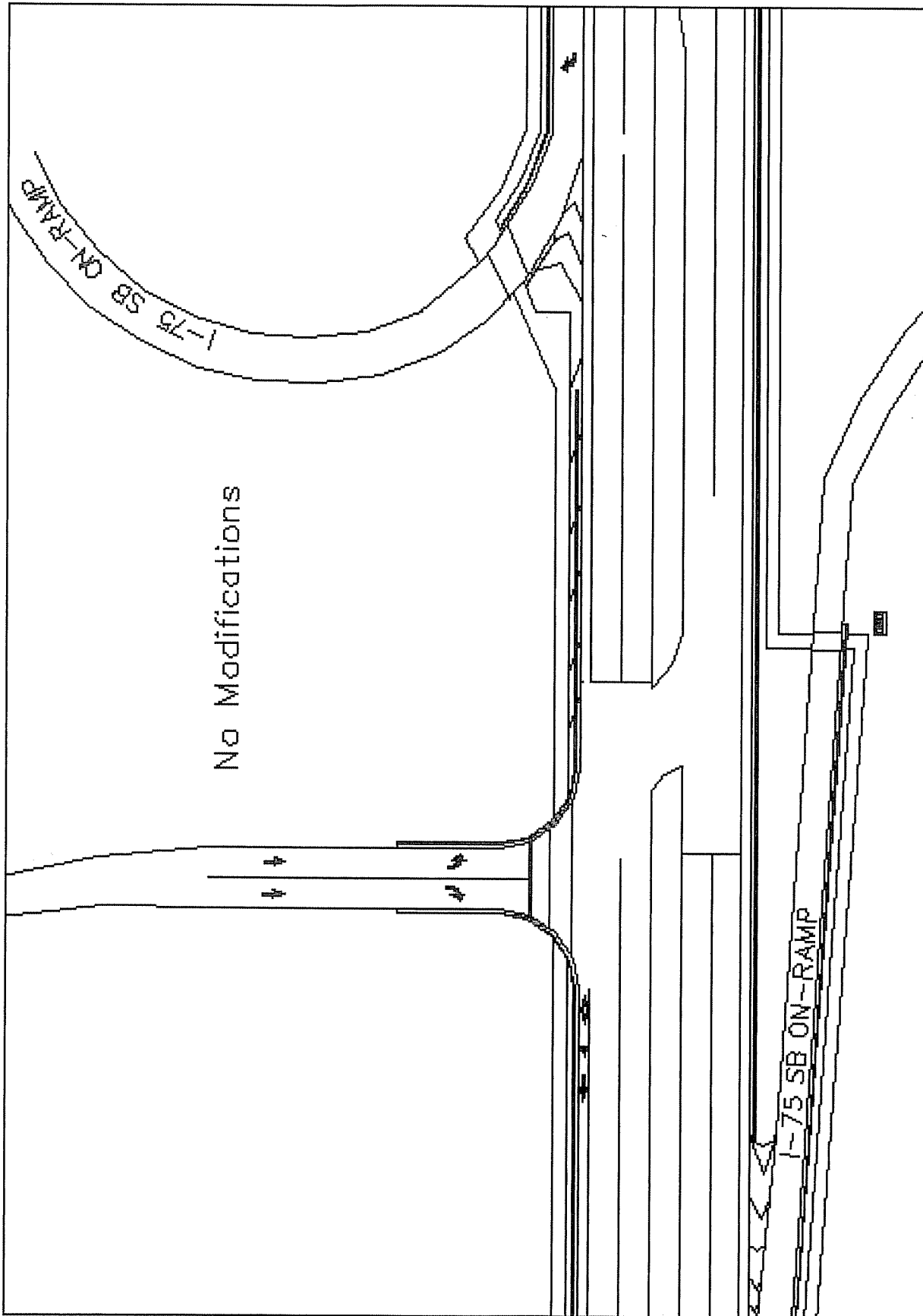
installation of TMS control equipment at all the intersections. This has been included in the TMS cost estimate for the Springhills DRI.


2. Communication equipment – The TMS requires fiber optic communication cable for system communication. The cost to install the appropriate fiber optic communication cable along NW 39<sup>th</sup> Avenue from NW 34<sup>th</sup> Street to NW 98<sup>th</sup> Street has been included in the TMS cost estimate for the Springhills DRI.

