



# Multimodal Level of Service Report Year 2012 Average Annual Daily Traffic

Gainesville Metropolitan Area Congestion Management Process September 30, 2013

Metropolitan Transportation Planning Organization for the Gainesville Urbanized Area





# Multimodal Level of Service Report

## Year 2012 Average Annual Daily Traffic

Gainesville Metropolitan Area Congestion Management Process

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Approved by the

Metropolitan Transportation Planning Organization for the Gainesville Urbanized Area Technical Advisory Committee Level of Service Subcommittee

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September 30, 2013

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# **Executive Summary**

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## **Executive Summary**

The <u>Multimodal Level of Service Report</u>, provides multimodal levels of service. Automotive/highway (hereinafter highway), bicycle, pedestrian and transit modes of travel are analyzed for level of service. The latest available highway LOS estimate of all functionally classified collector and arterial roadways within the Gainesville Metropolitan Area Boundary is provided in this report. In addition, bicycle, pedestrian and transit levels of service estimates of all functionally classified collector and arterial roadways within the Gainesville Metropolitan Area Boundary are provided in this report. Hereinafter, all references to highway level of service address level of service as described in the <u>2010 Highway Capacity Manual</u>. The <u>Multimodal Level of Service Report</u> entails three components: roadway service volume tables; a level of service map atlas and a technical appendices document.

The <u>Multimodal Level of Service Report</u> employs a two-tiered level of service roadway facility analysis. Tier One analysis utilizes Florida Department of Transportation's Generalized Tables. Florida Department of Transportation Generalized Tables are contained in an Florida Department of Transportation document entitled <u>2013 Quality/Level of Service Handbook</u>, including appended issue papers. Tier Two analysis is required for all "distressed" arterials. A "distressed" arterial is one where current highway traffic uses 65 percent or more of the maximum service volume for the adopted level of service for that roadway in Florida Department of Transportation Generalized Tables. Tier Two analysis, which utilizes Florida Department of Transportation LOSPLAN software, is performed for all "distressed" arterials. The LOSPLAN software package includes three programs:

- ARTPLAN, which analyses interrupted flow (signalized) roadway facilities;
- HIGHPLAN, which analyses uninterrupted flow (unsignalized) roadway facilities; and
- FREEPLAN, which analyses uninterrupted flow and limited access (unsignalized) roadway facilities.

Detailed analysis using Florida Department of Transportation FREEPLAN software is performed for all "distressed" limited-access arterials. These analyses are done to develop a more accurate level of service estimate than can be obtained using Florida Department of Transportation Generalized Tables. In 2008, the Technical Advisory Committee Level of Service Subcommittee suspended updates for Tier Two analyses due to concerns that data used are outdated while the Traffic Management System is installed. Field studies are still reviewed by the Level of Service Subcommittee for inclusion in the Multimodal Level of Service Report.

ARTPLAN, HIGHPLAN or FREEPLAN, as appropriate, are also used to estimate the amount of service volume that the road actually has at a given level of service. ARTPLAN provides a more accurate estimate of an arterial's service volume than can be obtained using the Florida Department of Transportation Generalized Tables. Roadway facilities that are operating at an unacceptable level of service are identified in Exhibit 1. The level of service analysis is for operational performance based on the 2010 Highway Capacity Manual level of service criteria. Although roadway facilities may be functioning at level of service F, development is permissible within Transportation Mobility Program Areas.

Bicycle, pedestrian and transit levels of service analyses also employ a two-tiered approach. Those facilities for which the highway level of service is analyzed using the Florida Department of Transportation Generalized Tables, are also analyzed for bicycle, pedestrian and transit level of service using the Florida Department of Transportation Generalized Tables. Those facilities for which the highway level of service is analyzed using Florida Department of Transportation LOSPLAN software, are also analyzed for bicycle, pedestrian and transit level of service using Florida Department of Transportation LOSPLAN software.

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#### **Congestion Management Process**

The <u>Multimodal Level of Service Report</u> is updated at least annually. This monitoring system is a key component for prioritizing bicycle facility, pedestrian facility, roadway facility and transit projects, that address congestion management, in the Long Range Transportation Plan and Transportation Improvement Program. This report is intended to address the Moving Ahead for Progress in the 21st Century Act (MAP-21) congestion management process requirement.

# Exhibit 1 Roadway Facilities Operating at an Unacceptable Highway Level Of Service

Roadway Facility	From	То	2011 AADT	2011 LOS	2012 AADT	2012 LOS	2012 MSV
NW 34 Street [SR 121] (S-25)	University Avenue	NW 16 Avenue	20,450	F	19,050	F	16,380
Archer Road [SR 24] (S-47)	GMA Boundary	SW 75 Street	19,600	F	19,200	F	17,010
SW 20 Avenue (A-16)	SW 62 Boulevard	SW 34 Street	21,524	F	21,524	F	14,040
NW 83 Street (A-23)	NW 23 Avenue	NW 39 Avenue	14,157	F	14,157	F	13,320
Fort Clarke Boulevard (A-45)	Newberry Road	NW 23 Avenue	13,614	F	13,614	E	13,320

Notes: Roadway facilities included in the 2010 AADT unacceptable level of service listing that are not included in the 2012 AADT listing are:

- A-15, SW 20th Avenue from SW 75th Street to SW 62nd Boulevard; and
- A-19, NW 39th Avenue from NW 112th Street to NW 98th Street.

Unacceptable operating performance is based on the <u>2010 Highway Capacity Manual</u> level of service A to F scale AADT = average annual daily traffic, GMA = Gainesville Metropolitan Area, LOS = level of service, MSV = maximum service volume

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**Exhibit 2 Multimodal Level of Service for State Roads** 

Assigned		From South	To North				
Roadway		or West	or East		Level of Ser	vice	
Number	Roadway	Termini	Termini	Automobile	Bicycle	Pedestrian	Transit
			Urbanized Roadways				
S-2	US 441/SW13 Street	SR 331/Williston Road	SR 24 / Archer Road	С	В	С	A
S-3	US 441/SW13 Street	SR 24 / Archer Road	SR 26 / University Avenue	E	E	D	В
S-4	US 441/NW 13 Street	SR 26 / University Avenue	NW 29 Road	D	D	D	D
S-5	US 441/NW 13 Street	NW 29 Road	NW 23 Street	С	В	D	E
S-6	SR 20 / NW 6 Street	NW 8 Avenue	SR 222 / NW 39 Avenue	С	D	С	D
S-7	SR 20 / NW 6 Street	SR 222 / NW 39 Avenue	US 441/West 13 Street	С	D	В	D
S-8	SR 20 / Hawthorne Road	SR 24 / Waldo Road	SE 43 Street	С	В	С	F
S-9	SR 24 / Archer Road	SW 75 Street / Tower Road	Interstate -75	С	С	D	D
S-10	SR 24 / Archer Road	Interstate -75	SR 121 / SW 34 Street	C	E	D	В
S-11	SR 24 / Archer Road	SR 226 / SW 16 Avenue	US 441 / SW 13 Street	D	Α	С	А
S-12	SR 24 / Waldo Road	SR 26 / University Avenue	SR 222 / NE 39 Avenue	С	В	D	D
S-14	SR 26 / Newberry Road	NW 122 Street	Interstate-75 [east ramp]	D	D	D	F
S-15	SR 26 / Newberry Road	Interstate -75 [east ramp]	NW 8 Avenue	С	E	D	В
S-16	SR 26 / Newberry Road	NW 8 Avenue	SR 121 / NW 34 Street	С	E	D	С
S-17	SR 26 / University Avenue	SR 121 / West 34 Street	Gale Lemerand Drive	С	С	С	D
S-18	SR 26 / University Avenue	Gale Lemerand Drive	US 441/West 13 Street	D	В	D	А
S-19	SR 26 / University Avenue	US 441/West 13 Street	SR 24 / Waldo Road	D	D	С	E
S-20	SR 26 / University Avenue	SR 20 / Hawthorne Road	CR 329B / Lakeshore Drive	С	D	С	E
S-21	SR 26A / SW 2 Avenue	SR 26 / Newberry Road	SR 121 / West 34 Street	D	В	С	С
S-22	SR 26A / SW 2 Avenue	SR 121 / SW 34 Street	SR 26 / University Avenue	D	В	В	С
S-23	SR 121 / SW 34 Street	SR 331/Williston Road	SR 24 / Archer Road	С	В	С	А
S-24	SR 121 / SW 34 Street	SR 24 / Archer Road	SR 26 / University Avenue	С	С	С	В
S-25	SR 121 / NW 34 Street	SR 26 / University Avenue	NW 16 Avenue	F	E	D	OTS#
S-26	SR 121 / NW 34 Street	NW 16 Avenue	SR 222 / NW 39 Avenue	С	В	С	OTS#
S-27	SR 121 / NW 34 Street	SR 222 / NW 39 Avenue	NW 53 Avenue	С	В	С	D
S-29	SR 222 / NW 39 Avenue	NW 98 Street	NW 83 Street	С	В	С	OTS#
S-30	SR 222 / North 39 Avenue	US 441/NW 13 Street	SR 24 / Waldo Road	С	В	С	E
S-31	SR 222 / NE 39 Avenue	SR 24 / Waldo Road	End of 4-lane section	С	В	С	F
S-32	SR 222 / NE 39 Avenue	End of 4-lane section	NE 27 Avenue	С	В	OTSA	OTS#
S-33	SR 226 / SW 16 Avenue	SR 24 / Archer Road	US 441/SW 13 Street	D	E	С	С
S-34	SR 226 / SW 16 Avenue	US 441/SW13 Street	Main Street	D	D	С	А
S-35	SR 226 / SE 16 Avenue	Main Street	SR 331/Williston Road	С	В	D	С
S-36	SR 120A / North 23 Avenue	US 441/West 13 Street	SR 24 / Waldo Road	D	D	В	E
S-37	SR 20 / Main Street	University Avenue	North 8 Avenue	D	В	С	F
S-38	SR 331 / SR 121	Interstate -75 (south)	US 441/SW 13 Street	С	С	D	С
S-39	SR 331/Williston Road	US 441/SW13 Street	SR 26 / University Avenue	С	В	D	F
S-40	SR 20 / NW 8 Avenue	NW 6 Street	North Main Street	С	В	В	E

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# **Exhibit 2 (Continued) Multimodal Level of Service for State Roads**

Assigned Roadway		From South or West	To North or East		Level of Service			
Number	Roadway	Termini	Termini	Automobile	Bicycle	Pedestrian	Transit	
			Urbanized Roadways					
S-41	Interstate -75	SR 331 / SR 121	SR 24 / Archer Road	С	N/A	N/A	N/A	
S-42	Interstate -75	SR 24 / Archer Road	SR 26 / Newberry Road	С	N/A	N/A	N/A	
S-43	Interstate -75	SR 26 / Newberry Road	SR 222 / NW 39 Avenue	С	N/A	N/A	N/A	
S-46	SR 26 / University Avenue	CR 329B	Gainesville City Limit / GMA	В	В	E	OTSA	
S-47	SR 24 / Archer Road	SW 91 Street	SW 75 Street / Tower Road	F	С	D	OTSA	
S-50	US 441	NW 23 Street	NW 126 Avenue	С	С	OTSA	OTSA	
S-52	Interstate -75	SR 222 / NW 39 Avenue	GMA	В	N/A	N/A	N/A	
S-53	SR 222 / North 39 Avenue	NW 51 Street	US 441 / NW 13 Street	С	С	D	D	
S-54	SR 121 / NW 34 Street	NW 53 Avenue	US 441 / NW 13 Street	С	В	D	В	
S-55	SR 24 / Archer Road	SR 121 / SW 34 Street	SR 226 / SW 16 Avenue	С	В	E	А	
S-56	SR 222 / NW 39 Avenue	NW 83 Street	NW 51 Street	С	С	E	С	
			Transitioning Roadways					
S-1	US 441/SW13 Street	Payne's Prairie	SR 331 / Williston Road	С	В	E	В	
S-13	SR 24 / Waldo Road	SR 222 / NE 39 Avenue	CR 232 / NE 53 Avenue	С	В	D	E	
S-28	SR 121 / NW 22 Street	US 441 / NW 13 Street	NW 128 Lane	С	С	OTSA	OTSA	
S-44	SR 121	Wacahoota Road	Interstate 75 (south)	С	С	E	OTSA	
S-45	SR 26 / Newberry Road	SW 154 Street	NW 122 Street	С	С	С	OTSA	
S-48	SR 20 / Hawthorne Road	SE 43 Street	CR 329B / Lakeshore Drive	С	С	С	OTSA	
S-49	SR 20 / Hawthorne Road	CR 329B	CR 2082	В	С	OTSA	OTSA	
S-51	Interstate -75	GMA	SR 331 / SR 121	В	N/A	N/A	N/A	
S-57	SR 24 / Archer Road	CR 241 / Parker Road	SW 91 Street	С	В	OTSA	OTSA	
S-58	SR 222 / NE 39 Avenue	NE 27 Avenue	State Road 26	С	В	OTSA	OTSA	
S-59	SR 24 / Waldo Road	NE 53 Avenue	Milligan Still Road	С	С	OTSA	OTSA	

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Source: North Central Florida Regional Planning Council

Note: This table is not intended to be used for concurrency management purposes, since bike, pedestrian or transit LOS Standards do not exist. It is for information only.

CR - County Road, GMA - Gainesville Metropolitan Area, N/A - Not Applicable, NE - Northeast, OTSA - Outside Transit Service Area, NW - Northwest, SE - Southeast, SR - State Road, SW Southwest

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**Exhibit 3 Multimodal Level of Service for Alachua County Roadways** 

Assigned Roadway		From South or West	To North or East		Level of Se	ndoo	
Number	Roadway	or west Termini	or East Termini	Automobile	Bicycle	Pedestrian	Transit
Number	Roduway		nized Arterial Roadways	Automobile	ысуше	Peuesillali	Hallsit
A-1	NW 53 Avenue	NW 71 Street	US 441/NW 13 Street	С	В	С	F
A-3	NW 43 Street	SR 26 / Newberry Road	NW 53 Avenue	C	С	D	F
A-6	NW 43 Street	NW 53 Avenue	US 441	C	В	C	OTSA
A-9	NW 23 Avenue	NW 98 Street	NW 55 Street	D	D	E	D D
A-10	NW 23 Avenue	NW 55 Street	NW 43 Street	C	D	C	E
A-11	NW 16 Avenue	NW 43 Street	US 441/NW 13 Street	C	D	C	D
A-12	North 16 Avenue	US 441/NW13 Street	SR 24 / Waldo Road	D	C	С	F
A-13	SW 75 Street / Tower Road	SR 24 / Archer Road	SW 8 Avenue	C	E	D	D
A-14	NW 75 Street / Tower Road	SW 8 Avenue	SR 26/Newberry Road	C	D	C	E
A-15	SW 20 Avenue	SW 75 Street / Tower Road	SW 62 Boulevard	C	С	E	D
A-16	SW 20 Avenue	SW 62 Boulevard	SR 121 / West 34 Street	F	С	E	А
A-17	North Main Street	NW 8 Avenue	North 23 Avenue	С	С	С	E
A-18	North Main Street	NW 23 Avenue	SR 222 / North 39 Avenue	С	В	С	OTSA
A-19	NW 39 Avenue	NW 110 Terrace	NW 98 Street	D	A	В	OTSA
	-	Urbanized	Major County Roadways	<del>-</del>		<del>-</del> !	-
A-20	SW 24 Avenue	SW 91 Street	SW 75 Street / Tower Road	D	E	С	E
A-21	NW 51 Street	NW 23 Avenue	SR 222 / NW 39 Avenue	D	С	С	OTSA
A-22	NW 98 Street	SR 26 / Newberry Road	CR 222 / NW 39 Avenue	D	D	С	OTSA
A-23	Northwest 83 Street	NW 23 Avenue	SR 222 / NW 39 Avenue	F	E	E	D
A-24	West 91 Street	SW 24 Avenue	SR 26 / Newberry Road	D	D	С	OTSA
A-26	SW 8 Avenue	SW 91 Street	SW 75 Street / Tower Road	С	А	В	OTSA
A-29	Kincaid Loop	SR 20 / Hawthorne Road	SR 20 / Hawthorne Road	С	С	С	E
A-30	SW 40 Boulevard / SW 42 / 43 Street	SR 24/Archer Road	SW 20 Avenue	D	E	E	E
A-33	SW 24 Avenue	SW 122 Street / Parker Road	SW 91 Street	С	D	С	OTSA
A-36	SW 8 Avenue	SW 122 Street / Parker Road	SW 91 Street	С	С	OTSA	OTSA
A-45	Fort Clarke Boulevard	SR 26 / Newberry Road	NW 23 Avenue	F	D	D	С
	-	Urbanized O	ther Signalized Roadways				
A-40	SW 46 Boulevard	SW 104 Terrace	Tower Road	В	D	D	OTSA
A-44	SW 75 Street	GMA	SR 24 / Archer Road	В	С	OTSA	OTSA
		Transitio	oning Arterial Roadways	· ·			
A-2	North 53 Avenue	US 441 / NW 13 Street	SR 24 / Waldo Road	С	С	E	F
A-32	West 143 Street / CR 241	SR 26 / Newberry Road	Millhopper Road	С	С	OTSA	OTSA
A-37	NW 39 Avenue	CR 241	NW 110 Terrace	С	С	E	OTSA

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#### **Exhibit 3 (Continued)** Multimodal Level of Service for Alachua County Roadways

Assigned Roadway		From South or West	To North or East		Level of Se	rvice	
Number	Roadway		Termini	Automobile	Bicycle	Pedestrian	Transit
		Transitionin	ig Major County Roadways	•			
A-28	Rocky Point Road	SR 331/Williston Road	US 441/SW13 Street	С	С	D	OTSA
A-34	Millhopper Road	CR 241/NW 143 Street	NW 71 Street	С	С	OTSA	OTSA
A-35	SW 122 Street / Parker Road	SW 24 Avenue	SR 26 / Newberry Road	С	С	OTSA	OTSA
A-38	SE 43 Street	SR 20 / Hawthorne Road	SR 26 / East University Avenue	С	D	С	E
A-39	SW 91 Street	Archer Road	SW 44 Avenue	С	В	С	OTSA
	•	Transitioning	Other Signalized Roadways	•		•	
A-31	Monteocha Road	NE 53 Avenue	11200 Block	С	А	OTSA	OTSA
A-41	SW 62 Avenue / SW 63 Boulevard	SR 121	SR 24 / Archer Road	С	D	E	OTSA
A-42	CR 329B / Lakeshore Drive	SR 20 / Hawthorne Road	SR 26 / East University Avenue	С	С	OTSA	OTSA
A-43	NE 77 Avenue / CR 225A	Monteocha Road	SR 24 / Waldo Road	С	В	OTSA	OTSA
A-46	NW 32 Avenue	GMA	CR 241/NW 143 Street	С	С	OTSA	OTSA
A-47	CR 234	Prairie Creek Bridge	SE 73 Drive	С	С	OTSA	OTSA
A-48	SW 122 Street / Parker Road	Archer Road	SW 24 Avenue	С	С	OTSA	OTSA
A-49	CR 231	SR 121	13000 Block	С	С	OTSA	OTSA

Source: North Central Florida Regional Planning Ccouncil

Note: This table is not intended to be used for concurrency management purposes, since bike, pedestrian or transit LOS Standards do not exist. It is for information only.