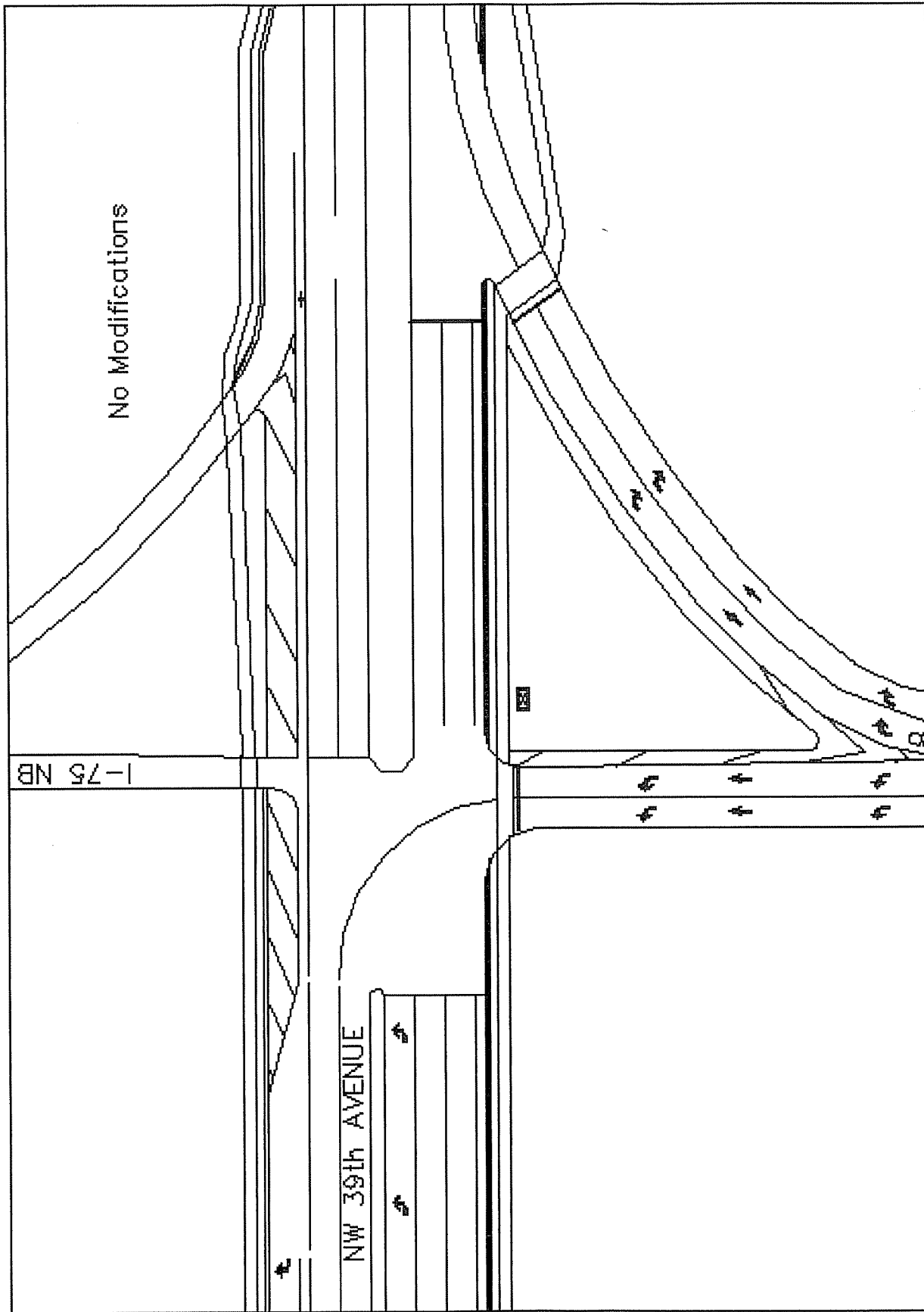
The Traffic Management System cost estimate for the Springhills DRI (NW 39<sup>th</sup> Avenue corridor) is \$650,000. This includes the traffic signal controllers/cabinets, fiber optic communications cable, other associated equipment and construction costs. This cost is triggered if any Tier 2 modification involves reconstruction of a traffic signal. Any questions concerning the TMS should be referred to the City of Gainesville Public Works Department.


CofG – PWD  
6/16/06

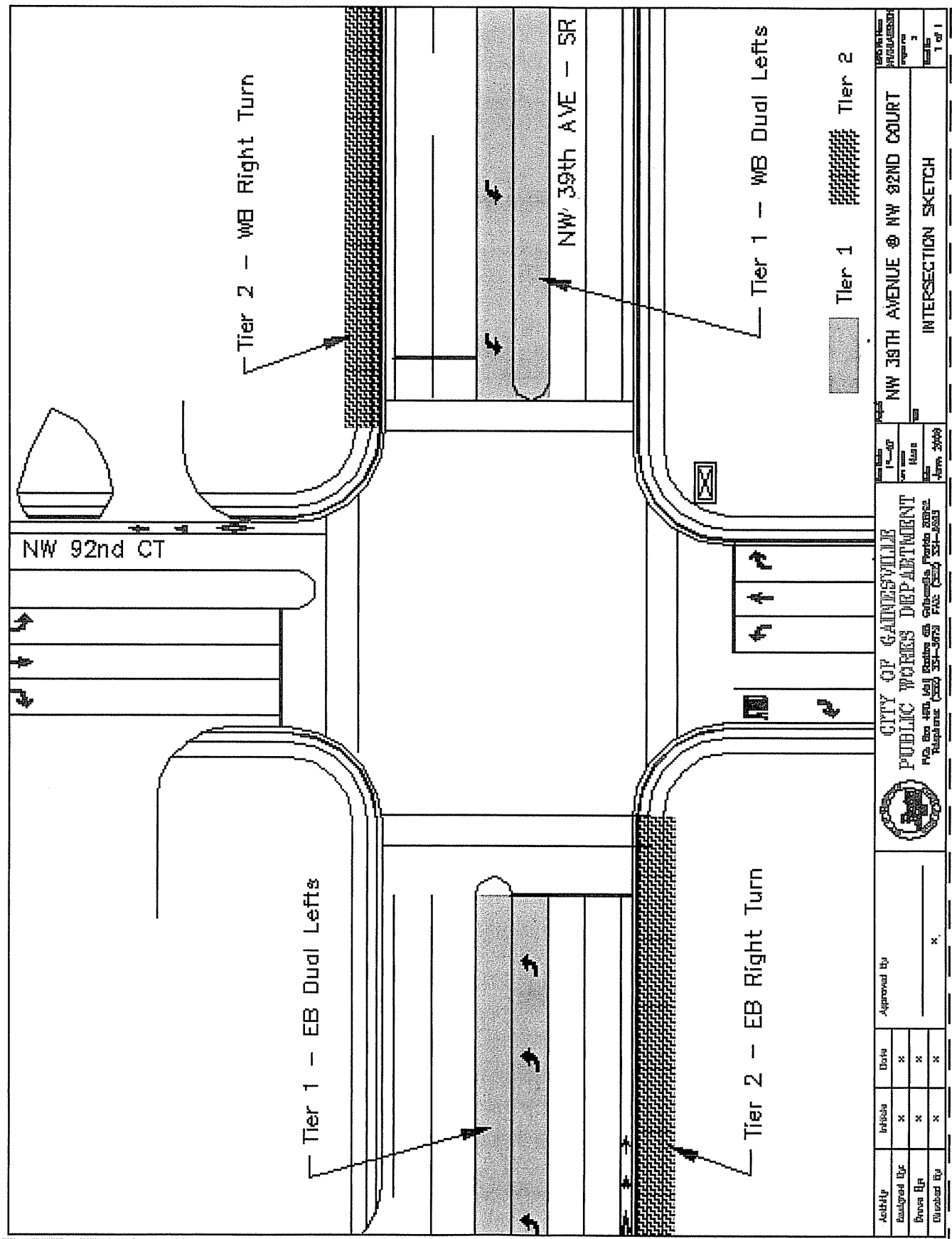




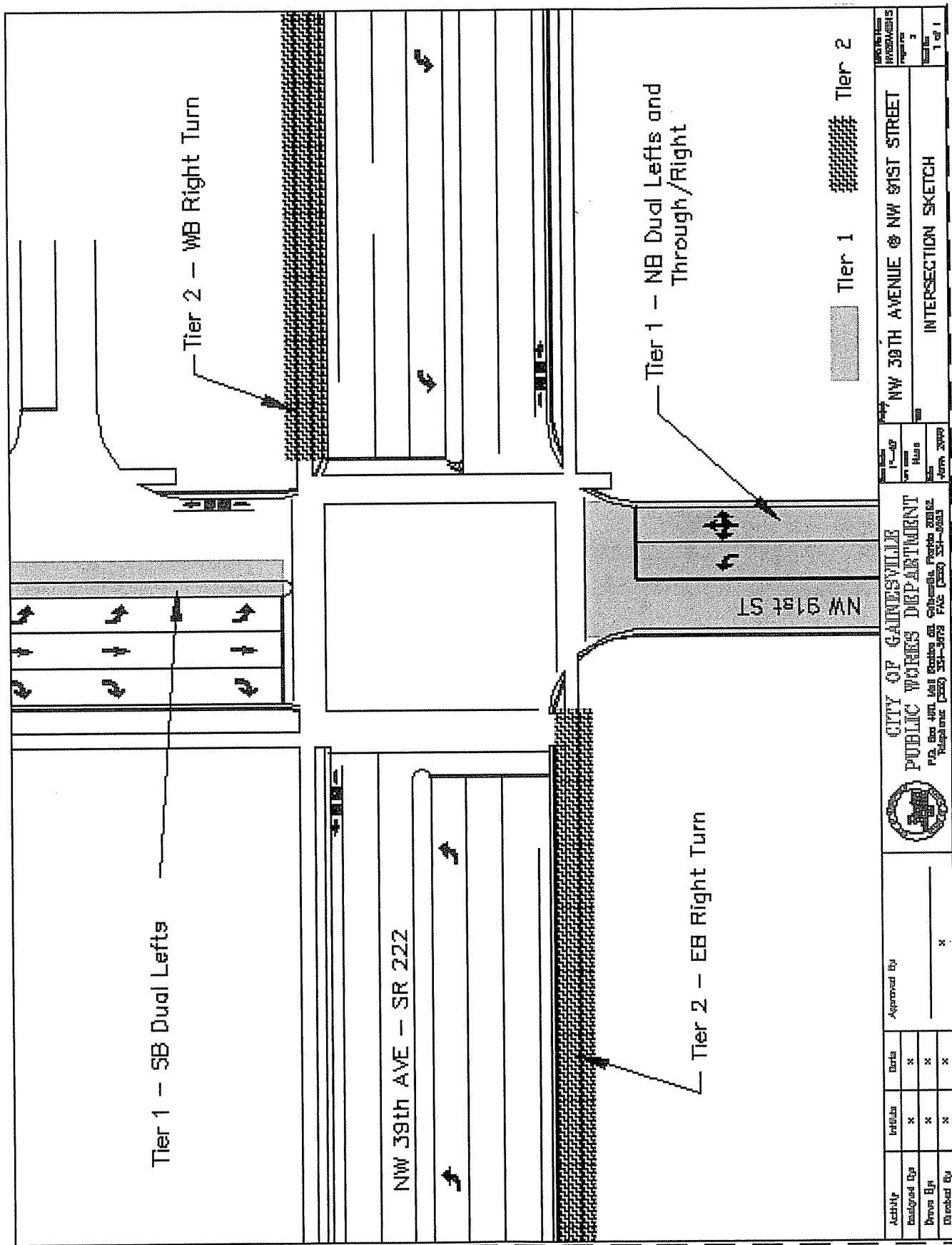
 <b>CITY OF GAINESVILLE</b> <b>PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT</b> <small>P.O. Box 10000, Gainesville, Florida 32602          Telephone (352) 339-2000 FAX (352) 339-2000</small>		Project No. <b>1-75 SB ON-RAMP</b> Revision <b>1</b> Date <b>June 2009</b>	Project No. <b>1-75 SB ON-RAMP</b> Revision <b>1</b> Date <b>June 2009</b>
Authority Designed By Drawn By Checked By		Approved By    	Date 10/10/09 10/10/09 10/10/09 10/10/09
NW 38TH AVENUE @ I-75 SB RAMP INTERSECTION SKETCH		1 of 1	