CR - County Road, GMA - Gainesville Metropolitan Area, N/A - Not Applicable, NE - Northeast, NW - Northwest, OTSA - Outside Transit Service Area, SE - Southeast, SR - State Road, SW Southwest

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**Exhibit 4 Multimodal Level of Service for City of Gainesville/University of Florida Roadways** 

Assigned Roadway		From South or West	To North or East		Level of Service					
Number	Roadway	Termini	Termini	Automobile	Bicycle	Pedestrian	Transit			
		Urbaniz	ed Arterial Roadways							
G-1	NW 55 Street	SR 26 / Newberry Road	NW 23 Avenue	С	В	В	С			
G-2	North 8 Avenue	SR 26 / Newberry Road	West 22 Street	С	D	С	OTSA			
G-3	North 8 Avenue	NW 22 Street	NW 6 Street	E	E	D	OTSA			
G-4	SW 62 Boulevard	SR 26 / Newberry Road	SW 20 Avenue	D	E	F	В			
G-36	NW 31 Avenue / Glen Springs Road	SR 121 / West 34 Street	NW 16 Terrace	D	D	С	С			
G-38	NW 23 Boulevard	NW 16 Terrace	US 441/West 13 Street	С	С	С	D			
	•	Urbanized	Major City Roadways	•	•	•	•			
G-5	NW 22 Street	SR 26 / University Avenue	NW 16 Avenue	С	С	Α	OTSA			
G-6	North 8 Avenue	North Main Street	SR 24 / Waldo Road	D	D	С	D			
G-7	South 2 Avenue	US 441/West 13 Street	SE 7 Street	С	А	В	В			
G-9	West 6 Street	SW 4 Avenue	NW 8 Avenue	D	В	В	E			
G-37	SW 23 Terrace	SR 331/Williston Road	SR 24 / Archer Road	D	D	С	А			
		Urbanized Oth	er Signalized Roadways	•	•	•	•			
G-8	West 6 Street	SW 16 Avenue	SW 4 Avenue	С	D	В	OTSA			
G-10	NE 9 Street	SE 2 Avenue	NE 31 Avenue	С	А	В	F			
G-11	NW 38 Street	NW 8 Avenue	NW 16 Avenue	С	А	А	OTSA			
G-12	NW 24 Boulevard	SR 222 / NW 39 Avenue	NW 53 Avenue	С	С	В	OTSA			
G-13	North Main Street	SR 222 / NW 39 Avenue	NW 53 Avenue	С	С	D	OTSA			
G-14	NE 15 Street	SR 26 / East University Avenue	NE 8 Avenue	С	С	В	OTSA			
G-15	NE 15 Street	NE 16 Avenue	SR 222 / NE 39 Avenue	С	С	В	D			
G-16	NE 25 Street	SR 26 / East University Avenue	NE 8 Avenue	С	С	В	D			
G-17	SE 4 Street	SR 331/Williston Road	Depot Avenue	С	С	В	E			
G-18	SE 4 Street - SE 22 Avenue	SR 331/Williston Road	SE 15 Street	С	D	В	С			
G-19	North 8 Avenue	SR 24 / Waldo Road	NE 25 Street	С	С	В	С			
G-20	South 4 Avenue	US 441/SW13 Street	SE 15 Street	С	С	В	E			
G-21	SW 9 Road-Depot Avenue-SE 7 Avenue	US 441/SW13 Street	SE 15 Street	С	С	В	D			
G-22	South 2 Avenue	SE 7 Street	SR 331 / Williston Road	С	А	A	F			
G-23	NE 31 Avenue	North Main Street	SR 24 / Waldo Road	С	С	В	OTSA			
G-24	NW17 Street	SR 26 / West University Avenue	NW 8 Avenue	С	A	A	OTSA			
G-25	West 12 Street	SW 4 Avenue	North 8 Avenue	С	С	В	F			
G-26	West 10 Street	SW 4 Avenue	NW 8 Avenue	C	С	A	OTSA			

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# **Exhibit 4 (Continued) Multimodal Level of Service for City of Gainesville/University of Florida Roadways**

Assigned		From South	To North							
Roadway		or West	or East		Level of Service					
Number	Roadway	Termini	Termini	Automobile	Bicycle	Pedestrian	Transit			
	•	Urbanized C	ther Signalized Roadways	•	•	•	·			
G-27	SW16 Street	SW 16 Avenue	SR 24 / Archer Road	С	Α	В	А			
G-28	NW 5 Avenue	NW 22 Street	US 441 / NW 13 Street	С	С	В	OTSA OTSA OTSA			
G-29	West 3 Street	SW 4 Avenue	NW 8 Avenue	C	В	A				
G-30	West 2 Street	SW 4 Avenue	NW 8 Avenue		В	A				
G-31	Gale Lemerand Drive	SR 24/Archer Road	Museum Road	С	А	В	А			
G-32	Radio Road-Museum Road	SR 121 / South 34 Street	US 441 / South 13 Street	D	В	В	A			
G-33	East1 Street	SE 2 Place	NE 8 Avenue	С	С	A	OTS			
G-34	East 3 Street	SE Depot Avenue	NE 2 Avenue	С	С	В	А			
G-35	Hull Road-Mowry Road	SW 34 Street	Center Drive	В	В	В	А			
G-39	Gale Lemerand Drive	Museum Road	SR 26 / West University Avenue	D	В	С	А			
	•	Transitioning O	ther Signalized Roadways	•	•	<del>.</del>	•			
-	None	-	-	_	-	-	-			

Source: North Central Florida Regional Planning Council

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Note: This table is not intended to be used for concurrency management purposes, since bike, pedestrian or transit LOS Standards do not exist. It is for information only.

CR - County Road, GMA - Gainesville Metropolitan Area, N/A - Not Applicable, NE - Northeast, NW - Northwest, OTSA - Outside Transit Service Area, SE - Southeast, SR - State Road, SW Southwest

# Chapter I Introduction

Metropolitan Transportation Planning Organiza	Multimodal Level of Service Report
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## **Chapter I: Introduction**

The Metropolitan Transportation Planning Organization for the Gainesville Urbanized Area <u>Annual Average Daily Traffic (AADT)/ Multimodal Level of Service Report</u> (<u>Multimodal Level of Service Report</u>) is composed of three components: a level of service map atlas; level of service tables of state-maintained, county-maintained and city-maintained roadways and a technical appendices document. All references to level of service within Appendix A address only highway level of service as described in the <u>2010 Highway Capacity Manual</u>. This report contains estimates of the level of service and maximum service volume for arterials, collectors functioning as arterials, transitioning arterials and collectors, major nonstate roads and other nonstate roads within the Gainesville Metropolitan Area Boundary. Illustration I shows the Gainesville Metropolitan Area as defined by Chapter 339.175(1)(c), Florida Statutes. Level of service and maximum service volume methodology utilizes a two-tiered approach.

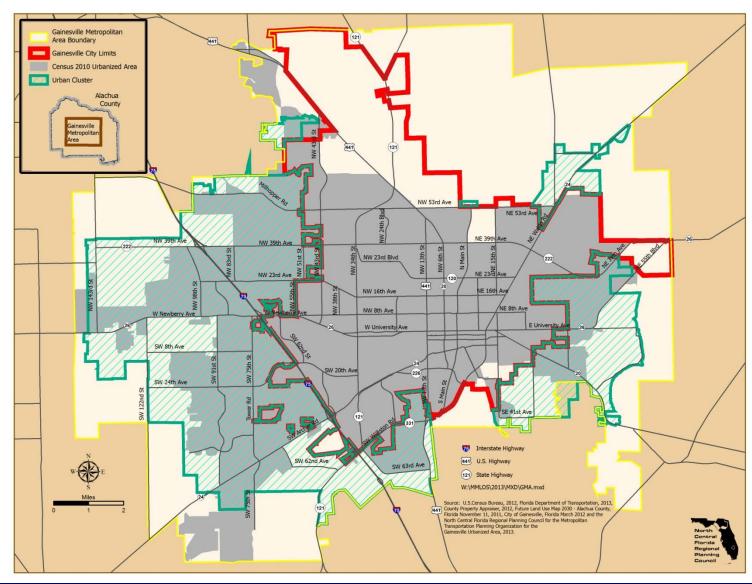
Tier One Level of Service/Maximum Service Volume Analysis uses the Florida Department of Transportation Generalized Tables contained in the latest edition of the Florida Department of Transportation <a href="Quality/Level of Service Handbook">Quality/Level of Service Handbook</a> to determine roadway level of service and maximum service volume. The <a href="Q013 Quality/Level of Service Handbook">2013 Quality/Level of Service Handbook</a>, appended with issue papers, is currently the latest edition. Tier One Level of Service/Maximum Service Volume Analysis is acceptable for use in the Gainesville Metropolitan Area for all roadways with less than 65 percent of the Florida Department of Transportation Generalized Tables maximum service volume for the adopted level of service.

Tier Two Level of Service/Maximum Service Volume Analysis uses the Florida Department of Transportation analytical software which accompanies the <a href="2013 Quality/Level of Service Handbook">2013 Quality/Level of Service Handbook</a> to determine roadway level of service and maximum service volume. Florida Department of Transportation analytical software is used when more sophisticated analysis is necessary. These analytical tools have varying requirements for field-collected data. Tier Two Level of Service/Maximum Service Volume Analysis is required for use in the Gainesville Metropolitan Area for all roadways with 65 percent or more of the Florida Department of Transportation Generalized Tables maximum service volume for the adopted level of service. The Level of Service Subcommittee adopted a 65 percent threshold to designate a "distressed" arterial and thereby require the use of Tier Two Level of Service/Maximum Service Volume Analysis. Florida Department of Transportation analytical software, such as ARTPLAN, is to be performed for all "distressed" arterials. A detailed analysis using Florida Department of Transportation FREEPLAN software is to be performed for all "distressed" limited-access arterials.

Note that the current level of service analysis is for operational performance based on criteria specified in the <u>2010 Highway Capacity Manual</u>. In addition, roadway facilities may be functioning at level of service F but may have available capacity based on Florida Department of Economic Opportunity -negotiated maximum service volume s.

This report also contains estimates of bicycle, pedestrian and transit level of service for arterials, collectors functioning as arterials, transitioning arterials and collectors, major nonstate roads and other nonstate roads within the Gainesville Metropolitan Area Boundary. Bicycle, pedestrian and transit level of service methodology also utilizes a two-tiered approach. Those facilities for which the highway level of service is analyzed using the Florida Department of Transportation Generalized Tables, are also analyzed for bicycle, pedestrian and transit level of service using the Florida Department of Transportation Generalized Tables. Those facilities for which the highway level of service is analyzed using Florida Department of Transportation LOSPLAN software, are also analyzed for bicycle, pedestrian and transit level of service using Florida Department of Transportation LOSPLAN software. Appendix C includes the data and analysis descriptions for determining bicycle, pedestrian and transit level of service.

Illustration I Gainesville Metropolitan Area



In 2008, the Technical Advisory Committee Level of Service Subcommittee suspended updates for Tier Two analyses due to concerns that data used are outdated while the Traffic Management System is installed. Field studies are still reviewed by the Level of Service Subcommittee for inclusion in the Multimodal Level of Service Report.

#### A. Purpose

The primary purpose of this report is to provide an estimate of roadway level of service possible for each state-maintained arterials, city and county collectors functioning as arterials, transitioning arterials or collectors, major nonstate roads and other nonstate roads within the Gainesville Metropolitan Area Boundary. All roadways are analyzed using Florida Department of Transportation Generalized Tables.

The purpose of providing bicycle, pedestrian and transit level of service, in addition to the automotive/highway level of service, is to inform and educate the Metropolitan Transportation Planning Organization for the Gainesville Urbanized Area, Alachua County and City of Gainesville elected officials and staffs, as well as, the public at-large regarding the Gainesville Metropolitan Area's multimodal transportation system and to provide a mechanism to monitor the implementation of the Livable Community Reinvestment Plan.

#### B. Scope of Study

The analysis of all Florida Department of Transportation -functionally classified roadways within the Gainesville Metropolitan Area Boundary which are classified higher than local roads are included in this report. Tables 1 through 3 show the data gathered and the automotive/highway analysis results for all roadways studied. Level of service data is graphically shown in Illustrations II through V for all arterials, collectors functioning as arterials and collectors.

Roadways which, when analyzed using the Florida Department of Transportation Generalized Tables, use 65 percent or more of the maximum service volume at the minimum acceptable level of service, are identified as "distressed."

Prior to the publication 2013 Quality/Level of Service Handbook, the 2002 Quality/Level of Service Handbook, was amended by Florida Department of Transportation Issue Papers. These amendments, provided the ability to determine the level of service for bicycle, pedestrian and transit levels of service and also updated Generalized Tables and LOSPLAN software. In 2003, the Level of Service Technical Advisory Subcommittee directed staff to incorporate these modes into the Multimodal Level of Service Report. Tables 4 through 6 consist of the bicycle level of service summary. Illustration VI shows the bicycle level of service. Tables 7 through 9 consist of the pedestrian level of service summary. Illustration VII shows the pedestrian level of service. Tables 10 through 12 consist of the transit level of service summary. Illustration VIII shows the transit level of service.

#### C. Results

Automotive/Highway level of service data for each roadway facility are provided for State-maintained, Alachua County-maintained and City of Gainesville-maintained roads within the Gainesville Metropolitan Area boundary. Tables 1 through 3 provide median Annual Average Daily Traffic counts and Florida Department of Transportation Generalized Tables, ARTPLAN, HIGHPLAN or FREEPLAN level of service data for these roads, maximum service volumes, laneage, signal density, median and/or left turn adjustments and adopted level of service standards for these roads.

## Metropolitan Transportation Planning Organization for the Gainesville Urbanized Area Multimodal Level of Service Report

Table 1 provides the summary for the State-maintained arterials, Table 2 provides the summary for the Alachua County-maintained roads and Table 3 provides the summary for the City of Gainesville-maintained roads. The roads are labeled S (State), A (Alachua County) or G (City of Gainesville) and an assigned arterial number. For example, S-4 is the designation of U.S. 441 from State Road 26 (University Avenue) to NW 29 Road. Roadway facilities which are part of the Strategic Intermodal System, Florida Intrastate Highway System, Metropolitan Transportation Planning Organization for the Gainesville Urbanized Area-designated multimodal corridors or are within a local government comprehensive plandesignated transportation mobility managed area are identified in the level of service tables.

In addition, Tables 4 through 12 provide a multimodal level of service summary for automotive/highway, bicycle, pedestrian and transit modes. Tables 4, 7 and 10 provide the summary for the State-maintained arterials, Tables 5, 8 and 11 provide the summary for the Alachua County-maintained roads and Tables 6, 9 and 12 provide the summary for the City of Gainesville-maintained roads.

Exhibit 5, in Appendix A, identifies the sensitive intersection for each ARTPLAN-analyzed facility. A sensitive intersection is the intersection for which its performance causes the facility to operate at an unacceptable level of service. Therefore, the maximum service volume for the sensitive intersection is the maximum service volume for the facility.

Summary pages for special circumstance studies are provided in Appendix G. Special circumstance studies include calculated levels of service and maximum service volumes for roadways which are subject to preconstruction planning studies for capacity enhancement and roadways which have had their capacities increased within the last year.

In 2008, the Technical Advisory Committee Level of Service Subcommittee suspended MTPO Staff-updated Tier Two analyses due to concerns that data used are outdated. Field studies are still reviewed by the Level of Service Subcommittee for inclusion in the <u>Multimodal Level of Service Report</u>.

# Chapter II Level of Service Analysis Results

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## **Chapter II: Level of Service Analysis Results**

#### A. Automotive/Highway

Illustration II shows the overall Gainesville Metropolitan Area automotive/highway level of service of federal aid-eligible facilities.

For State of Florida-maintained and federal aid-eligible facilities:

- Illustration III shows the Gainesville Metropolitan Area automotive/highway level of service; and
- Tables 1-A and 1-B identify the overall Gainesville Metropolitan Area automotive/highway level of service.

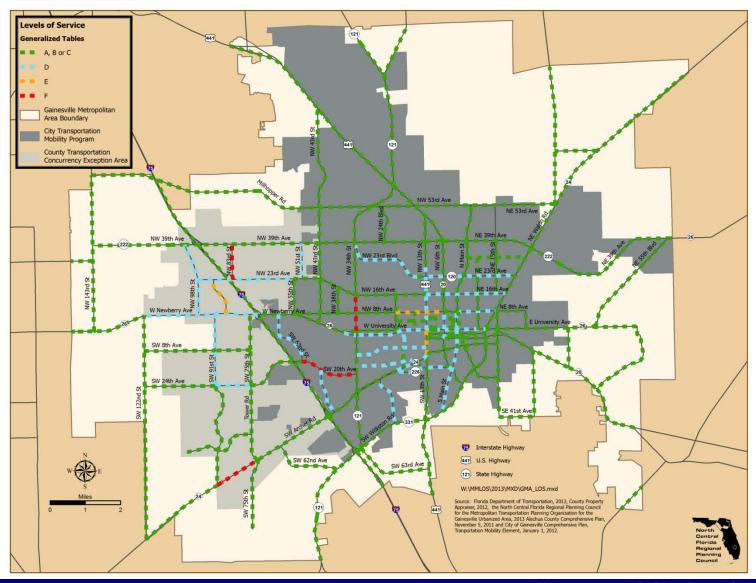
For Alachua County-maintained and federal aid-eligible facilities:

- Illustration IV shows the Gainesville Metropolitan Area automotive/highway level of service; and
- Tables 2-A and 2-B identify the overall Gainesville Metropolitan Area automotive/highway level of service.

For City of Gainesville-maintained and federal aid-eligible facilities:

- Illustration V shows the Gainesville Metropolitan Area automotive/highway level of service; and
- Tables 3-A and 3-B identify the overall Gainesville Metropolitan Area automotive/highway level of service.

Illustration II
Gainesville Metropolitan Area Level of Service



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Illustration III
Gainesville Metropolitan Area Level of Service - State - Maintained Roadways



Table 1-A **Automotive/Highway Level of Service Characteristics for State Roadways** 

Assigned Roadway Number	Roadway	From South or West Ternini	To North or West Termini	Special Note A	Number of Lanes B	Roadway Class c	Speed Limit (Miles Per Hour)	Median or Left Turn Adjustment p	
			URBANIZED	ROADWAYS I			(		
S-2	US 441 / SW 13 Street	SR 331/Williston Road	SR 24 / Archer Road	Multimodal Corridor	4-D	I State	45	NO	
S-3	US 441 / SW 13 Street	SR 24 / Archer Road	SR 26 / University Avenue	Multimodal Corridor	4-D	II State	30	NO	
S-4	US 441 / NW 13 Street	SR 26 / University Avenue	NW 29 Road	Multimodal Corridor	4-D	II State	35	NO	
S-5	US 441 / NW 13 Street	NW 29 Road	NW 23 Street	Multimodal Corridor	4-D	l State	45	NO	
S-6	SR 20 / NW 6 Street	NW 8 Avenue	SR 222 / NW 39 Avenue	-	4-U	II State	35	-5%	
S-7	SR 20 / NW 6 Street	SR 222 / NW 39 Avenue	US 441 / West 13 Street	-	4-U	II State	35	-5%	
S-8	SR 20 / Hawthorne Road	SR 24 / Waldo Road	SE 43 Street	SIS / FIHS / Multimodal Corridor	4-D	l State	45	NO	
S-9	SR 24 / Archer Road	SW 75 Street / Tower Road	Interstate -75	Multimodal Corridor	4-D	l State	45	NO	
S-10	SR 24 / Archer Road	Interstate -75	SR 121 / SW 34 Street	Multimodal Corridor	6-D	l State	45	NO	
S-11	SR 24 / Archer Road	SR 226 / SW 16 Avenue	US 441 / SW 13 Street	Multimodal Corridor	4-D	II State	35	NO	
S-12	SR 24 / Waldo Road	SR 26 / University Avenue	SR 222 / NE 39 Avenue	SIS Connector [part] / Multimodal Corridor	4-D	I State	45	NO	
S-14	SR 26 / Newberry Road	NW 122 Street	Interstate-75 [east ramp]	SIS / FIHS / Multimodal Corridor	4-D	I State	45	NO	
S-15	SR 26 / Newberry Road	Interstate -75 [east ramp]	NW 8 Avenue	Multimodal Corridor / Constrained	6-D	II State	35	NO	
S-16	SR 26 / Newberry Road	NW 8 Avenue	SR 121 / NW 34 Street	Multimodal Corridor	4-D	I State	40	NO	
S-17	SR 26 / University Avenue	SR 121 / West 34 Street	Gale Lemerand Drive	Multimodal Corridor / Constrained	3-U	II State	35	.5*4LnPDF+.5*2LnOPDF	
S-18	SR 26 / University Avenue	Gale Lemerand Drive	US 441/West 13 Street	Multimodal Corridor	4-D	II State	30	NO	
S-19	SR 26 / University Avenue	US 441/West 13 Street	SR 24 / Waldo Road	Multimodal Corridor	4-D	II State	30	NO	
S-20	SR 26 / University Avenue	SR 20 / Hawthorne Road	CR 329B / Lakeshore Drive	Multimodal Corridor	4-D	II State	30	NO	
S-21	SR 26A / SW 2 Avenue	SR 26 / Newberry Road	SR 121 / West 34 Street	Multimodal Corridor	2-D	II State	45	+5%	
S-22	SR 26A / SW 2 Avenue	SR 121 / SW 34 Street	SR 26 / University Avenue	Multimodal Corridor	2-U	II State	35	-20%	
S-23	SR 121 / SW 34 Street	SR 331/Williston Road	SR 24 / Archer Road	Multimodal Corridor	6-D	I State	45	NO	
S-24	SR 121 / SW 34 Street	SR 24 / Archer Road	SR 26 / University Avenue	Multimodal Corridor	6-D	I State	45	NO	
S-25	SR 121 / NW 34 Street	SR 26 / University Avenue	NW16 Avenue	Multimodal Corridor	2-D	II State	35	+5%	
S-26	SR 121 / NW 34 Street	NW 16 Avenue	SR 222 / NW 39 Avenue	Multimodal Corridor	2-U	I State	40	NO	
S-27	SR 121 / NW 34 Street	SR 222 / NW 39 Avenue	NW 53 Avenue	Multimodal Corridor 2-U		I State	40	NO	
S-29	SR 222 / NW 39 Avenue	NW 98 Street	NW 83 Street	SIS Connector	4-D	I State	45	NO	
S-30	SR 222 / North 39 Avenue	US 441/NW 13 Street	SR 24 / Waldo Road	SIS Connector	4-D	I State	45	NO	
S-31	SR 222 / NE 39 Avenue	SR 24 / Waldo Road	End of 4-lane section	SIS Connector	4-D	I State	45	NO	
S-32	SR 222 / NE 39 Avenue	End of 4-lane section	NE 27 Avenue	-	2-U	Unsignalized	55	NO	
S-33	SR 226 / SW 16 Avenue	SR 24 / Archer Road	US 441/SW13 Street	-	4-D	II State	35	NO	
S-34	SR 226 / SW 16 Avenue	US 441/SW13 Street	Main Street	-	4-D	II State	35	NO	
S-35	SR 226 / SE 16 Avenue	Main Street	SR 331/Williston Road	-	2-U	II State	35	NO	
S-36	SR 120A / North 23 Avenue	US 441/West 13 Street	SR 24 / Waldo Road	SIS Connector [part]	4-U	II State	35	-25%	

"Segment contains one or more traffic signals that have been converted to roundabouts/flashers.

CR - County Road, GMA - Gainesville Metropolitan Area, N/A - Not Applicable, NE - Northeast, NW - Northwest, SE - Southeast, SR - State Road, SW Southwest

# Table 1-A (Continued) Automotive/Highway Level of Service Characteristics for State Roadways

Assigned Roadway Number	Roadway	From South or West Termini	To North or West Termini	Special Note A	Number of Lanes B	Roadway Class c	Speed Limit (Miles Per Hour)	Median or Left Turn Adjustment D
				ROADWAYS I				
S-37	SR 20 / Main Street	University Avenue	North 8 Avenue	-	2-D	II State	30	+5%
S-38	SR 331 / SR 121	Interstate -75 (south)	US 441 / SW 13 Street	SIS / FIHS	4-D	I State	45	NO
S-39	SR 331 / Williston Road	US 441 / SW 13 Street	SR 26 / University Avenue	SIS / FIHS	4-D	I State	45	NO
S-40	SR 20 / NW 8 Avenue	NW 6 Street	North Main Street	-	4-D	II State	30	NO
S-41	Interstate -75	SR 331 / SR 121	SR 24 / Archer Road	SIS / FIHS	6-D	Freeway	70	N/A
S-42	Interstate -75	SR 24 / Archer Road	SR 26 / Newberry Road	SIS / FIHS	6-D	Freeway	70	N/A
S-43	Interstate -75	SR 26 / Newberry Road	SR 222 / NW 39 Avenue	SIS / FIHS	6-D	Freeway	70	N/A
S-46	SR 26 / University Avenue	CR 329B	Gainesville City Limit / GMA	Multimodal Corridor	2-U	I State	60	NO
S-47	SR 24 / Archer Road	SW 91 Street	SW 75 Street / Tower Road	Multimodal Corridor	2-D	I State	60	+5%
S-50	US 441	NW 23 Street	NW 126 Avenue	Multimodal Corridor	4-D	I State	60	NO
S-52	Interstate -75	SR 222 / NW 39 Avenue	GMA	SIS / FIHS	6-D	Freeway	70	N/A
S-53	SR 222 / North 39 Avenue	NW 51 Street	US 441/NW 13 Street	SIS Connector	4-D	I State	45	NO
S-54	SR 121 / NW 34 Street	NW 53 Avenue	US 441/NW 13 Street	Multimodal Corridor	2-U	I State	40	NO
S-55	SR 24 / Archer Road	SR 121 / SW 34 Street	SR 226 / SW 16 Avenue	Multimodal Corridor	6-D	I State	45	NO
S-56	SR 222 / NW 39 Avenue	NW 83 Street	NW 51 Street	SIS Connector	4-D	I State	45	NO
	•	•	TRANSITIONING	ROADWAYS J				
S-1	US 441 / SW 13 Street	Payne's Prairie	SR 331/Williston Road	Multimodal Corridor	4-D	I State	55	NO
S-13	SR 24 / Waldo Road	SR 222 / NE 39 Avenue	CR 232 / NE 53 Avenue	Multimodal Corridor	4-D	I State	45	NO
S-28	SR 121 / NW 22 Street	US 441 / NW 13 Street	NW 128 Lane	Multimodal Corridor	2-U	I State	45	NO
S-44	SR 121	Wacahoota Road	Interstate 75 (south)	Multimodal Corridor	2-U	I State	60	NO
S-45	SR 26 / Newberry Road	SW 154 Street	NW 122 Street	SIS / FIHS	4-D	I State	55	NO
S-48	SR 20 / Hawthorne Road	SE 43 Street	CR 329B / Lakeshore Drive	SIS / FIHS / Multimodal Corridor	4-D	I State	45	NO
S-49	SR 20 / Hawthorne Road	CR 329B	CR 2082	SIS / FIHS / Multimodal Corridor	4-D	Unsignalized	60	NO
S-51	Interstate -75	GMA	SR 331 / SR 121	SIS / FIHS	6-D	Freeway	70	N/A
S-57	SR 24 / Archer Road	CR 241 / Parker Road	SW 91 Street	-	2-U	I State	55	NO
S-58	SR 222 / NE 39 Avenue	NE 27 Avenue	State Road 26	-	2-U	I State	55	NO
S-59	SR 24 / Waldo Road	NE 53 Avenue	Milligan Still Road	-	4-D	l State	65	NO

Source: North Central Florida Regional Planning Council

 $<sup>{}^*</sup>Segment\ contains\ one\ or\ more\ traffic\ signals\ that\ have\ been\ converted\ to\ round abouts/flashers.$ 

CR - County Road, GMA - Gainesville Metropolitan Area, N/A - Not Applicable, NE - Northeast, NW - Northwest, SE - Southeast, SR - State Road, SW Southwest

Table 1-B
Automotive/Highway Level of Service Characteristics for State Roadways

Assigned					Maximum	Service Volume	F		Available		Level of S	Service
Roadway Number	Roadway	From South or West Termini	To North or East Termini	Adopted LOS Standard E	Table	Calculated	Negotiated	Percent of Capacity	Service Volume	AADT G	Table	Calculated
	_			URBANIZED ROAD	WAYS		_					
S-2	US 441/SW 13 Street	SR 331/Williston Road	SR 24 / Archer Road	E	39,800	-	TMPA	43%	22,600	17,200	С	-
S-3	US 441/SW 13 Street	SR 24 / Archer Road	SR 26 / University Avenue	E	33,800	-	TMPA	98%	800	33,000	E	-
S-4	US 441/NW 13 Street	SR 26 / University Avenue	NW 29 Road	E	33,800	-	TMPA	86%	4,708	29,092	D	-
S-5	US 441/NW 13 Street	NW 29 Road	NW 23 Street	E	39,800	-	TMPA	57%	17,050	22,750	С	-
S-6	SR 20 / NW 6 Street	NW 8 Avenue	SR 222 / NW 39 Avenue	E	32,110	-	TMPA	40%	19,110	13,000	С	-
S-7	SR 20 / NW 6 Street	SR 222 / NW 39 Avenue	US 441/West 13 Street	E	32,110	-	TMPA	27%	23,510	8,600	С	-
S-8	SR 20 / Hawthorne Road	SR 24 / Waldo Road	SE 43 Street	E	39,800	-	TMPA (part)	34%	26,200	13,600	С	-
S-9	SR 24 / Archer Road	SW 75 Street / Tower Road	Interstate -75	D	59,900	-	TCEA	45%	32,900	27,000	С	-
S-10	SR 24 / Archer Road	Interstate - 75	SR 121 / SW 34 Street	E	59,900	-	TMPA	75%	14,896	45,004	С	-
S-11	SR 24 / Archer Road	SR 226 / SW 16 Avenue	US 441 / SW 13 Street	E	33,800	-	TMPA	93%	2,300	31,500	D	-
S-12	SR 24 / Waldo Road	SR 26 / University Avenue	SR 222 / NE 39 Avenue	E	39,800	-	TMPA	60%	15,750	24,050	С	-
S-14	SR 26 / Newberry Road	NW 122 Street	Interstate-75 [east ramp]	D	39,800	-	TCEA (part)	97%	1,050	38,750	D	-
S-15	SR 26 / Newberry Road	Interstate -75 [east ramp]	NW 8 Avenue	E	59,900	-	TMPA	77%	13,900	46,000	С	-
S-16	SR 26 / Newberry Road	NW 8 Avenue	SR 121 / NW 34 Street	E	39,800	-	TMPA	80%	8,050	31,750	С	-
S-17	SR 26 / University Avenue	SR 121 / West 34 Street	Gale Lemerand Drive	E	23,600	-	TMPA	94%	1,350	22,250	С	-
S-18	SR 26 / University Avenue	Gale Lemerand Drive	US 441/West 13 Street	E	33,800	-	TMPA	84%	5,300	28,500	D	-
S-19	SR 26 / University Avenue	US 441/West 13 Street	SR 24 / Waldo Road	E	33,800	-	TMPA	57%	14,550	19,250	D	-
S-20	SR 26 / University Avenue	SR 20 / Hawthorne Road	CR 329B / Lakeshore Drive	E	39,800	-	TMPA (part)	24%	30,200	9,600	С	-
S-21	SR 26A / SW 2 Avenue	SR 26 / Newberry Road	SR 121 / West 34 Street	E	16,380	-	TMPA	86%	2,280	14,100	D	-
S-22	SR 26A / SW 2 Avenue	SR 121 / SW 34 Street	SR 26 / University Avenue	E	12,480	-	TMPA	93%	830	11,650	D	-
S-23	SR 121 / SW 34 Street	SR 331/ Williston Road	SR 24 / Archer Road	E	59,900	-	TCEA	42%	34,959	24,941	С	-
S-24	SR 121 / SW 34 Street	SR 24 / Archer Road	SR 26 / University Avenue	E	59,900	-	TMPA (part)	63%	21,900	38,000	С	-
S-25	SR 121 / NW 34 Street	SR 26 / University Avenue	NW 16 Avenue	E	16,380	-	TMPA	116%	(2,670)	19,050	F	-
S-26	SR 121 / NW 34 Street	NW 16 Avenue	SR 222 / NW 39 Avenue	E	17,700	-	TMPA	82%	3,200	14,500	С	-
S-27	SR 121 / NW 34 Street	SR 222/NW 39 Avenue	NW 53 Avenue	E	17,700	-	TMPA	85%	2,700	15,000	С	-
S-29	SR 222 / NW 39 Avenue	NW 98 Street	NW 83 Street	D	39,800	-	TCEA	51%	19,595	20,205	С	-
S-30	SR 222 / North 39 Avenue	US 441/NW 13 Street	SR 24 / Waldo Road	E	39,800	-	TMPA	43%	22,600	17,200	С	-
S-31	SR 222 / NE 39 Avenue	SR 24/Waldo Road	End of 4-lane section	E	39,800	-	TMPA	34%	26,300	13,500	С	-
S-32	SR 222 / NE 39 Avenue	End of 4-lane section	NE 27 Avenue	E	33,300	-	TMPA	30%	23,450	9,850	С	-
S-33	SR 226 / SW 16 Avenue	SR 24 / Archer Road	US 441/SW 13 Street	E	33,800	-	TMPA	54%	15,480	18,320	D	-
S-34	SR 226 / SW 16 Avenue	US 441 / SW 13 Street	Main Street	E	33,800	-	TMPA	51%	16,700	17,100	D	-
S-35	SR 226 / SE 16 Avenue	Main Street	SR 331/Williston Road	E	15,600	-	TMPA	47%	8,300	7,300	С	-
S-36	SR 120A / North 23 Avenue	US 441/West 13 Street	SR 24 / Waldo Road	F	25.350		TMPA	51%	12.450	12.900	D	

<sup>\*</sup>Segment contains one or more traffic signals that have been converted to roundabouts/flasher

CR - County Road, GMA - Gainesville Metropolitan Area, N/A - Not Applicable, NE - Northeast, NW - Northwest, SE - Southeast, SR - State Road, SW Southwest