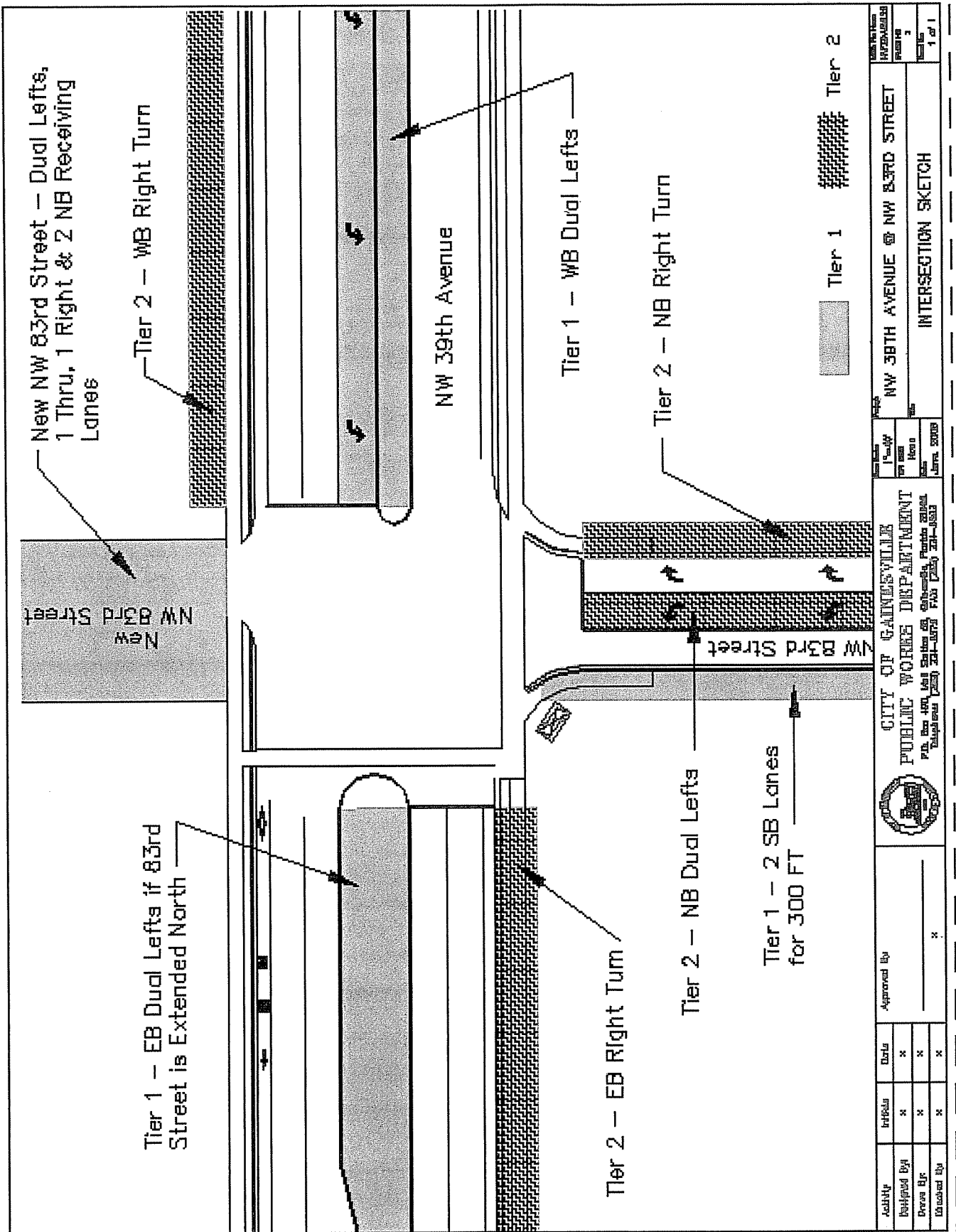


		<b>CITY OF GAINESVILLE</b> <b>PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT</b> <small>P.O. Box 144, 144 Station St., Gainesville, Florida 32604</small> <small>Telephone: (813) 334-4072 Fax: (813) 334-4073</small>		DATE: 11/15/06 DRAWN BY: [blank]	PROJECT: NW 39TH AVENUE @ I-75 NB RAMP INTERSECTION SKETCH	SHEET NO: 1 of 1
ACTIVITY Designed By Drawn By Checked By	INITIALS x x x	DATE x x x	APPROVED BY _____ x	1-10/11/06 1-10/11/06 1-10/11/06	1-10/11/06 1-10/11/06 1-10/11/06	1-10/11/06 1-10/11/06 1-10/11/06



		<b>CITY OF GAINESVILLE</b> <b>PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT</b> P.O. Box 480, 401 S.W. 1st St., Gainesville, Florida 32602 Telephone: (352) 334-3673 FAX: (352) 334-3633		DATE: 11-07 DRAWN: [Signature] CHECKED: [Signature] APPR: [Signature]	PROJECT: NW 39th AVE @ NW 92nd COURT SHEET: 1 SCALE: 1" = 40' DATE: 11-07
Activity Budgeted Eyr Prior Eyr Unbudget Eyr	Initialed x x x	Dated x x x	Approved By _____ _____ _____	1 of 1	





NW 39th AVE - SR 222

NW 51st ST

Tier 1 - EB Right Turn

Tier 1 - NB Dual Lefts

Tier 1

Tier 2

**CITY OF GAINESVILLE**  
PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT  
P.O. Box 480, 480 W. Gordon St., Gainesville, Florida 32602  
Telephone (352) 334-8073 FAX (352) 334-0003

Activity	Designated By	Reviewed By	Approved By
Designated By			
Reviewed By			
Approved By			

Scale: 1" = 40'