#### Table 1-B (Continued) Automotive/Highway Level of Service Characteristics for State Roadways

Assigned					Maximum	Service Volume	F		Available		Level of S	Бегисе н
Roadway Number	Roadway	From South or West Termini	To North or East Termini	Adopted LOS Standard E	Table	Calculated	Negotiated	Percent of Capacity	Service Volume	AADT G	Table	Calculated
				URBANIZED ROAD	WAYS	I						
S-37	SR 20 / Main Street	University Avenue	North 8 Avenue	E	18,585	-	TMPA	73%	5,035	13,550	D	-
S-38	SR 331 / SR 121	Interstate -75 (south)	US 441/SW13 Street	E	39,800	-	TMPA (part)	58%	16,550	23,250	С	-
S-39	SR 331/Williston Road	US 441 / SW 13 Street	SR 26 / University Avenue	E	39,800	-	TMPA	48%	20,700	19,100	С	-
S-40	SR 20 / NW 8 Avenue	NW 6 Street	North Main Street	E	33,800	1	TMPA	43%	19,100	14,700	С	-
S-41	Interstate -75	SR 331 / SR 121	SR 24 / Archer Road	D	111,800	-	-	51%	54,300	57,500	В	-
S-42	Interstate -75	SR 24 / Archer Road	SR 26 / Newberry Road	D	111,800	-	-	65%	39,300	72,500	С	-
S-43	Interstate -75	SR 26 / Newberry Road	SR 222 / NW 39 Avenue	D	111,800	-	-	61%	43,300	68,500	С	-
S-46	SR 26 / University Avenue	CR 329B	Gainesville City Limit / GMA	D	17,700	-	TCEA (part)	25%	13,300	4,400	С	-
S-47	SR 24 / Archer Road	SW 91 Street	SW 75 Street / Tower Road	D	17,010	-	TCEA	113%	(2,190)	19,200	F	-
S-50	US 441	NW 23 Street	NW 126 Avenue	E	39,800	-	TCEA (part)	46%	21,600	18,200	С	-
S-52	Interstate -75	SR 222 / NW 39 Avenue	GMA	С	111,800	-	-	42%	64,300	47,500	В	-
S-53	SR 222 / North 39 Avenue	NW 51 Street	US 441/NW 13 Street	E	39,800	-	TMPA	68%	12,800	27,000	С	-
S-54	SR 121 / NW 34 Street	NW 53 Avenue	US 441/NW 13 Street	E	17,700	-	TMPA	55%	8,000	9,700	С	-
S-55	SR 24 / Archer Road	SR 121 / SW 34 Street	SR 226 / SW 16 Avenue	E	59,900	-	-	82%	10,650	49,250	С	-
S-56	SR 222 / NW 39 Avenue	NW 83 Street	NW 51 Street	D	39,800	-	TCEA	65%	13,800	26,000	С	-
	•	•	•	TRANSITIONING ROAL	OWAYS	J	•	•	•	•		
S-1	US 441 / SW 13 Street	Payne's Prairie	SR 331/ Williston Road	D	35,500	i	-	32%	24,200	11,300	С	-
S-13	SR 24 / Waldo Road	SR 222 / NE 39 Avenue	CR 232 / NE 53 Avenue	E	35,500	-	TCEA (part)	47%	18,700	16,800	С	-
S-28	SR 121 / NW 22 Street	US 441 / NW 13 Street	NW 128 Lane	E	16,200	-	TMPA (part)	58%	6,795	9,405	С	-
S-44	SR 121	Wacahoota Road	Interstate 75 (south)	D	16,200	-	-	51%	8,000	8,200	С	-
S-45	SR 26 / Newberry Road	SW 154 Street	NW 122 Street	D	35,500	-	-	51%	17,300	18,200	С	-
S-48	SR 20 / Hawthorne Road	SE 43 Street	CR 329B / Lakeshore Drive	D	35,500	-	-	32%	24,250	11,250	С	-
S-49	SR 20 / Hawthorne Road	CR 329B	CR 2082	D	62,900	-	-	14%	54,000	8,900	В	-
S-51	Interstate - 75	GMA	SR 331/SR 121	C	85,600	-	-	68%	27,319	58,281	В	-
S-57	SR 24 / Archer Road	CR 241 / Parker Road	SW 91 Street	D	16,200	-	-	87%	2,050	14,150	С	-
S-58	SR 222 / NE 39 Avenue	NE 27 Avenue	State Road 26	E	16,200	-	-	38%	10,000	6,200	С	-
S-59	SR 24 / Waldo Road	NE 53 Avenue	Milligan Still Road	D	35,500	-	-	41%	21,100	14.400	С	-

Source: North Central Florida Regional Planning Council

\*Segment contains one or more traffic signals that have been converted to roundabouts/flashers.

CR - County Road, GMA - Gainesville Metropolitan Area, N/A - Not Applicable, NE - Northeast, NW - Northwest, SE - Southeast, SR - State Road, SW Southwest

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Illustration IV
Gainesville Metropolitan Area Level of Service - Alachua County-Maintained Roadways



Table 2-A Automotive/Highway Level of Service Characteristics for Alachua County Roadways

Assigned Roadway Number	Roadway	From South or West Termini	To North or West Termini	Special Note A	Number of Lanes B			Median or Left Turn Adjustment
4 4 4 4 0 0 4 0	NW 53 Avenue	NW 71 Street	US 441 / NW 13 Street	Roadways I	0.11		45	
A-1/AC-010 A-3/AC-025	NW 43 Street	SR 26 / Newberry Road	NW 53 Avenue	-	2-U 4-D	I Non-State	45 45	-
A-6/AC-030	NW 43 Street	NW 53 Avenue	US 441	-	2-U	INon-State	55	-
A-9/AC-040	NW 23 Avenue	NW 98 Street	NW 55 Street	-	2-U 2-U	INon-State	45	-
A-9/AC-040 A-10/AC-035	NW 23 Avenue	NW 55 Street	NW 43 Street	-	4-D	INon-State	40	-
A-107AC-035 A-11	NW 16 Avenue	NW 43 Street	US 441/NW13 Street	-	4-D 4-D	INon-State	40	-
A-11 A-12	North 16 Avenue	US 441/NW 13 Street	SR 24 / Waldo Road	-	4-D 2-U	II Non-State	35	+5%
A-12 A-13/AC-090	SW 75 Street / Tower Road	SR 24/Archer Road	SW 8 Avenue	-	2-U 2-U	INon-State	40	
A-14/AC-090	NW 75 Street / Tower Road	SW 8 Avenue		-	2-U 4-D	INon-State		-
A-14 / AC-060	SW 20 Avenue	SW 8 Avenue SW 75 Street / Tower Road	SR 26/Newberry Road SW 62 Boulevard	- Multimodal Corridor	4-D 2-U	INon-State	40	-
	SW 20 Avenue	SW 62 Boulevard	SR 121 / West 34 Street			Non-State		-
A-16 / AC-055 A-17	North Main Street	NW 8 Avenue	North 23 Avenue	Multimodal Corridor	2-U 4-U	INon-State	35 40	-25%
A-17 A-18	North Main Street	NW 23 Avenue	SR 222 / North 39 Avenue	-	4-0 4-D	INon-State	45	-2376
A-19 / AC-095	NW 39 Avenue	NW 110 Terrace	NW 98 Street	-	2-U	INon-State	45	-
	SW 24 Avenue	SW 91 Street	SW 75 Street / Tower Road	-		Non-State		-
A-20/AC-065 A-21/AC-120	NW 51 Street	NW 23 Avenue	SR 222 / NW 39 Avenue	-	2-U 2-U	II Non-State	35 35	-
A-21/AC-120 A-22/AC-110	NW 98 Street	SR 26 / Newberry Road	CR 222 / NW 39 Avenue	-	2-U	II Non-State	35	-
A-22/AC-110 A-23/AC-130	NW 83 Street	NW 23 Avenue	SR 222 / NW 39 Avenue	-	2-U	Non-State	35	-
A-23/AC-150 A-24/AC-165	West 91 Street	SW 24 Avenue	SR 26 / Newberry Road	-	2-U	II Non-State	35	-
A-24/AC-100 A-26/AC-140	SW 8 Avenue	SW 91 Street	SW 75 Street / Tower Road	-	2-U	#Non-State	35	-
A-29/AC-280	Kincaid Loop	SR 20 / Hawthorne Road	SR 20 / Hawthorne Road	-	2-U	Non-State	35	-
A-30/AC-400	SW 40 Boulevard / SW 42 / 43 Street	SR 24 / Archer Road	SW 20 Avenue	-	2-D	II Non-State	35	+5%
A-33	SW 24 Avenue	SW 122 Street / Parker Road	SW 91 Street	-	2-U	I Non-State	45	-
A-36	SW 8 Avenue	SW 122 Street / Parker Road	SW 91 Street	-	2-U	I Non-State	45	=
A-38/AC-290	SE 43 Street	SR 20 / Hawthorne Road	SR 26 / East University Avenue	-	2-U	II Non-State	35	=
A-39/AC-270	SW 91 Street	Archer Road	SW 44 Avenue	-	2-D	II Non-State	35	+5%
A-45/AC-160	Fort Clarke Boulevard	SR 26 / Newberry Road	NW 23 Avenue	-	2-U	II Non-State	35	=
A-40/AC-180	SW 46 Boulevard	SW 104 Terrace	Tower Road	-	2-D	II Non-State	35	+5%
A-44/AC-095	SW 75 Street	GMA	SR 24 / Archer Road	_	2-U	II Non-State	35	_

<sup>&</sup>quot;Segment contains one or more traffic signals that have been converted to roundabouts/flashers.

CR - County Road, GMA - Gainesville Metropolitan Area, N/A - Not Applicable, NE - Northeast, NW - Northwest, SE - Southeast, SR - State Road, SW Southwest

# Table 2-A (Continued) Automotive/Highway Level of Service Characteristics for Alachua County Roadways

Assigned Roadway Number	Roadway	From South or West Termini	To North or West Termini	Special Note A	Number of Lanes B	Roadway Class c	Speed Limit (Miles Per	Median or Left Turn Adjustment D
			Transitioning I	Roadways J				
A-2/AC-005	North 53 Avenue	US 441 / NW 13 Street	SR 24 / Waldo Road	-	2-U	I Non-State	50	-
A-32/AC-240	West 143 Street / CR 241	SR 26 / Newberry Road	Millhopper Road	-	2-U	I Non-State	55	-
A-37/AC-100	NW 39 Avenue	CR 241	NW 110 Terrace	-	2-U	I Non-State	45	-
A-28/AC-275	Rocky Point Road	SR 331 / Williston Road	US 441 / SW 13 Street	-	2-U	I Non-State	45	-
A-34/AC-105	Millhopper Road	CR 241 / NW 143 Street	NW 71 Street	-	2-U	I Non-State	45	-
A-35/AC-210	SW 122 Street / Parker Road	SW 24 Avenue	SR 26 / Newberry Road	-	2-U	I Non-State	45	-
A-31/AC-285	Monteocha Road	NE 53 Avenue	11200 Block	-	3-U	I Non-State	55	-
A-41/AC-200	SW 62 Avenue / SW 63 Boulevard	SR 121	SR 24 / Archer Road	-	2-U	I Non-State	45	-
A-42/AC-295	CR 329B / Lakeshore Drive	SR 20 / Hawthorne Road	SR 26 / East University Avenue	-	2-U	II Non-State	35	-
A-43/AC-300	NE 77 Avenue / CR 225A	Monteocha Road	SR 24 / Waldo Road	-	2-U	II Non-State	30	-
A-46/AC-050	NW 32 Avenue	GMA	CR 241/NW 143 Street	-	2-U	II Non-State	35	-
A-47	CR 234	Prairie Creek Bridge	SE 73 Drive	-	2-U	I Non-State	55	-
A-48	SW 122 Street / Parker Road	Archer Road	SW 24 Avenue	-	2-U	I Non-State	45	-
A-49	CR 231	SR 121	13000 Block	-	2-U	INon-State	55	-

Source: North Central Florida Regional Planning Council

<sup>\*</sup>Segment contains one or more traffic signals that have been converted to roundabouts/flashers.

CR - County Road, GMA - Gainesville Metropolitan Area, N/A - Not Applicable, NE - Northeast, NW - Northwest, SE - Southeast, SR - State Road, SW Southwest

Table 2-B Automotive/Highway Level of Service Characteristics for Alachua County Roadways

Assigned					Maximum	n Service Volume	F		Available		Levelo	f Service н
Roadway		From South or West	To North or East	Adopted LOS				Percent of	Service			
Number	Roadway	Termini	Termini	Standard E	Table	Calculated	Negotlated	Capacity	Volume	AADT G	Table	Calculated
				Urbanized Roa	idways		_					
A-1/AC-010	NW 53 Avenue	NW 71 Street	US 441 / NW 13 Street	E	15,930	-	TMPA	76%	3,893	12,037	С	-
A-3/AC-025	NW 43 Street	SR 26 / Newberry Road	NW 53 Avenue	E	35,820	-	TMPA (part)	76%	8,689	27,131	С	-
A-6/AC-030	NW 43 Street	NW 53 Avenue	US 441	E	15,930	-	TMPA (part)	68%	5,128	10,802	С	-
A-9/AC-040	NW 23 Avenue	NW 98 Street	NW 55 Street	D	15,930	-	TCEA	99%	160	15,770	D	-
N-10/AC-035	NW 23 Avenue	NW 55 Street	NW 43 Street	E	35,820	-	TMPA	58%	14,999	20,821	С	-
A-11	NW 16 Avenue	NW 43 Street	US 441 / NW 13 Street	E	35,820	-	TMPA	57%	15,369	20,451	С	-
A-12	North 16 Avenue	US 441/NW 13 Street	SR 24 / Waldo Road	E	14,740	-	TCEA	82%	2,613	12,127	D	-
N-13/AC-090	SW 75 Street / Tower Road	SR 24 / Archer Road	SW 8 Avenue	D	15,930	-	TCEA	88%	1,875	14,055	С	-
-14/AC-085	NW 75 Street / Tower Road	SW 8 Avenue	SR 26/Newberry Road	D	35,820	-	TCEA	64%	12,847	22,973	С	-
-15/AC-060	SW 20 Avenue	SW 75 Street / Tower Road	SW 62 Boulevard	D	15,930	-	TCEA	93%	1,074	14,856	С	-
\-16/AC-055	SW 20 Avenue	SW 62 Boulevard	SR 121 / West 34 Street	E	14,040	-	TMPA	153%	(7,484)	21,524	F	-
A-17	North Main Street	NW 8 Avenue	North 23 Avenue	E	26,865	-	TMPA	51%	13,219	13,646	С	-
A-18	North Main Street	NW 23 Avenue	SR 222 / North 39 Avenue	E	35,820	-	TMPA	43%	20,555	15,265	С	-
A-19/AC-095	NW 39 Avenue	NW 110 Terrace	NW 98 Street	D	13,320	-	TCEA	86%	1,931	11,389	С	-
-20/AC-065	SW 24 Avenue	SW 91 Street	SW 75 Street / Tower Road	D	13,320	-	-	83%	2,198	11,122	D	-
A-21/AC-120	NW 51 Street	NW 23 Avenue	SR 222 / NW 39 Avenue	D	13,320	-	TMPA	67%	4,424	8,896	D	-
A-22/AC-110	NW 98 Street	SR 26 / Newberry Road	CR 222 / NW 39 Avenue	D	13,320	-	TCEA	77%	3,031	10,289	D	-
A-23/AC-130	NW 83 Street	NW 23 Avenue	SR 222 / NW 39 Avenue	D	13,320	-	TCEA	106%	(837)	14,157	F	-
A-24/AC-165	West 91 Street	SW 24 Avenue	SR 26 / Newberry Road	D	13,320	-	TCEA	58%	5,612	7,708	D	-
A-26/AC-140	SW 8 Avenue	SW 91 Street	SW 75 Street / Tower Road	D	13,320	-	TCEA	35%	8,641	4,679	С	-
-29/AC-280	Kincaid Loop	SR 20 / Hawthorne Road	SR 20 / Hawthorne Road	D	13,320	-	TMPA (part)	29%	9,394	3,926	С	-
A-30/AC-400	SW 40 Boulevard / SW 42 / 43 Street	SR 24 / Archer Road	SW 20 Avenue	E	14,740	-	TMPA	78%	3,289	11,451	D	-
A-33	SW 24 Avenue	SW 122 Street / Parker Road	SW 91 Street	D	15,930	-	TCEA (part)	41%	9,433	6,497	С	-
A-36	SW 8 Avenue	SW 122 Street / Parker Road	SW 91 Street	D	15,930	-	TCEA (part)	13%	13,932	1,998	С	-
-38/AC-290	SE 43 Street	SR 20 / Hawthorne Road	SR 26 / East University Avenue	D	13,320	-	-	25%	10,035	3,285	С	-
-39/AC-270	SW 91 Street	Archer Road	SW 24 Avenue	D	13,985	-	TCEA	46%	7,619	6,366	С	-
N-45/AC-160	Fort Clarke Boulevard	SR 26 / Newberry Road	NW 23 Avenue	D	13,320	-	TCEA	102%	(294)	13,614	E	-
\-40/AC-180	SW 46 Boulevard	SW 104 Terrace	Tower Road	D	13,985	-	TCEA	38%	8,728	5,257	С	-
-44/AC-095	SW 75 Street	GMA	SR 24 / Archer Road	D	13.320		TCEA	23%	10.197	3.123	C	

<sup>&</sup>quot;Segment contains one or more traffic signals that have been converted to roundabouts/flashers.

CR - County Road, GMA - Gainesville Metropolitan Area, N/A - Not Applicable, NE - Northeast, NW - Northwest, SE - Southeast, SR - State Road, SW Southwest

#### Multimodal Level of Service Report

#### Table 2-B (Continued) Automotive/Highway Level of Service Characteristics for Alachua County Roadways

Assigned					Maximum	Service Volume	F		Avallable		Levelo	f Service н
Roadway Number	Roadway	From South or West Termini	To North or East Termini	Adopted LOS Standard E	Table	Calculated	Negotlated	Percent of Capacity	Service Volume	AADT G	Table	Calculated
				Transitioning Roa	adways		The state of the s					
A-2/AC-005	North 53 Avenue	US 441/NW 13 Street	SR 24 / Waldo Road	E	15,930	-	TMPA (part)	79%	3,372	12,558	С	-
A-32/AC-240	West 143 Street / CR 241	SR 26 / Newberry Road	Millhopper Road	D	15,930	-	-	65%	5,522	10,408	С	-
A-37/AC-100	NW 39 Avenue	CR 241	NW 110 Terrace	D	15,930	-	-	60%	6,381	9,549	С	-
A-28/AC-275	Rocky Point Road	SR 331/Williston Road	US 441 / SW 13 Street	D	15,930	-	-	20%	12,710	3,220	С	-
A-34/AC-105	Millhopper Road	CR 241/NW 143 Street	NW 71 Street	D	15,930	-	TCEA (part)	37%	10,069	5,861	С	-
A-35/AC-210	SW 122 Street / Parker Road	SW 24 Avenue	SR 26 / Newberry Road	D	15,930	-	-	44%	8,999	6,931	С	-
A-31/AC-285	Monteocha Road	NE 53 Avenue	11200 Block	D	16,265	-	-	17%	13,439	2,826	С	-
A-41/AC-200	SW 62 Avenue / SW 63 Boulevard	SR 121	SR 24 / Archer Road	D	13,320	-	TCEA (part)	38%	8,240	5,080	С	-
A-42/AC-295	CR 329B / Lakeshore Drive	SR 20 / Hawthorne Road	SR 26 / East University Avenue	D	13,320	-	-	3%	12,879	441	С	-
A-43/AC-300	NE 77 Avenue / CR 225A	Monteocha Road	SR 24 / Waldo Road	D	13,320	-	-	5%	12,675	645	С	-
A-46 / AC-050	NW 32 Avenue	GMA	CR 241 / NW 143 Street	D	13,320	-	-	17%	11,078	2,242	С	-
A-47	CR 234	Prairie Creek Bridge	SE 73 Drive	D	15,930	-	-	12%	14,063	1,867	С	-
A-48	SW 122 Street / Parker Road	Archer Road	SW 24 Avenue	D	15,930	-	-	28%	11,524	4,406	С	-
A-49	CR 231	SR 121	13000 Block	D	15.930	-	-	20%	12.730	3,200	С	-

Source: North Central Florida Regional Planning Council

\*Segment contains one or more traffic signals that have been converted to roundabouts/flashers.