North Arrow

Project: NW 39th Avenue @ NW 51st Street

Sheet: 2

Intersection Sketch

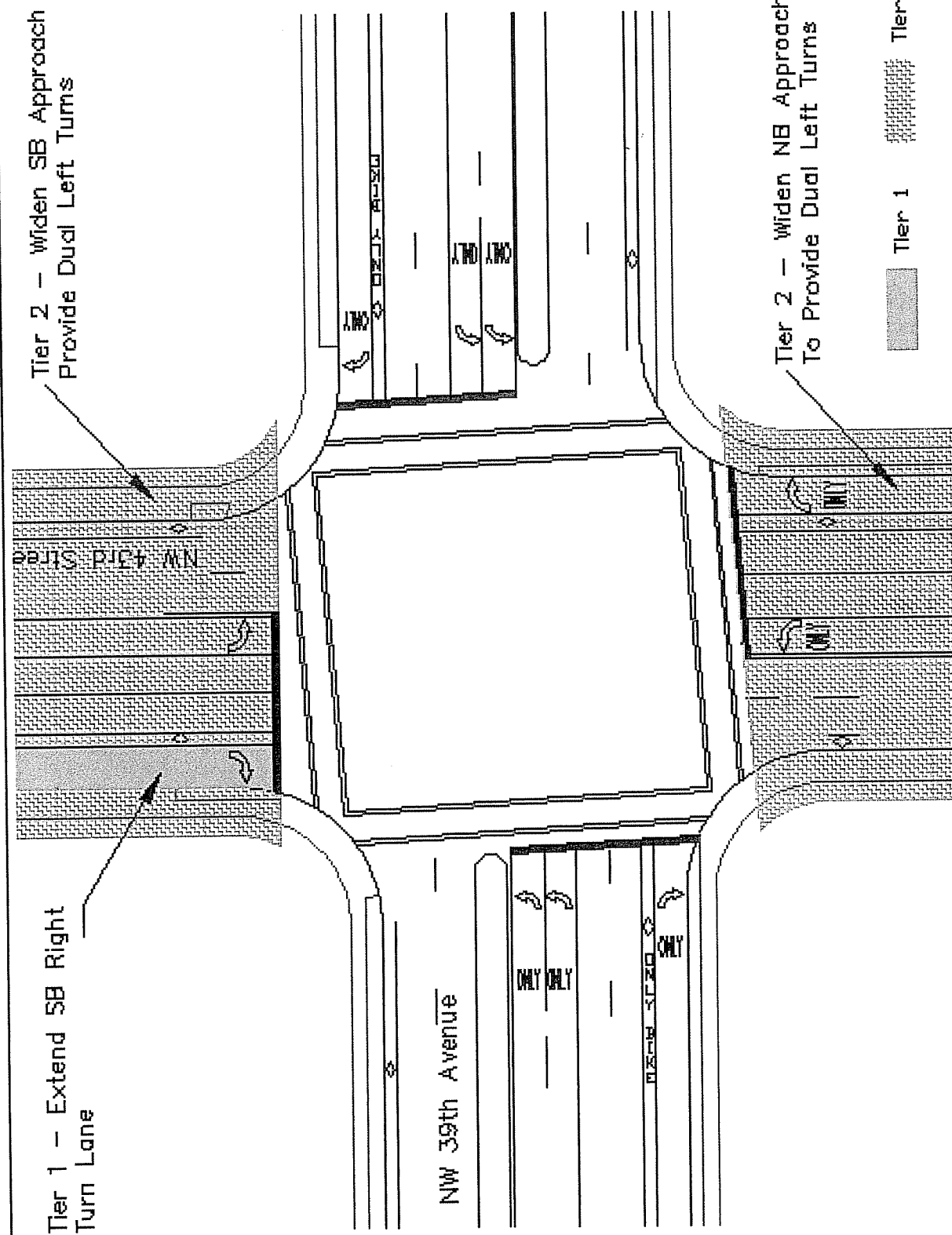
1 of 1

Tier 2 - Widen SB Approach To Provide Dual Left Turns

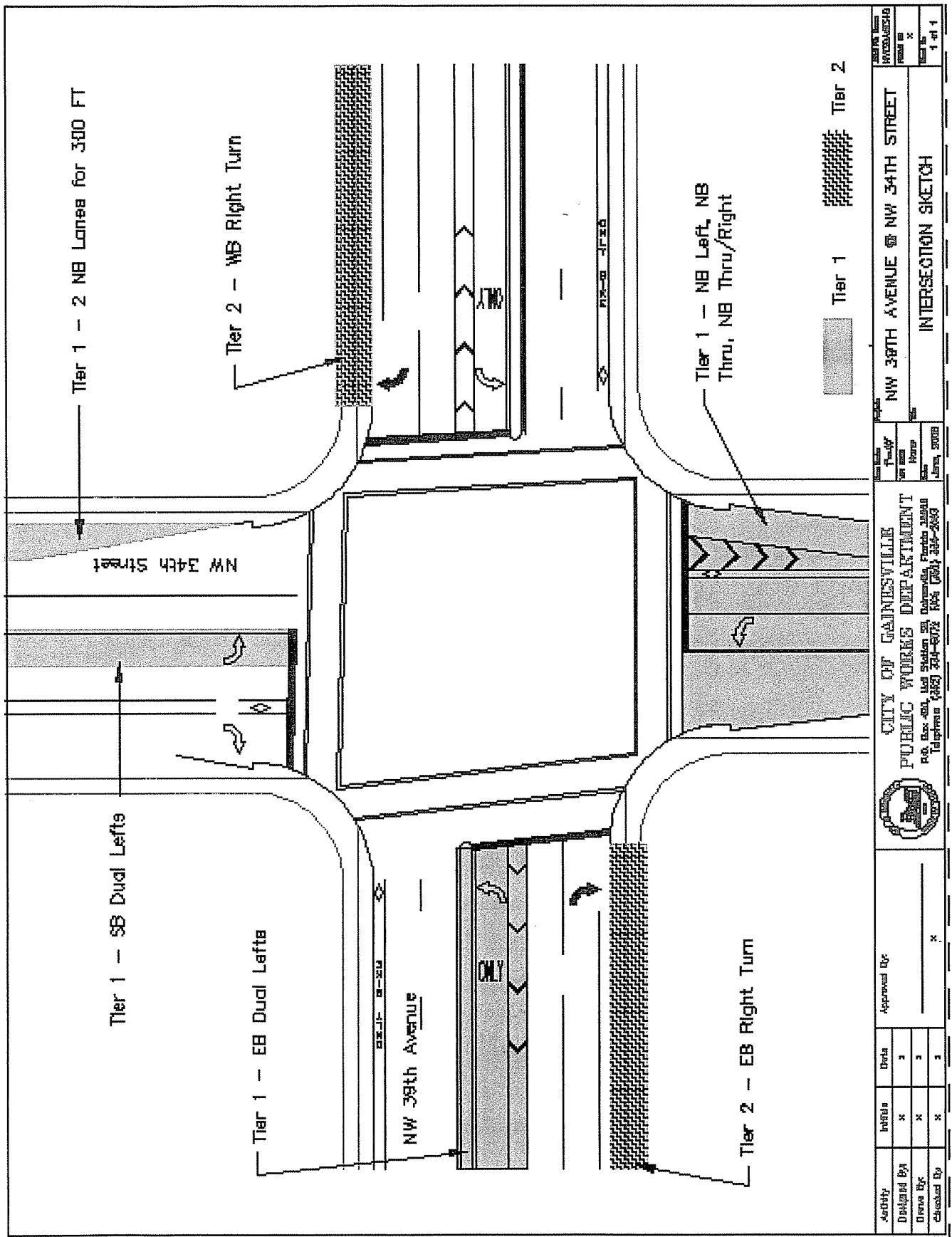
Tier 1 - Extend SB Right Turn Lane

Tier 2 - Widen NB Approach To Provide Dual Left Turns

Tier 1 Tier 2



		<b>CITY OF GAINESVILLE</b> PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT P.O. Box 400, Mail Station 20, Gainesville, Florida 32604 Telephone: (352) 334-1673 FAX: (352) 334-1944		Project No. 15-001	Date Jan. 2008	Drawing No. 1 of 1
Location NW 38TH AVENUE @ NW 43RD STREET		Title INTERSECTION SKETCH		Revision 2		
Activity Designated By Design Date Checked By	Initials x x x	Date x x x	Approved By x			





## **APPENDIX D**

### **SPRINGHILLS DRI SUBSTANTIAL DEVIATION** **SIGNIFICANCE TESTING** **LOCAL INTERSECTIONS**

[page left blank intentionally]

**SpringHills Significance Testing - Local Intersections PM PEAK**

		No Modifications						Modifications									
		Lane Capacity		Movement	LOS	SpringHills Trips	SpringHills Significance	Lane Capacity		Movement	LOS	SpringHills Trips	SpringHills Significance	Modifications Added			
		No Modifications needed.															
NW 23rd Avenue at Fort Clarke Boulevard	EB																
		Thru		A		54	4.04%										