CR - County Road, GMA - Gainesville Metropolitan Area, N/A - Not Applicable, NE - Northeast, NW - Northwest, SE - Southeast, SR - State Road, SW Southwest

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Illustration V
Gainesville Metropolitan Area Level of Service - City of Gainesville/University of Florida Roadways

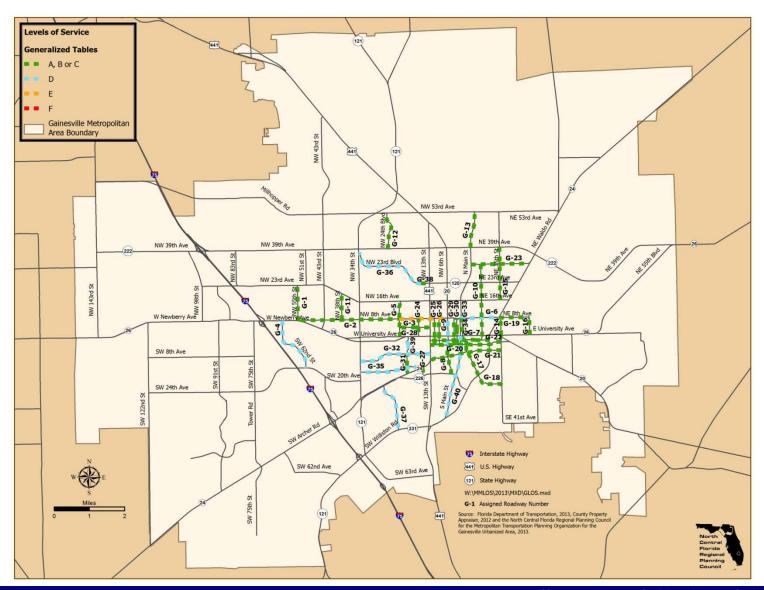


Table 3-A
Automotive/Highway Level of Service - City of Gainesville/University of Florida - Maintained Roadways

Assigned Roadway Number	Roadway	Ffrom South or West Termini	To North or West Termini	A Special Note	Number of B Lanes	Roadway C Class	Speed Limit (Miles Per	Median or  Left Turn Adjustment
Number	Ruauway	Tenini	Urbanized Roa		Lailes	CidSS	(IVIIIES FEI	Leit Fullt Aujustillerit
G-1	NW 55 Street	SR 26 / Newberry Road	NW 23 Avenue	-	2-U	II Non-State	30	-20%
G-2	North 8 Avenue	SR 26 / Newberry Road	West 22 Street	=	4-U	I Non-State	40	-5%
G-3	North 8 Avenue	NW 22 Street	NW 6 Street		2-U	II Non-State	35	+5%
G-4	SW 62 Boulevard	SR 26 / Newberry Road	SW 20 Avenue	-	2-U/4-U	II Non-State	35	=
G-36	NW 31 Avenue / Glen Springs Road	SR 121 / West 34 Street	NW16 Terrace	=	2-U	II Non-State	35	-
G-38	NW 23 Boulevard	NW 16 Terrace	US 441/West 13 Street	-	2-D	I Non-State	40	+5%
G-40	South Main Street	Williston Road	University Avenue	-	2-D/4-D	II Non-State	35	-
G-5	NW 22 Street	SR 26 / University Avenue	NW16 Avenue	=	2-U	II Non-State	25	=
G-6	North 8 Avenue	North Main Street	SR 24 / Waldo Road	-	2-U	II Non-State	30	=
G-7	South 2 Avenue	US 441/West 13 Street	SE 7 Street	-	2-D	II Non-State	30	+5%
G-9	West 6 Street	SW 4 Avenue	NW 8 Avenue	-	2-U	II Non-State	30	-20%
G-37	SW 23 Terrace	SR 331/Williston Road	SR 24 / Archer Road	-	2-U	II Non-State	35	+5%
G-8	West 6 Street	SW16 Avenue	SW 4 Avenue	-	4-D	II Non-State	35	-
G-10	NE 9 Street	SE 2 Avenue	NE 31 Avenue	-	2-U	II Non-State	35	-
G-11	NW 38 Street	NW 8 Avenue	NW16 Avenue	-	2-U	II Non-State	30	=
G-12	NW 24 Boulevard	SR 222 / NW 39 Avenue	NW 53 Avenue	-	2-U	II Non-State	30	-20%
G-13	North Main Street	SR 222/NW 39 Avenue	NW 53 Avenue	-	2-D	I Non-State	45	+5%
G-14	NE 15 Street	SR 26/East University Avenue	NE 8 Avenue	-	2-U	II Non-State	30	-20%
G-15	NE 15 Street	NE 16 Avenue	SR 222 / NE 39 Avenue	-	2-U	II Non-State	30	=
G-16	NE 25 Street	SR 26 / East University Avenue	NE 8 Avenue	-	2-U	II Non-State	30	-20%
G-17	SE 4 Street	SR 331/Williston Road	Depot Avenue	-	2-U	II Non-State	30	-20%
G-18	SE 4 Street - SE 22 Avenue	SR 331/Williston Road	SE 15 Street	-	2-U	II Non-State	35	-20%
G-19	North 8 Avenue	SR 24 / Waldo Road	NE 25 Street	-	2-U	II Non-State	30	-
G-20	South 4 Avenue	US 441/SW13 Street	SE 15 Street	-	2-D	II Non-State	30	+5%
G-21	SW 9 Road-Depot Avenue-SE 7 Avenue	US 441/SW13 Street	SE 15 Street	-	2-U	II Non-State	30	-
G-22	South 2 Avenue	SE 7 Street	SR 331/Williston Road		2-D	II Non-State	30	+5%
G-23	NE 31 Avenue	North Main Street	SR 24 / Waldo Road	-	2-U	II Non-State	30	-20%
G-24	NW 17 Street	SR 26 / West University Avenue	NW 8 Avenue	-	2-U	II Non-State	25	-20%
G-25	West 12 Street	SW 4 Avenue	North 8 Avenue	-	2-U	II Non-State	25	-20%
G-26	West 10 Street	SW 4 Avenue	NW 8 Avenue	=	2-U	II Non-State	25	=
G-27	SW 16 Street	SW16 Avenue	SR 24 / Archer Road	=	2-U	II Non-State	30	+5%
G-28	NW 5 Avenue	NW 22 Street	US 441/NW 13 Street	-	2-U	II Non-State	25	-20%

<sup>\*</sup>Segment contains one or more traffic signals that have been converted to roundabouts/flashers.

CR - County Road, GMA - Gainesville Metropolitan Area, N/A - Not Applicable, NE - Northeast, NW - Northwest, SE - Southeast, SR - State Road, SW Southwest

Table 3-A (Continued)
Automotive/Highway Level of Service - City of Gainesville/University of Florida - Maintained Roadways

Assigned Roadway Number	Roadway	Ffrom South or West Termini	To North or West Termini	A Special Note	Number of B Lanes	Roadway C Class	Speed Limit (Miles Per	Median or  Left Turn Adjustment
			Urbanized Roadw	ays I				
G-29	West 3 Street	SW 4 Avenue	NW 8 Avenue	-	2-U1-Way	II Non-State	30	-40%
G-30	West 2 Street	SW 4 Avenue	NW 8 Avenue	-	2-U1-Way	II Non-State	30	-40%
G-31	Gale Lemerand Drive	SR 24 / Archer Road	Museum Road	Univ. of Fla.	4-U	II Non-State	20	-5%
G-32	Radio Road-Museum Road	SR 121/South 34 Street	US 441 / South 13 Street	Univ. of Fla.	2-D	II Non-State	20	+5%
G-33	East 1 Street	SE 2 Place	NE 8 Avenue	-	2-U	II Non-State	30	-
G-34	East 3 Street	SE Depot Avenue	NE 2 Avenue	-	2-U	II Non-State	30	-
G-35	Hull Road-Mowry Road	SW 34 Street	Center Drive	Univ. of Fla.	2-U	II Non-State	20	-
G-39	Gale Lemerand Drive	Museum Road	SR 26 / West University Avenue	Univ. of Fla.	2-U	II Non-State	20	-
	•	,	Transitioning Roadwa	ays J			-	
-	None	-	-	_	-	=	_	=

<sup>&</sup>quot;Segment contains one or more traffic signals that have been converted to roundabouts/flashers.

CR - County Road, GMA - Gainesville Metropolitan Area, N/A - Not Applicable, NE - Northeast, NW - Northwest, SE - Southeast, SR - State Road, SW Southwest

Table 3-B Automotive/Highway Level of Service - City of Gainesville/University of Florida - Maintained Roadways

Assigned				Adopted LOS	Maximum	Service Volume	F		Avallable		Level	of Service
Roadway Number	Roadway	From South or West Termini	To North or East Termini	Standard E	Table	Calculated	Negotiated	Percent of Capacity	Service Volume	G AADT	Table	Calculated
realiiboi	Noddydy	Tomas	Toman	Urbanized Road		I	Nogotatoa	Oupdoity	Volunio	70101	Tubio	Guicalatea
G-1	NW 55 Street	SR 26 / Newberry Road	NW 23 Avenue	F	12,745	_	TMPA	72%	3,604	9,141	С	_
G-2	North 8 Avenue	SR 26 / Newberry Road	West 22 Street	E	34,030	-	TMPA	44%	19,217	14,813	C	-
G-3	North 8 Avenue	NW 22 Street	NW 6 Street	E	14,740	=	TMPA	98%	238	14,502	E	-
G-4	SW 62 Boulevard	SR 26 / Newberry Road	SW 20 Avenue	E	28,900	-	TMPA	65%	10,152	18,748	D	-
G-36	NW 31 Avenue / Glen Springs Road	SR 121/West 34 Street	NW 16 Terrace	E	14,040	-	TMPA	48%	7,334	6,706	D	-
G-38	NW 23 Boulevard	NW 16 Terrace	US 441/West 13 Street	E	16,725	-	TMPA	62%	6,409	10,316	С	-
G-40	South Main Street	Williston Road	University Avenue	E	30,420	-	TMPA	40%	18,220	12,200	D	-
G-5	NW 22 Street	SR 26 / University Avenue	NW 16 Avenue	F	14.040	-	TMPA	27%	10.305	3,735	С	_
G-6	North 8 Avenue	North Main Street	SR 24/Waldo Road	E	14,040	-	TMPA	67%	4,663	9,377	D	-
G-7	South 2 Avenue	US 441/West 13 Street	SE 7 Street	E	14,740	-	TMPA	39%	9,023	5,717	С	-
G-9	West 6 Street	SW 4 Avenue	NW 8 Avenue	E	11,230	-	TMPA	69%	3,519	7,711	D	-
G-37	SW 23 Terrace	SR 331/Williston Road	SR 24 / Archer Road	E	14,740	-	TMPA	56%	6,516	8,224	D	-
G-8	West 6 Street	SW 16 Avenue	SW 4 Avenue	F	30.420	-	TMPA	17%	25.101	5.319	С	-
G-10	NE 9 Street	SE 2 Avenue	NE 31 Avenue	E	14,040	-	TMPA	29%	9,978	4,062	C	-
G-11	NW 38 Street	NW 8 Avenue	NW 16 Avenue	E	14,040	-	TMPA	13%	12,259	1,781	С	-
G-12	NW 24 Boulevard	SR 222/NW 39 Avenue	NW 53 Avenue	E	11,230	-	TMPA	28%	8,129	3,101	С	-
G-13	North Main Street	SR 222/NW 39 Avenue	NW 53 Avenue	E	16,725	-	TMPA	35%	10,940	5,785	С	-
G-14	NE 15 Street	SR 26 / East University Avenue	NE 8 Avenue	E	11,230	-	TMPA	34%	7,357	3,873	С	-
G-15	NE 15 Street	NE 16 Avenue	SR 222 / NE 39 Avenue	E	14,040	-	TMPA	31%	9,631	4,409	С	-
G-16	NE 25 Street	SR 26 / East University Avenue	NE 8 Avenue	E	11,230	-	TMPA	37%	7,088	4,142	С	-
G-17	SE 4 Street	SR 331/Williston Road	Depot Avenue	E	11,230	-	TMPA	25%	8,422	2,808	С	-
G-18	SE 4 Street - SE 22 Avenue	SR 331/Williston Road	SE 15 Street	E	11,230	-	TMPA	40%	6,707	4,523	С	-
G-19	North 8 Avenue	SR 24/Waldo Road	NE 25 Street	E	14,040	-	TMPA	41%	8,254	5,786	С	-
G-20	South 4 Avenue	US 441/SW13 Street	SE 15 Street	E	14,740	-	TMPA	23%	11,414	3,326	С	-
G-21	SW 9 Road-Depot Avenue-SE 7 Avenue	US 441/SW13 Street	SE 15 Street	E	14,040	-	TMPA	37%	8,911	5,129	С	-
G-22	South 2 Avenue	SE 7 Street	SR 331/Williston Road	E	14,740	-	TMPA	10%	13,286	1,454	С	-
G-23	NE 31 Avenue	North Main Street	SR 24/Waldo Road	E	11,230	-	TMPA	16%	9,382	1,848	С	-
G-24	NW17 Street	SR 26 / West University Avenue	NW 8 Avenue	E	11,230	-	TMPA	24%	8,558	2,672	С	-
G-25	West 12 Street	SW 4 Avenue	North 8 Avenue	E	11,230	-	TMPA	32%	7,602	3,628	С	-
G-26	West 10 Street	SW 4 Avenue	NW 8 Avenue	E	14,040	-	TMPA	18%	11,495	2,545	С	-
G-27	SW16 Street	SW 16 Avenue	SR 24 / Archer Road	E	14,740	-	TMPA	28%	10,629	4,111	С	-
G-28	NW 5 Avenue	NW 22 Street	US 441/NW 13 Street	E	11,230	-	TMPA	17%	9,353	1,877	С	-
G-29	West 3 Street	SW 4 Avenue	NW 8 Avenue	E	8.845	-	TMPA	6%	8.355	490	С	-

CR - County Road, GMA - Gainesville Metropolitan Area, N/A - Not Applicable, NE - Northeast, NW - Northwest, SE - Southeast, SR - State Road, SW Southwest

#### Table 3-B (Continued) Automotive/Highway Level of Service - City of Gainesville/University of Florida - Maintained Roadways

Assigned				Adopted LOS	Maximun	n Service Volume	F		Available		Level	of Service
Roadway Number	Roadway	From South or West Termini	To North or East Termini	E Standard	Table	Calculated	Negotiated	Percent of Capacity	Service Volume	G AADT	Table	Calculated
				Urbanized Road	ways	I						
G-30	West 2 Street	SW 4 Avenue	NW 8 Avenue	E	8,845	-	TMPA	6%	8,278	567	С	-
G-31	Gale Lemerand Drive	SR 24/Archer Road	Museum Road	E	28,900	-	TMPA	36%	18,358	10,542	С	-
G-32	Radio Road-Museum Road	SR 121/South 34 Street	US 441/South 13 Street	E	14,740	-	TMPA	84%	2,292	12,448	D	-
G-33	East 1 Street	SE 2 Place	NE 8 Avenue	E	14,040	-	TMPA	22%	10,920	3,120	С	-
G-34	East 3 Street	SE Depot Avenue	NE 2 Avenue	E	14,040	-	TMPA	24%	10,667	3,373	С	-
G-35	Hull Road-Mowry Road	SW 34 Street	Center Drive	E	14,040	-	TMPA	59%	5,706	8,334	D	-
G-39	Gale Lemerand Drive	Museum Road	SR 26/West University Avenue	E	14,040	-	TMPA	82%	2,541	11,499	D	-
	•	•	•	Transitioning Roady	ays	J						
-	None	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

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<sup>&</sup>quot;Segment contains one or more traffic signals that have been converted to roundabouts/flashers.

CR - County Road, GMA - Gainesville Metropolitan Area, N/A - Not Applicable, NE - Northeast, NW - Northwest, SE - Southeast, SR - State Road, SW Southwest

#### Notes For Tables 1, 2 and 3 Automotive/Highway Level of Service Data within the Gainesville Metropolitan Area Boundary

<b>TABLE</b>	<u>NOTE</u>	DESCRIPTION
1,2,3 1,2	Α	<u>Constrained</u> means that it is not feasible to add through lanes to meet current or future traffic needs due to physical, environmental or policy constraints. <u>SIS</u> - Roadway facility is part of the Florida Strategic Intermodal System or an Strategic
1,2		Intermodal System Connector. These facilities are subject to the Florida Department of Transportation's adopted level of service standards in accordance with Procedure No. 525-000-006, Topic 525-000-006a.
1 1,2		<u>FIHS</u> - Roadway facility is part of the Florida Intrastate Highway System. <u>Multimodal Corridor</u> is a roadway within the Gainesville Metropolitan Area which has been identified in the <u>Gainesville Multimodal Corridor and Park and Ride Study</u> for multimodal use.
1,2,3	В	Number of lanes is the number of lanes continuing through a signalized intersection.
1,2,3	С	Roadway Class identifies the corridor analysis category in the revised Florida Department of Transportation Generalized Tables (December 18, 2012) of the <u>2013 Quality/Level of Service Handbook</u> .
1,2,3	D	Adjustments relate to the use of the Florida Department of Transportation Generalized Tables.
1,2,3	E	Minimum acceptable highway level of service (LOS) standards are established in local government comprehensive plans and apply to facilities within their respective jurisdictions regardless of the entity responsible for maintaining the facility. Alachua County utilizes areawide level of service standards.
1,2,3	F	Maximum service volumes for the minimum acceptable highway level of service are established by three different methods. Refer to Appendix A.
1,2,3		<u>Tables</u> - these Florida Department of Transportation Generalized Tables volumes are based on statewide averages and may not reflect local conditions. These tables are used as a preliminary estimate and are considered sufficiently accurate for arterials where the average annual daily traffic (AADT) counts do not exceed 65% of the Generalized Tables service volume.
2		Roadway Facility S-17 is analyzed as a three-lane roadway in which the Generalized Tables service volumes for two- and four-lane roadways were averaged to estimate three-lane service volumes.
1,2,3		<u>Calculated</u> - ARTPLAN, FREEPLAN and/ or HIGHPLAN are computer programs which provide a more accurate maximum service volume by allowing the use of local data in the analyses. These programs are used to estimate the service volume on arterials when the traffic counts exceed 65 percent of the Generalized Tables maximum service volume. [Updates of ARTPLAN files were suspended by the Level of Service Subcommittee in 2008]
1,2,3		Negotiated - service volumes set by agreements with the Florida Department of Transportation and/or Department of Economic Opportunity in areas which are established as special transportation areas, such as Transportation Mobility Program Areas, or on facilities which are designated as constrained.

# Notes For Tables 1, 2 and 3 (Continued) Automotive/Highway Level of Service Data within the Gainesville Metropolitan Area Boundary

<b>TABLE</b>	NOTE	<u>DESCRIPTION</u>
1,2,3	G	AADT - Tier One-analyzed facilities uses the median of the three most recent annual traffic counts at each count station, then the median volume of the traffic count station median volumes is defined as the roadway facility average annual daily traffic (AADT). Tier Two-analyzed facilities uses the median of the three most recent annual traffic counts for each SEGMENT average annual daily traffic (traffic count nearest the traffic signal for the approach analyzed) are used in the calculation of the facility average annual daily traffic. For ARTPLAN
		2012 analyses, the traffic volume at the "sensitive" (usually the highest volume to capacity (v/c) ratio) SEGMENT is reported as the roadway facility average annual daily traffic. In instances when a field study is conducted, then that single-year seasonal factor and axle
		factor-adjusted volume is reported as the roadway facility average annual daily traffic. In cases where the ratchet method for maximum service volume (MSV) calculation generates an available service volume greater than that calculated by ARTPLAN 2012, then AADT=MSV-ASV (available service volume). [In 2008, the LOS Subcommittee decided to use the latest year count rather than the three year median count and suspended Tier Two analyses during the
1		installation of the Traffic Management System project.] For Florida State Highway System roadways, the volumes are taken from the Florida
		Department of Transportation 2011 Traffic information compact disk.
2		For Alachua County roadways, the latest [year 2010] unfactored counts taken when the University of Florida, Santa Fe Community College and public schools are in session are used to determine current traffic.
3		For City of Gainesville roadways, the latest [year 2010, 2011 or 2012] unfactored counts taken when the University of Florida, Santa Fe Community College and public schools are in session are used to determine current traffic.
2,3		City and County arterials were analyzed using the Non-State service volume classifications as described in the 2013 Quality/Level of Service Handbook.
1,2,3	Н	<u>Tables</u> - FDOT Generalized Tables analyses for urban and transitioning areas.
1,2,3		ARTPLAN - software used to estimate arterial highway level of service which replicates the calculations shown in the 2010 Highway Capacity Manual. Highway LOS of arterials which have median AADT counts which exceed 65 percent of the Generalized Tables service volume at the minimum assentable highway LOS were applying ABTPLAN.
1		at the minimum acceptable highway LOS were analyzed using ARTPLAN.  FREEPLAN, software used to estimate limited-access (freeway) highway level of service, was used to analyze limited-access highways which exceed 65% of the Generalized Tables service volume at the minimum acceptable highway level of service.
1		<u>HIGHPLAN</u> , software used to estimate urban 2-lane highway level of service, was used to analyze urban 2-lane highways which exceed 65% of the Generalized Tables service volume at the minimum acceptable highway level of service.
1,2,3	I	<u>Urbanized Areas</u> are the 2010 urbanized areas designated by the U.S. Bureau of Census as well as the surrounding geographical areas as agreed upon by the Florida Department of Transportation, the Metropolitan Transportation Planning Organization and the Federal Highway Administration.
1,2	J	<u>Transitioning Areas</u> are the areas outside urbanized areas that are planned to be included within the urbanized areas within the next 20 years based primarily on the U.S. Bureau of Census urbanized criteria of a population density of at least 1,000 people per square mile.

#### B. Bicycle, Pedestrian and Transit

Illustration VI shows the overall Gainesville Metropolitan Area bicycle level of service of federal aideligible facilities. For State of Florida-maintained and federal aid-eligible facilities, Table 4 identifies the overall Gainesville Metropolitan Area bicycle level of service. For Alachua County-maintained and federal aid-eligible facilities, Table 5 identifies the overall Gainesville Metropolitan Area bicycle level of service. For City of Gainesville-maintained and federal aid-eligible facilities, Table 6 identifies the overall Gainesville Metropolitan Area bicycle level of service.

Illustration VII shows the overall Gainesville Metropolitan Area pedestrian level of service of federal aideligible facilities. For State of Florida-maintained and federal aid-eligible facilities, Table 7 identifies the overall Gainesville Metropolitan Area pedestrian level of service. For Alachua County-maintained and federal aid-eligible facilities, Table 8 identifies the overall Gainesville Metropolitan Area pedestrian level of service. For City of Gainesville-maintained and federal aid-eligible facilities, Table 9 identifies the overall Gainesville Metropolitan Area pedestrian level of service.

Illustration VIII shows the overall Gainesville Metropolitan Area transit level of service of federal aideligible facilities. For State of Florida-maintained and federal aid-eligible facilities, Table 10 identifies the overall Gainesville Metropolitan Area transit level of service. For Alachua County-maintained and federal aid-eligible facilities, Table 11 identifies the overall Gainesville Metropolitan Area transit level of service. For City of Gainesville-maintained and federal aid-eligible facilities, Table 12 identifies the overall Gainesville Metropolitan Area transit level of service.

Illustration VI
Gainesville Metropolitan Area Bicycle Level of Service



Table 4
Bicycle Level of Service - State - Maintained Roadways

			To North or East Termini		Facility Factors			Level of Service
Assigned Roadway Number	Roadway	From South or West Termini		Outside Lane Width	Pavement Condition	Bikelane/ Paved Shoulder	Average Dally Traffic	
		•	Urbanized Roads	vays				
S-2	US 441/SW13 Street	SR 331/Williston Road	SR 24 / Archer Road	Typical	Typical	Yes	17,200	В
S-3	US 441/SW13 Street	SR 24 / Archer Road	SR 26 / University Avenue	Wide	Typical	No	33,000	E
S-4	US 441/NW 13 Street	SR 26 / University Avenue	NW 29 Road	Wide	Typical	No	29,092	D
S-5	US 441/NW 13 Street	NW 29 Road	NW 23 Street	Typical	Typical	Yes	22,750	В
S-6	SR 20 / NW 6 Street	NW 8 Avenue	SR 222 / NW 39 Avenue	Typical	Typical	No	13,000	D
S-7	SR 20 / NW 6 Street	SR 222 / NW 39 Avenue	US 441/West 13 Street	Typical	Typical	No	8,600	D
S-8	SR 20 / Hawthorne Road	SR 24 / Waldo Road	SE 43 Street	Typical	Typical	Yes	13,600	В
S-9	SR 24 / Archer Road	SW 75 Street / Tower Road	Interstate - 75	Typical	Typical	Yes	27,000	С
S-10	SR 24 / Archer Road	Interstate -75	SR 121 / SW 34 Street	Wide	Typical	No	45,004	E
S-11	SR 24 / Archer Road	SR 226 / SW16 Avenue	US 441/SW13 Street	Typical	Typical	Yes	31,500	Α
S-12	SR 24 / Waldo Road	SR 26 / University Avenue	SR 222 / NE 39 Avenue	Typical	Typical	Yes	24,052	В
S-14	SR 26 / Newberry Road	NW 122 Street	Interstate-75 [east ramp]	Typical	Typical	Yes	38,750	D
S-15	SR 26 / Newberry Road	Interstate -75 [east ramp]	NW 8 Avenue	Typical	Typical	Yes	46,000	E
S-16	SR 26 / Newberry Road	NW 8 Avenue	SR 121 / NW 34 Street	Typical	Typical	Yes	31,750	E
S-17	SR 26 / University Avenue	SR 121 / West 34 Street	Gale Lemerand Drive	Typical	Typical	Yes	22,250	С
S-18	SR 26 / University Avenue	Gale Lemerand Drive	US 441/West 13 Street	Typical	Typical	Yes	28,500	В
S-19	SR 26 / University Avenue	US 441/West 13 Street	SR 24 / Waldo Road	Typical	Typical	Yes	19,250	D
S-20	SR 26 / University Avenue	SR 20 / Hawthorne Road	CR 329B / Lakeshore Drive	Wide	Typical	No	9,600	D
S-21	SR 26A / SW 2 Avenue	SR 26 / Newberry Road	SR 121 / West 34 Street	Typical	Typical	Yes	14,100	В
S-22	SR 26A / SW 2 Avenue	SR 121 / SW 34 Street	SR 26 / University Avenue	Typical	Typical	Yes	11,650	В
S-23	SR 121 / SW 34 Street	SR 331/Williston Road	SR 24 / Archer Road	Typical	Typical	Yes	24,941	В
S-24	SR 121 / SW 34 Street	SR 24 / Archer Road	SR 26 / University Avenue	Typical	Typical	Yes	38,000	С
S-25	SR 121 / NW 34 Street	SR 26 / University Avenue	NW 16 Avenue	Wide	Typical	No	19,050	E
S-26	SR 121 / NW 34 Street	NW 16 Avenue	SR 222 / NW 39 Avenue	Typical	Typical	Yes	14,500	E
S-27	SR 121 / NW 34 Street	SR 222 / NW 39 Avenue	NW 53 Avenue	Typical	Typical	Yes	15,000	В
S-29	SR 222 / NW 39 Avenue	NW 98 Street	NW 83 Street	Typical	Typical	Yes	20,205	В
S-30	SR 222 / North 39 Avenue	US 441/NW13 Street	SR 24 / Waldo Road	Typical	Typical	Yes	17,200	В
S-31	SR 222 / NE 39 Avenue	SR 24 / Waldo Road	End of 4-lane section	Typical	Typical	Yes	13,500	В
S-32	SR 222 / NE 39 Avenue	End of 4-lane section	NE 27 Avenue	Typical	Typical	Yes	9,850	В
S-33	SR 226 / SW 16 Avenue	SR 24 / Archer Road	US 441/SW13 Street	Typical	Typical	No	18,320	E
S-34	SR 226 / SW 16 Avenue	US 441/SW13 Street	Main Street	Typical	Typical	No	17,100	D
S-35	SR 226 / SE 16 Avenue	Main Street	SR 331/Williston Road	Typical	Typical	Yes	7,300	В
S-36	SR 120A / North 23 Avenue	US 441/West 13 Street	SR 24 / Waldo Road	Typical	Typical	No	12,900	D

### Table 4 (Continued) Bicycle Level of Service - State - Maintained Roadways

					Facility Facto	rs		
Assigned Roadway Number	Roadway Fr	From South or West Termini		Outside Lane Width	P avement C ondition	Bikelane/ Paved Shoulder	A verage Daily Traffic	Level of Service
			Urbanized Road	lways			•	
S-37	SR 20 / Main Street	University Avenue	North 8 A venue	Typical	Typical	Yes	13,550	В
S-38	SR 33 1/ SR 121	Interstate -75 (south)	US 441/SW 13 Street	Typical	Typical	Yes	23,250	С
S-39	SR 331/WillistonRoad	US 441 / SW 13 Street	SR 26 / University Avenue	Typical	Typical	Yes	19,100	В
S-40	SR 20 / NW 8 A venue	NW 6 Street	North Main Street	Typical	Typical	Yes	14,700	В
S-41	Interstate -75	SR331/SR121	SR 24 / Archer Road	N/A	N/A	N/A	57,500	N/A
S-42	Interstate -75	SR24 / Archer Road	SR 26 / Newberry Road	N/A	N/A	N/A	72,500	N/A
S-43	Interstate -75	SR26 / NewberryRoad	SR 222 / NW 39 A venue	N/A	N/A	N/A	68,500	N/A
S-46	SR 26 / University Avenue	CR 329B	Gainesville City Limit / GM A	Typical	Typical	Yes	4,400	В
S-47	SR 24 / Archer Road	SW 91 Street	SW 75 Street / Tower Road	Typical	Typical	Yes	19,200	В
S-50	US 441	NW 23 Street	NW 126 A venue	Typical	Typical	Yes	18,200	С
S-52	Interstate -75	SR 222 / NW 39 Avenue	GM A	N/A	N/A	N/A	47,500	N/A
S-53	SR 222 / North 39 Avenue	NW 51 Street	US 44 1/ NW 13 Street	Typical	Typical	Yes	27,000	С
S-54	SR 121 / NW 34 Street	NW 53 Avenue	US 44 1/ NW 13 Street	Typical	Typical	Yes	9,700	В
S-55	SR 24 / Archer Road	SR 121 / SW 3 4 Street	SR 226 / SW 16 Avenue	Wide	Typical	No	49,250	В
S-56	SR 222 / NW 39 A venue	NW 83 Street	NW 51 Street	Typical	Typical	No	26,000	С
	•	•	T ransitioning Ro	adways				
S-1	US 441/SW 13 Street	Payne's Prairie	SR 33 1/ Williston Road	Typical	Typical	Yes	11,300	В
S-13	SR 24 / Wald o Road	SR 222 / NE 39 Avenue	CR 232 / NE 53 Avenue	Typical	Typical	Yes	16,800	В
S-28	SR 121 / NW 22 Street	US 441 / NW 13 Street	NW 128 Lane	Typical	Typical	Yes	9,405	С
S-44	SR 121	Wacaho ot a Road	Interstate 75 (south)	Typical	Typical	Yes	8,200	С
S-45	SR 26 / NewberryRoad	SW 154 Street	NW 122 Street	Typical	Typical	Yes	18,200	С
S-48	SR 20 / Haw thorne Road	SE 43 Street	CR 329B / Lakeshore Drive	Typical	Typical	Yes	11,250	С
S-49	SR 20 / Haw thorne Road	CR 329B	CR 2082	Typical	Typical	Yes	8,900	С
S-51	Interstate -75	GM A	SR 331/ SR 121	N/A	N/A	N/A	58,281	N/A
S-57	SR 24 / Archer Road	CR 241/ Parker Road	SW 91 Street	Typical	Typical	Yes	14,150	В
S-58	SR 222 / NE 39 Avenue	NE27A venue	State Road 26	Typical	Typical	Yes	6,200	В
S-59	SR 24 / Wald o Road	NE 53 A venue	Milligan Still Road	Typical	Typical	Yes	14,400	С

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Source: North Central Florida Regional Planning Council

Note: This table is not intended to be used for concurrency management purposes, since bike, pedestrian or transit LOS Standards do not exist. It is for information only.

	Facility Factor O	ptions
Outside Lane Width	P avement C ondition	Bikelane / Paved Shoulder
Narrow	Desirable	Yes/No
Typical	Typical	
Wide	Und esi rab le	
Custom	-	-

CR - County Road, GM A - Gainesville Metro politan Area, N/A - Not Applicable, NE - Northeast, NW - Northwest, SE - Southeast, SR - State Road, SW Southwest

<sup>\*</sup> Data for highest segment identified

Table 5
Bicycle Level of Service - Alachua County - Maintained Roadways

					Facility Factors			Level of Service
Assigned Roadway Number	Roadway	From South or West TemInI	To North or East Termini	Outside Lane Width	Pavement Condition	Bikelane/ Paved Shoulder	Average Daily Traffic	
			Urbanized Roadway	rs				
A-1/AC-010	NW 53 Avenue	NW 71 Street	US 441/NW13 Street	Typical	Typical	Yes	12,037	В
A-3/AC-025	NW 43 Street	SR 26 / Newberry Road	NW 53 Avenue	Typical	Typical	Yes	27,131	С
A-6/AC-030	NW 43 Street	NW 53 Avenue	US 441	Typical	Typical	Yes	10,802	В
A-9/AC-040	NW 23 Avenue	NW 98 Street	NW 55 Street	Typical	Typical	Yes	15,770	D
-10/AC-035	NW 23 Avenue	NW 55 Street	NW 43 Street	Typical	Typical	Yes	20,821	D
A-11	NW 16 Avenue	NW 43 Street	US 441 / NW 13 Street	Typical	Typical	Yes	20,451	D
A-12	North 16 Avenue	US 441 / NW 13 Street	SR 24 / Waldo Road	Typical	Typical	Yes	12,127	С
-13/AC-090	SW 75 Street / Tower Road	SR 24 / Archer Road	SW 8 Avenue	Typical	Typical	Yes	14,055	E
-14/AC-085	NW 75 Street / Tower Road	SW 8 Avenue	SR 26/Newberry Road	Typical	Typical	No	22,973	D
-15/AC-060	SW 20 Avenue	SW 75 Street / Tower Road	SW 62 Boulevard	Typical	Typical	Yes	14,856	С
-16/AC-055	SW 20 Avenue	SW 62 Boulevard	SR 121 / West 34 Street	Typical	Typical	Yes	21,524	С
A-17	North Main Street	NW 8 Avenue	North 23 Avenue	Typical	Typical	Yes	13,646	С
A-18	North Main Street	NW 23 Avenue	SR 222 / North 39 Avenue	Typical	Typical	Yes	15,265	В
-19/AC-095	NW 39 Avenue	NW 110 Terrace	NW 98 Street	Typical	Typical	Yes	11,389	Α
-20/AC-065	SW 24 Avenue	SW 91 Street	SW 75 Street / Tower Road	Typical	Typical	No	11,122	E
\-21/AC-120	NW 51 Street	NW 23 Avenue	SR 222 / NW 39 Avenue	Typical	Typical	Yes	8,896	С
N-22/AC-110	NW 98 Street	SR 26 / Newberry Road	CR 222 / NW 39 Avenue	Typical	Typical	No	10,289	D
-23/AC-130	NW 83 Street	NW 23 Avenue	SR 222 / NW 39 Avenue	Typical	Typical	No	14,157	E
-24/AC-165	West 91 Street	SW 24 Avenue	SR 26 / Newberry Road	Typical	Typical	No	7,708	D
-26/AC-140	SW 8 Avenue	SW 91 Street	SW 75 Street / Tower Road	Typical	Typical	Yes	4,679	А
-29/AC-280	Kincaid Loop	SR 20 / Hawthorne Road	SR 20 / Hawthorne Road	Typical	Typical	No	3,926	С
-30/AC-400	SW 40 Boulevard / SW 42 / 43 Street	SR 24 / Archer Road	SW 20 Avenue	Typical	Typical	No	11,451	E
A-33	SW 24 Avenue	SW 122 Street / Parker Road	SW 91 Street	Typical	Typical	No	6,497	D
A-36	SW 8 Avenue	SW 122 Street / Parker Road	SW 91 Street	Typical	Typical	No	1,998	С
-38/AC-290	SE 43 Street	SR 20 / Hawthorne Road	SR 26 / East University Avenue	Typical	Typical	No	3,285	D
-39/AC-270	SW 91 Street	Archer Road	SW 44 Avenue	Typical	Typical	Yes	6,366	В
-45/AC-160	Fort Clarke Boulevard	SR 26 / Newberry Road	NW 23 Avenue	Typical	Typical	No	13,614	D
-40/AC-180	SW 46 Boulevard	SW 104 Terrace	Tower Road	Typical	Typical	No	5,257	D
-44/AC-095	SW 75 Street	GMA	SR 24 / Archer Road	Typical	Typical	No	3,123	С