		Right		A		97	8.55%										
	WB																
		Left		C		11	1.71%										
		Thru		A		58	4.34%										
	NB																
		Left		D		94	29.28%										
		Right		C		15	5.23%										
	TOTAL			B		329	6.51%										
NW 23rd Avenue at NW 83rd Street	EB														Add EBL (Dual), SBL (Dual), SBR (Dual). These modifications are subject to available ROW.		
		Left		F		45	11.22%						554	D		45	8.12%
		Thru		B		26	2.15%						1,303	A		26	2.00%
	WB																
		Thru		F		29	3.66%						909	D		29	3.19%
		Right		C		43	6.39%						773	B		43	5.56%
	SB																
		Left		E		64	12.75%						687	D		64	9.32%
		Right		F		41	9.13%						558	C		41	7.35%
	TOTAL			F		248	6.16%					4,784	C	248	5.18%		
NW 23rd Avenue at NW 98th Street	EB															Add WBL (Dual)	
		Left		E		0	0.00%						14	D	0		0.00%
		Thru		E		0	0.00%						24	D	0		0.00%
		Right				0									0		
	WB																
		Left		F		154	22.22%						893	D	154		17.25%
		Thru		C		3	0.49%						427	C	3		0.70%
		Right				0									0		
	NB																
		Left		C		0	0.00%						378	B	0		0.00%
		Thru		E		205	33.28%						719	C	205		28.79%
		Right				2									2		
	SB																
		Left		F		150	50.00%						344	D	150		43.60%
		Thru		C		207	22.90%						1,001	B	207		20.68%
		Right				0									0		
	TOTAL			E		721	20.26%					3,800	C	721	18.97%		