#### Table 5 (Continued) **Bicycle Level of Service - Alachua County - Maintained Roadways**

					Facility Factors			Level of Service
Assigned Roadway Number	Roadway	From South or West Temini	To North or East Termini	Outside Lane Width	Pavement Condition	Bikelane/ Paved Shoulder	Average Daily Traffic	
		•	Transitioning Roadwa	ys			·	
A-2/AC-005	North 53 Avenue	US 441 / NW 13 Street	SR 24 / Waldo Road	Typical	Typical	Yes	12,558	С
A-32/AC-240	West 143 Street / CR 241	SR 26 / Newberry Road	Millhopper Road	Typical	Typical	Yes	10,408	С
A-37 / AC-100	NW 39 Avenue	CR 241	NW 110 Terrace	Typical	Typical	Yes	9,549	С
A-28/AC-275	Rocky Point Road	SR 331 / Williston Road	US 441 / SW 13 Street	Typical	Typical	Yes	3,220	С
N-34/AC-105	Millhopper Road	CR 241 / NW 143 Street	NW 71 Street	Typical	Typical	Yes	5,861	С
N-35 / AC-210	SW 122 Street / Parker Road	SW 24 Avenue	SR 26 / Newberry Road	Typical	Typical	Yes	6,931	С
N-31/AC-285	Monteocha Road	NE 53 Avenue	11200 Block	Typical	Typical	Yes	2,826	Α
A-41/AC-200	SW 62 Avenue / SW 63 Boulevard	SR 121	SR 24 / Archer Road	Typical	Typical	No	5,080	D
\-42/AC-295	CR 329B / Lakeshore Drive	SR 20 / Hawthorne Road	SR 26 / East University Avenue	Typical	Typical	No	441	С
-43/AC-300	NE 77 Avenue / CR 225A	Monteocha Road	SR 24 / Waldo Road	Typical	Typical	No	645	В
N-46/AC-050	NW 32 Avenue	GMA	CR 241 / NW 143 Street	Typical	Typical	No	2,242	С
A-47	CR 234	Prairie Creek Bridge	SE 73 Drive	Typical	Typical	Yes	1,867	С
A-48	SW 122 Street / Parker Road	Archer Road	SW 24 Avenue	Typical	Typical	Yes	4,406	В
A-49	CR 231	SR 121	13000 Block	Typical	Typical	No	3,200	D

Source: North Central Florida Regional Planning Council

CR - County Road, GMA - Gainesville Metropolitan Area, N/A - Not Applicable, NE - Northeast, NW - Northwest, SE - Southeast, SR - State Road, SW Southwest, OTSA- Outside Transit Service Area \* Data for highest segment identified

F	acility Factor Options	
Outside Lane Width	Pavement Condition	Bikelane / Paved Shoulder
Narrow	Desirable	Yes/No
Typical	Typical	
Wide	Undesirable	
Custom	-	-

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Table 6
Bicycle Level of Service - City of Gainesville/University of Florida - Maintained Roadways

					Facility Factors			
Assigned Roadway Number	Roadway	From South or West Termini	To North or East Termini	Outside Lane Width	Pavement Condition	Bikelane/ Paved Shoulder	Average Dally Traffic	Level of Service
			Urbanized Roadways					
G-1	NW 55 Street	SR 26 / Newberry Road	NW 23 Avenue	Typical	Typical	Yes	9,141	В
G-2	North 8 Avenue	SR 26 / Newberry Road	West 22 Street	Typical	Typical	No	14,813	D
G-3	North 8 Avenue	NW 22 Street	NW 6 Street	Typical	Typical	No	14,502	E
G-4	SW 62 Boulevard	SR 26 / Newberry Road	SW 20 Avenue	Typical	Typical	No	18,748	E
G-36	NW 31 Avenue / Glen Springs Road	SR 121 / West 34 Street	NW 16 Terrace	Typical	Typical	No	6,706	D
G-38	NW 23 Boulevard	NW 16 Terrace	US 441/West 13 Street	Typical	Typical	Yes	10,316	В
G-40	South Main Street	Williston Road	University Avenue	Typical	Typical	Yes	12,200	С
G-5	NW 22 Street	SR 26 / University Avenue	NW 16 Avenue	Typical	Typical	No	3,735	С
G-6	North 8 Avenue	North Main Street	SR 24 / Waldo Road	Typical	Typical	No	9,377	D
G-7	South 2 Avenue	US 441/West 13 Street	SE 7 Street	Typical	Typical	Yes	5,717	Α
G-9	West 6 Street	SW 4 Avenue	NW 8 Avenue	Typical	Typical	No	7,711	В
G-37	SW 23 Terrace	SR 331/Williston Road	SR 24 / Archer Road	Typical	Typical	Yes	8,224	В
G-8	West 6 Street	SW 16 Avenue	SW 4 Avenue	Typical	Typical	No	5,319	С
G-10	NE 9 Street	SE 2 Avenue	NE 31 Avenue	Typical	Typical	Yes	4,062	Α
G-11	NW 38 Street	NW 8 Avenue	NW 16 Avenue	Typical	Typical	Yes	1,781	Α
G-12	NW 24 Boulevard	SR 222 / NW 39 Avenue	NW 53 Avenue	Typical	Typical	No	3,101	С
G-13	North Main Street	SR 222 / NW 39 Avenue	NW 53 Avenue	Wide	Typical	No	5,785	С
G-14	NE 15 Street	SR 26 / East University Avenue	NE 8 Avenue	Wide	Typical	No	3,873	С
G-15	NE 15 Street	NE 16 Avenue	SR 222 / NE 39 Avenue	Wide	Typical	No	4,409	С
G-16	NE 25 Street	SR 26 / East University Avenue	NE 8 Avenue	Typical	Typical	No	4,142	С
G-17	SE 4 Street	SR 331/Williston Road	Depot Avenue	Typical	Typical	No	2,808	С
G-18	SE 4 Street - SE 22 Avenue	SR 331/Williston Road	SE 15 Street	Typical	Typical	No	4,523	D
G-19	North 8 Avenue	SR 24 / Waldo Road	NE 25 Street	Wide	Typical	No	5,786	С
G-20	South 4 Avenue	US 441/SW 13 Street	SE 15 Street	Typical	Typical	No	3,326	С
G-21	SW 9 Road-Depot Avenue-SE 7 Avenue	US 441/SW 13 Street	SE 15 Street	Typical	Typical	No	5,129	С
G-22	South 2 Avenue	SE 7 Street	SR 331 / Williston Road	Typical	Typical	Yes	1,454	Α
G-23	NE 31 Avenue	North Main Street	SR 24 / Waldo Road	Typical	Typical	No	1,848	С
G-24	NW 17 Street	SR 26 / West University Avenue	NW 8 Avenue	Typical	Typical	Yes	2,672	Α
G-25	West 12 Street	SW 4 Avenue	North 8 Avenue	Typical	Typical	Yes	3,628	С
G-26	West 10 Street	SW 4 Avenue	NW 8 Avenue	Typical	Typical	No	2,545	С
G-27	SW 16 Street	SW 16 Avenue	SR 24 / Archer Road	Typical	Typical	Yes	4,111	А
G-28	NW 5 Avenue	NW 22 Street	US 441/NW 13 Street	Typical	Typical	No	1,877	С
G-29	West 3 Street	SW 4 Avenue	NW 8 Avenue	Typical	Typical	No	490	В

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# Table 6 (Continued) Bicycle Level of Service - City of Gainesville/University of Florida - Maintained Roadways

					Facility Factors			
Assigned Roadway Number	Roadway	From South or West Termini	To North or East Termini	Outside Lane Width	Pavement Condition	Bikelane/ Paved Shoulder	Average Dally Traffic	Level of Service
			Urbanized Roadways				•	
G-30	West 2 Street	SW 4 Avenue	NW 8 Avenue	Typical	Typical	No	567	В
G-31	Gale Lemerand Drive	SR 24/Archer Road	Museum Road	Typical	Typical	Yes	10,542	А
G-32	Radio Road-Museum Road	SR 121 / South 34 Street	US 441 / South 13 Street	Typical	Typical	Yes	12,448	В
G-33	East1 Street	SE 2 Place	NE 8 Avenue	Wide	Typical	No	3,120	С
G-34	East 3 Street	SE Depot Avenue	NE 2 Avenue	Typical	Typical	No	3,373	С
G-35	Hull Road-Mowry Road	SW 34 Street	Center Drive	Typical	Typical	Yes	8,334	В
G-39	Gale Lemerand Drive	Museum Road	SR 26 / West University Avenue	Typical	Typical	Yes	11,499	В
	-	•	Transitioning Roadways	-	-	•	•	
	None	-	-	-	-	-	-	T -

Source: North Central Florida Regional Planning Council

CR - County Road, GMA - Gainesville Metropolitan Area, N/A - Not Applicable, NE - Northeast, NW - Northwest, SE - Southeast, SR - State Road, SW Southwest, OTSA- Outside Transit Service Area

\* Data for highest segment identified

	acility Factor Options	
Outside Lane Width	Pavement Condition	Bikelane / Paved Shoulder
Narrow	Desirable	Yes/No
Typical	Typical	
Wide	Undesirable	
Custom	-	-

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Illustration VII
Gainesville Metropolitan Area Pedestrian Level of Service

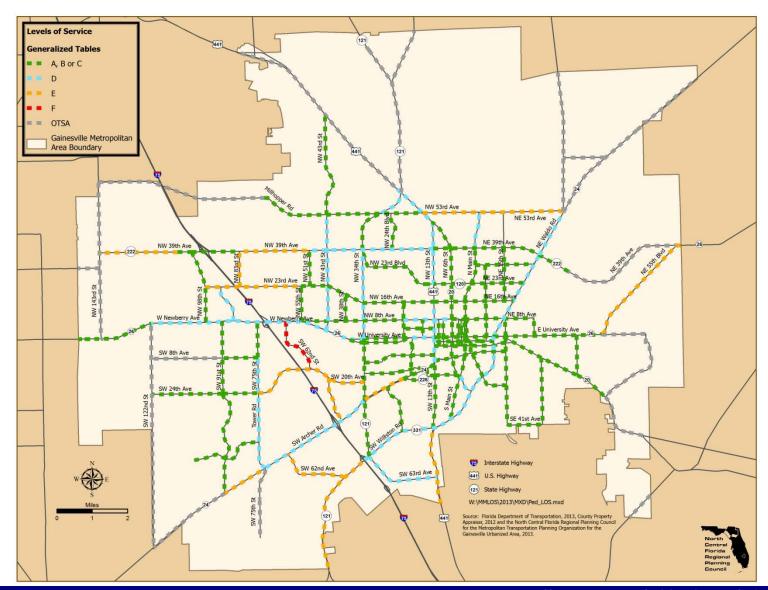


Table 7
Pedestrian Level of Service - State - Maintained Roadways

					Facility Factors			
Assigned					Roadwa	у	Average	
Roadway	Roadway			Sidewalk			Daily	
Number		Roadway From South or West Termini	To North or East Termini	(Percent)	Separation	Barrier	Traffic	Level of Service
	1		Urbanized Roadways					
S-2	US 441/SW13 Street	SR 331/Williston Road	SR 24 / Archer Road	100	Typical	No	17,200	С
S-3	US 441/SW13 Street	SR 24 / Archer Road	SR 26 / University Avenue	100	Typical	No	33,000	D
S-4	US 441/NW13 Street	SR 26 / University Avenue	NW 29 Road	100	Typical	No	29,092	D
S-5	US 441/NW13 Street	NW 29 Road	NW 23 Street	60	Typical	No	22,750	D
S-6	SR 20 / NW 6 Street	NW 8 Avenue	SR 222 / NW 39 Avenue	100	Typical	No	13,000	С
S-7	SR 20 / NW 6 Street	SR 222/NW 39 Avenue	US 441 / West 13 Street	100	Typical	No	8,600	В
S-8	SR 20 / Hawthorne Road	SR 24 / Waldo Road	SE 43 Street	100	Typical	No	13,600	С
S-9	SR 24 / Archer Road	SW 75 Street / Tower Road	Interstate -75	100	Typical	No	27,000	D
S-10	SR 24 / Archer Road	Interstate - 75	SR 121 / SW 34 Street	100	Typical	No	45,004	D
S-11	SR 24 / Archer Road	SR 226 / SW 16 Avenue	US 441 / SW 13 Street	100	Typical	No	31,500	С
S-12	SR 24 / Waldo Road	SR 26 / University Avenue	SR 222 / NE 39 Avenue	100	Typical	No	24,052	D
S-14	SR 26 / Newberry Road	NW 122 Street	Interstate-75 [east ramp]	100	Typical	No	38,750	D
S-15	SR 26 / Newberry Road	Interstate -75 [east ramp]	NW 8 Avenue	100	Typical	No	46,000	D
S-16	SR 26 / Newberry Road	NW 8 Avenue	SR 121 / NW 34 Street	100	Typical	No	31,750	D
S-17	SR 26 / University Avenue	SR 121 / West 34 Street	Gale Lemerand Drive	100	Typical	No	22,250	С
S-18	SR 26 / University Avenue	Gale Lemerand Drive	US 441 / West 13 Street	100	Typical	No	28,500	D
S-19	SR 26 / University Avenue	US 441/West 13 Street	SR 24 / Waldo Road	100	Typical	No	19,250	С
S-20	SR 26 / University Avenue	SR 20 / Hawthorne Road	CR 329B / Lakeshore Drive	100	Typical	No	9,600	С
S-21	SR 26A / SW 2 Avenue	SR 26 / Newberry Road	SR 121/West 34 Street	100	Typical	No	14,100	С
S-22	SR 26A / SW 2 Avenue	SR 121 / SW 34 Street	SR 26 / University Avenue	100	Typical	No	11,650	В
S-23	SR 121 / SW 34 Street	SR 331/Williston Road	SR 24 / Archer Road	100	Typical	No	24,941	С
S-24	SR 121 / SW 34 Street	SR 24 / Archer Road	SR 26 / University Avenue	100	Typical	No	38,000	С
S-25	SR 121 / NW 34 Street	SR 26 / University Avenue	NW 16 Avenue	100	Typical	No	19,050	D
S-26	SR 121 / NW 34 Street	NW16 Avenue	SR 222 / NW 39 Avenue	100	Typical	No	14,500	D
S-27	SR 121 / NW 34 Street	SR 222 / NW 39 Avenue	NW 53 Avenue	100	Typical	No	15,000	С
S-29	SR 222 / NW 39 Avenue	NW 98 Street	NW 83 Street	100	Typical	No	20,205	С
S-30	SR 222 / North 39 Avenue	US 441/NW 13 Street	SR 24 / Waldo Road	100	Typical	No	17,200	С
S-31	SR 222 / NE 39 Avenue	SR 24 / Waldo Road	End of 4-lane section	100	Typical	No	13,500	С
S-32	SR 222 / NE 39 Avenue	End of 4-lane section	NE 27 Avenue	No	-	=	9,850	OTSA
S-33	SR 226 / SW 16 Avenue	SR 24 / Archer Road	US 441 / SW 13 Street	100	Typical	No	18,320	С
S-34	SR 226 / SW 16 Avenue	US 441/SW13 Street	Main Street	100	Typical	No	17,100	С
S-35	SR 226 / SE 16 Avenue	Main Street	SR 331/Williston Road	No	-	-	7,300	D
S-36	SR 120A / North 23 Avenue	US 441/West 13 Street	SR 24 / Waldo Road	100	Typical	No	12,900	В

# Table 7 (Continued) Pedestrian Level of Service - State - Maintained Roadways

					Facility Factors			
Assigned					Roadwa	ıy	Average	
Roadway	Roadway			Sidewalk			Dally	
Number		From South or West Termini	To North or East Termini	(Percent)	Separation	Barrier	Traffic	Level of Service
			Urbanized Roadways					
S-37	SR 20 / Main Street	University Avenue	North 8 Avenue	100	Typical	No	13,550	C
S-38	SR 331 / SR 121	Interstate -75 (south)	US 441 / SW 13 Street	100	Typical	No	23,250	D
S-39	SR 331/Williston Road	US 441/SW13 Street	SR 26 / University Avenue	100	Typical	No	19,100	D
S-40	SR 20 / NW 8 Avenue	NW 6 Street	North Main Street	100	Typical	No	14,700	В
S-41	Interstate -75	SR 331 / SR 121	SR 24 / Archer Road	N/A	N/A	N/A	57,500	N/A
S-42	Interstate -75	SR 24 / Archer Road	SR 26 / Newberry Road	N/A	N/A	N/A	72,500	N/A
S-43	Interstate -75	SR 26 / Newberry Road	SR 222 / NW 39 Avenue	N/A	N/A	N/A	68,500	N/A
S-46	SR 26 / University Avenue	CR 329B	Gainesville City Limit / GMA	No	E	Ξ	4,400	E
S-47	SR 24 / Archer Road	SW 91 Street	SW 75 Street / Tower Road	90	Typical	No	19,200	E
S-50	US 441	NW 23 Street	NW 126 Avenue	No	-	-	18,200	OTSA
S-52	Interstate -75	SR 222/NW 39 Avenue	GMA	N/A	N/A	N/A	47,500	N/A
S-53	SR 222 / North 39 Avenue	NW 51 Street	US 441 / NW 13 Street	100	Typical	No	27,000	D
S-54	SR 121 / NW 34 Street	NW 53 Avenue	US 441 / NW 13 Street	100	Typical	No	9,700	D
S-55	SR 24 / Archer Road	SR 121 / SW 34 Street	SR 226 / SW 16 Avenue	100	Typical	No	49,250	E
S-56	SR 222 / NW 39 Avenue	NW 83 Street	NW 51 Street	100	Typical	No	26,000	E
	-		Transitioning Roadways					
S-1	US 441/SW13 Street	Payne's Prairie	SR 331 / Williston Road	No	Typical	No	11,300	E
S-13	SR 24 / Waldo Road	SR 222/NE 39 Avenue	CR 232 / NE 53 Avenue	30	Typical	No	16,800	D
S-28	SR 121 / NW 22 Street	US 441/NW13 Street	NW 128 Lane	No	-	-	9,405	OTSA
S-44	SR 121	Wacahoota Road	Interstate 75 (south)	100	Typical	No	8,200	E
S-45	SR 26 / Newberry Road	SW154 Street	NW 122 Street	100	Typical	No	18,200	С
S-48	SR 20 / Hawthorne Road	SE 43 Street	CR 329B / Lakeshore Drive	100	Typical	No	11,250	С
S-49	SR 20 / Hawthorne Road	CR 329B	CR 2082	No	-	-	8,900	OTSA
S-51	Interstate -75	GMA	SR 331 / SR 121	N/A	N/A	N/A	58,281	N/A
S-57	SR 24 / Archer Road	CR 241/Parker Road	SW 91 Street	No	-	-	14,150	OTSA
S-58	SR 222 / NE 39 Avenue	NE 27 Avenue	State Road 26	No	-	-	6,200	OTSA
S-59	SR 24 / Waldo Road	NE 53 Avenue	Milligan Still Road	No	-	-	14,400	OTSA

Source: North Central Florida Regional Planning Council

Note: This table is not intended to be used for concurrency management purposes, since bike, pedestrian or transit LOS Standards do not exist. It is for information only.