**SpringHills Significance Testing - Local Intersections PM PEAK**

NW 39th Avenue at NW 98th Street											
No Modifications					Modifications						
	Lane Capacity	Movement	SpringHills Trips	SpringHills Significance	Lane Capacity	Movement	SpringHills Trips	SpringHills Significance	Modifications Added		
EB									Add NBR.		
		Left		138		229	C	138		60.26%	
		Thru		82				82			
		Right		20		690	D	20		14.78%	
	WB										
			Left		0		354	C		0	0.00%
			Thru		81		965	C		81	8.39%
		Right		0				0			
	NB										
			Left		20		469	C		20	4.26%
		Left/Thru		213		843	B	213	25.27%		
SB		Right		0		717	B	0	0.00%		
		Left		0		363	C	0	0.00%		
	Thru		206		499	D	206	68.94%			
	Right		138				138				
	TOTAL		4,437	D	760	17.13%	5,129	C	760	14.82%	
No Modifications needed.											
NW 53rd Avenue at NW 83rd Street Extension											
EB											
		Thru		0				3.88%			
		Right		52							
WB											
		Left		61				5.30%			
NB		Thru		0							
		Left		52		244	C	21.31%			
	Right		61		218	C	27.98%				
	TOTAL		2,951	A	226	7.66%					

## **APPENDIX E**

### **SPRINGHILLS DRI SUBSTANTIAL DEVIATION** **ALACHUA COUNTY PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT** **COST ESTIMATES**

[page left blank intentionally]

## SPRINGHILLS DRI Estimated Project Costs

**NW 83<sup>rd</sup> Street** (NW 23<sup>rd</sup> Avenue to NW 39<sup>th</sup> Avenue): 1.0 Mile

2011 Build: reconstruct existing 2-lane facility to a 4-lane facility

Inflation Factor (1.31)

Construction:  $\$3,087,400 \times 1.31 = \$4,044,494$

Signals (4):  $\$250,000 \times 1.31 = \$1,310,000$

Intersections (2):  $\$300,000 \times 1.31 = \$786,000$

Subtotal: \$6,140,494

Engineering (1.46) x \$6,140,494 = **\$8,965,121** (NOTE: No Right-of-Way for drainage or corners included)

**Fort Clarke Boulevard** (Newberry Road to NW 23<sup>rd</sup> Avenue): 1.1 Mile

2012 Build: reconstruct existing 2-lane facility to a 4-lane facility

Inflation Factor (1.35)

Construction:  $\$3,087,400 \times 1.1 \text{ mile} \times 1.35 = \$4,584,789$

Signals (3):  $\$250,000 \times 1.35 = \$1,012,500$

Intersections (2):  $\$300,000 \times 1.35 = \$810,000$

Subtotal: \$6,407,289

Engineering (1.46) x \$6,407,289 = **\$9,354,642** (NOTE: No Right-of-Way for drainage or corners included)

**NW 83<sup>rd</sup> Street Extension** (NW 39<sup>th</sup> Avenue to Millhopper Road): 1.6 Miles

2009 Build: construct new 2-lane divided facility

Inflation Factor: (1.22)

Construction:  $\$3,449,500 \times 1.6 \text{ miles} \times 1.22 = \$6,733,424$

Signals (3):  $\$250,000 \times 1.22 = \$915,000$

Intersections (2):  $\$300,000 \times 1.22 = \$732,000$

Subtotal: \$8,380,424

Engineering (1.46) x \$8,380,424 = **\$12,235,419** (NOTE: No Right-of-Way for drainage or corners included)

**NW 98<sup>th</sup> Street Extension** (NW 39<sup>th</sup> Avenue to NW 83<sup>rd</sup> Street): 1.8 Miles

2009 Build: construct new 2-lane divided facility with Bridge (4-lane)

Inflation Factor: (1.22)

Construction:  $\$3,449,500 \times 1.8 \text{ miles} \times 1.22 = \$7,575,102$

Signals (2):  $\$250,000 \times 1.22 = \$610,000$

Intersections (1):  $\$300,000 \times 1.22 = \$366,000$

Bridge: 250 feet (length) x 100 feet (wide) = 25,000 Square Feet x \$110/SF x 1.22 = \$3,355,000

Subtotal: \$11,906,102

Engineering (1.46) x \$11,906,102 = **\$17,382,909** (NOTE: No Right-of-Way for drainage or corners included)

Source: FDOT 2004 Construction Costs and Alachua County Public Works Department

[page left blank intentionally]