Pedest	rian Factor Options	
Sidewalk	Roadwa	у
[Percent]	Separation	Barrier
Percent	Adjacent	Yes/No
Development	Typical	
Code	Wide	
Conformity	=	

CR - County Road, GMA - Gainesville Metropolitan Area, N/A - Not Applicable, NE - Northeast, NW - Northwest, SE - Southeast, SR - State Road, SW Southwest

<sup>\*</sup> Data for highest segment identified

Table 8
Pedestrian Level of Service - Alachua County - Maintained Roadways

					Facility Factors			
Assigned					Roadwa	у	Average	
Roadway		From South or West	To North or East	Sidewalk			Dally	Level of
Number	Roadway	Termini	Termini	(Percent)	Separation	Barrier	Traffic	Service
			Urbanized Roadways					
A-1/AC-010	NW 53 Avenue	NW 71 Street	US 441 / NW 13 Street	75	Typical	No	12,037	С
A-3/AC-025	NW 43 Street	SR 26 / Newberry Road	NW 53 Avenue	100	Typical	No	27,131	D
A-6/AC-030	NW 43 Street	NW 53 Avenue	US 441	100	Typical	No	10,802	С
A-9/AC-040	NW 23 Avenue	NW 98 Street	NW 55 Street	100	Wide	No	15,770	E
A-10 / AC-035	NW 23 Avenue	NW 55 Street	NW 43 Street	100	Typical	No	20,821	С
A-11	NW 16 Avenue	NW 43 Street	US 441 / NW 13 Street	100	Typical	No	20,451	С
A-12	North 16 Avenue	US 441 / NW 13 Street	SR 24 / Waldo Road	100	Typical	No	12,127	С
A-13/AC-090	SW 75 Street / Tower Road	SR 24 / Archer Road	SW 8 Avenue	100	Typical	No	14,055	D
A-14/AC-085	NW 75 Street / Tower Road	SW 8 Avenue	SR 26/Newberry Road	100	Typical	No	22,973	С
A-15 / AC-060	SW 20 Avenue	SW 75 Street / Tower Road	SW 62 Boulevard	100	Typical	No	14,856	E
A-16/AC-055	SW 20 Avenue	SW 62 Boulevard	SR 121 / West 34 Street	100	Typical	No	21,524	E
A-17	North Main Street	NW 8 Avenue	North 23 Avenue	100	Typical	No	13,646	С
A-18	North Main Street	NW 23 Avenue	SR 222 / North 39 Avenue	100	Typical	No	15,265	С
A-19 / AC-095	NW 39 Avenue	NW 110 Terrace	NW 98 Street	100	Typical	No	11,389	В
A-20/AC-065	SW 24 Avenue	SW 91 Street	SW 75 Street / Tower Road	100	Typical	No	11,122	С
A-21/AC-120	NW 51 Street	NW 23 Avenue	SR 222 / NW 39 Avenue	100	Typical	D	8,896	С
A-22/AC-110	NW 98 Street	SR 26 / Newberry Road	CR 222 / NW 39 Avenue	100	Typical	No	10,289	С
A-23/AC-130	NW 83 Street	NW 23 Avenue	SR 222 / NW 39 Avenue	100	Typical	No	14,157	E
A-24/AC-165	West 91 Street	SW 24 Avenue	SR 26 / Newberry Road	100	Typical	No	7,708	С
A-26/AC-140	SW 8 Avenue	SW 91 Street	SW 75 Street / Tower Road	100	Typical	No	4,679	В
A-29/AC-280	Kincaid Loop	SR 20 / Hawthorne Road	SR 20 / Hawthorne Road	100	Typical	No	3,926	С
A-30/AC-400	SW 40 Boulevard / SW 42 / 43 Street	SR 24 / Archer Road	SW 20 Avenue	100	Typical	No	11,451	E
A-33	SW 24 Avenue	SW 122 Street / Parker Road	SW 91 Street	100	Typical	No	6,497	С
A-36	SW 8 Avenue	SW 122 Street / Parker Road	SW 91 Street	0	Typical	No	1,998	OTSA
A-38/AC-290	SE 43 Street	SR 20 / Hawthorne Road	SR 26 / East University Avenue	100	Typical	No	3,285	С
A-39/AC-270	SW 91 Street	Archer Road	SW 44 Avenue	100	Typical	No	6,366	С
A-45/AC-160	Fort Clarke Boulevard	SR 26 / Newberry Road	NW 23 Avenue	100	Typical	No	13,614	D
A-40/AC-180	SW 46 Boulevard	SW 104 Terrace	Tower Road	100	Typical	No	5,257	С
A-44/AC-095	SW 75 Street	GMA	SR 24 / Archer Road	100	Typical	No	3,123	OTSA

### Table 8 (Continued) Pedestrian Level of Service - Alachua County - Maintained Roadways

					Facility Factors			
Assigned			To North or East Termini		Roadw	ay	Average	
Roadway		From South or West		Sidewalk			Dally	Level of Service
Number	Roadway	Roadway Termini		(Percent)	Separation	Barrier	Traffic	
			Transitioning Roadway	s				
A-2/AC-005	North 53 Avenue	US 441/NW 13 Street	SR 24 / Waldo Road	0	Typical	No	12,558	E
A-32/AC-240	West 143 Street / CR 241	SR 26 / Newberry Road	Millhopper Road	0	Typical	No	10,408	OTSA
A-37/AC-100	NW 39 Avenue	CR 241	NW 110 Terrace	100	Typical	No	9,549	E
A-28/AC-275	Rocky Point Road	SR 331/Williston Road	US 441/SW13 Street	100	Typical	No	3,220	D
A-34/AC-105	Millhopper Road	CR 241/NW 143 Street	NW 71 Street	100	Typical	No	5,861	OTSA
A-35/AC-210	SW 122 Street / Parker Road	SW 24 Avenue	SR 26 / Newberry Road	100	Typical	No	6,931	OTSA
A-31/AC-285	Monteocha Road	NE 53 Avenue	11200 Block	0	Typical	No	2,826	OTSA
A-41/AC-200	SW 62 Avenue / SW 63 Boulevard	SR 121	SR 24 / Archer Road	0	Typical	No	5,080	E
A-42/AC-295	CR 329B / Lakeshore Drive	SR 20 / Hawthorne Road	SR 26 / East University Avenue	0	Typical	No	441	OTSA
A-43/AC-300	NE 77 Avenue / CR 225A	Monteocha Road	SR 24 / Waldo Road	0	Typical	No	645	OTSA
A-46/AC-050	NW 32 Avenue	GMA	CR 241 / NW 143 Street	0	Typical	No	2,242	OTSA
A-47	CR 234	Prairie Creek Bridge	SE 73 Drive	0	Typical	No	1,867	OTSA
A-48	SW 122 Street / Parker Road	Archer Road	SW 24 Avenue	0	Typical	No	4,406	OTSA
A-49	CR 231	SR 121	13000 Block	0	Typical	No	3,200	OTSA

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Source: North Central Florida Regional Planning Council

CR - County Road, GMA - Gainesville Metropolitan Area, N/A - Not Applicable, NE - Northeast, NW - Northwest, SE - Southeast, SR - State Road, SW Southwest, OTSA- Outside Transit Service Area

Pedes	Pedestrian Factor Options						
Sidewalk	Roadway						
[Percent]	Separation	Barrier					
Percent	Adjacent	Yes/No					
Development	Typical						
Code	Wide						
Conformity	-						

<sup>\*</sup> Data for highest segment identified

Table 9
Pedestrian Level of Service - City of Gainesville/University of Florida - Maintained Roadways

					Facility Factors				
Assigned					Roadwa	зу	Average		
Roadway		From South or West	To North or East	Sidewalk			Daily		
Number	Roadway	Termini	Termini	(Percent)	Separation	Валтег	Traffic	Level of Service	
			Urbanized Roadways						
G-1	NW 55 Street	SR 26/Newberry Road	NW 23 Avenue	100	Typical	No	9,141	В	
G-2	North 8 Avenue	SR 26/Newberry Road	West 22 Street	100	Typical	No	14,813	С	
G-3	North 8 Avenue	NW 22 Street	NW 6 Street	100	Wide	No	14,502	D	
G-4	SW 62 Boulevard	SR 26/Newberry Road	SW 20 Avenue	100	Wide	No	18,748	F	
G-36	NW 31 Avenue/Glen Springs Road	SR 121/West 34 Street	NW 16 Terrace	100	Typical	No	6,706	С	
G-38	NW 23 Boulevard	NW 16 Terrace	US 441/West 13 Street	100	Typical	No	10,316	С	
G-40	South Main Street	Williston Road	University Avenue	100	Typical	No	12,200	В	
G-5	NW 22 Street	SR 26/University Avenue	NW 16 Avenue	100	Typical	No	3,735	A	
G-6	North 8 Avenue	North Main Street	SR 24/Waldo Road	100	Typical	No	9,377	С	
G-7	South 2 Avenue	US 441/West 13 Street	SE 7 Street	100	Typical	No	5,717	В	
G-9	West 6 Street	SW 4 Avenue	NW 8 Avenue	100	Typical	No	7,711	В	
G-37	SW 23 Terrace	SR 331/Williston Road	SR 24/Archer Road	100	Typical	No	8,224	С	
G-8	West 6 Street	SW 16 Avenue	SW 4 Avenue	100	Typical	No	5,319	В	
G-10	NE 9 Street	SE 2 Avenue	NE 31 Avenue	100	Typical	No	4,062	В	
G-11	NW 38 Street	NW 8 Avenue	NW 16 Avenue	100	Typical	No	1,781	A	
G-12	NW 24 Boulevard	SR 222/NW 39 Avenue	NW 53 Avenue	100	Typical	No	3,101	В	
G-13	North Main Street	SR 222/NW 39 Avenue	NW 53 Avenue	50	Typical	No	5,785	D	
G-14	NE 15 Street	SR 26/East University Avenue	NE 8 Avenue	100	Typical	No	3,873	В	
G-15	NE 15 Street	NE 16 Avenue	SR 222/NE 39 Avenue	100	Typical	No	4,409	В	
G-16	NE 25 Street	SR 26/East University Avenue	NE 8 Avenue	100	Typical	No	4,142	В	
G-17	SE 4 Street	SR 331/Williston Road	Depot Avenue	100	Typical	No	2,808	В	
G-18	SE 4 Street - SE 22 Avenue	SR 331/Williston Road	SE 15 Street	100	Typical	No	4,523	В	
G-19	North 8 Avenue	SR 24/Waldo Road	NE 25 Street	100	Typical	No	5,786	В	
G-20	South 4 Avenue	US 441/SW 13 Street	SE 15 Street	100	Typical	No	3,326	В	
G-21	SW 9 Road-Depot Avenue-SE 7 Avenue	US 441/SW 13 Street	SE 15 Street	100	Typical	No	5,129	В	
G-22	South 2 Avenue	SE 7 Street	SR 331/Williston Road	100	Typical	No	1,454	A	
G-23	NE 31 Avenue	North Main Street	SR 24/Waldo Road	100	Typical	No	1,848	В	
G-24	NW 17 Street	SR 26/West University Avenue	NW 8 Avenue	100	Typical	No	2,672	A	
G-25	West 12 Street	SW 4 Avenue	North 8 Avenue	100	Typical	No	3,628	В	
G-26	West 10 Street	SW 4 Avenue	NW 8 Avenue	100	Typical	No	2,545	A	
G-27	SW16 Street	SW 16 Avenue	SR 24/Archer Road	100	Typical	No	4,111	В	
G-28	NW 5 Avenue	NW 22 Street	US 441/NW 13 Street	100	Typical	No	1,877	В	
G-29	West 3 Street	SW 4 Avenue	NW 8 Avenue	100	Typical	No	490	А	

**Multimodal Level of Service Report** 

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# Table 9 (Continued) Pedestrian Level of Service - City of Gainesville/University of Florida - Maintained Roadways

					Facility Factors			
Assigned					Roadw	Roadway		
Roadway		From South or West	To North or East	Sidewalk			Daily	
Number	Roadway	Termini	Termini	(Percent)	Separation	Ваптег	Traffic	Level of Service
			Urbanized Roadways					
G-30	West 2 Street	SW 4 Avenue	NW 8 Avenue	100	Typical	No	567	Α
G-31	Gale Lemerand Drive	SR 24/Archer Road	Museum Road	100	Typical	No	10,542	В
G-32	Radio Road-Museum Road	SR 121/South 34 Street	US 441/South 13 Street	100	Typical	No	12,448	В
G-33	East1Street	SE 2 Place	NE 8 Avenue	100	Typical	No	3,120	Α
G-34	East 3 Street	SE Depot Avenue	NE 2 Avenue	100	Typical	No	3,373	В
G-35	Hull Road-Mowry Road	SW 34 Street	Center Drive	100	Typical	No	8,334	В
G-39	Gale Lemerand Drive	Museum Road	SR 26/West University Avenue	100	Typical	No	11,499	С
		·	Transistioning Roadways	-			-	
-	None	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Source: North Central Florida Regional Planning Council

CR - County Road, GMA - Gainesville Metropolitan Area, N/A - Not Applicable, NE - Northeast, NW - Northwest, SE - Southeast, SR - State Road, SW Southwest, OTSA - Outside Transit Service Area

Pedestrian	Pedestrian Factor Options							
Sidewalk	Roadway							
[Percent]	Separation	Barrier						
Percent	Adjacent	Yes/No						
Development	Typical							
Code	Wide							
Conformity	1							

<sup>\*</sup> Data for highest segment identified

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Illustration VIII
Gainesville Metropolitan Area Transit Level of Service

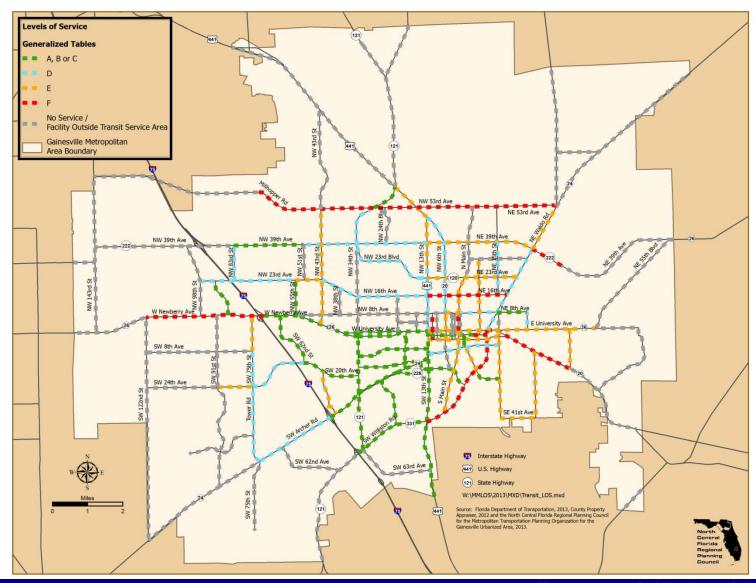


Table 10
Transit Level of Service - State - Maintained Roadways

					Factors			Level of Service
Assigned Roadway Number	Roadway	From South or West Termini	To North or East Termini	Obstacle to Bus Stop	Frequency* (Per Hour)	Service Span (Hours)	Average Daily Traffic	
Number	nous	From South of West Termin	Urbanized Roadway		(i ci riodi)	(Hours)	Hullo	Savice
S-2	US 441/SW 13 Street	SR 331/Williston Road	SR 24 / Archer Road	No	9	20	17,200	А
S-3	US 441 / SW 13 Street	SR 24 / Archer Road	SR 26 / University Avenue	No	11	20	33,000	В
S-4	US 441/NW 13 Street	SR 26 / University Avenue	NW 29 Road	No	3	14	29,092	D
S-5	US 441/NW 13 Street	NW 29 Road	NW 23 Street	No	3	16	22,750	E
S-6	SR 20 / NW 6 Street	NW 8 Avenue	SR 222 / NW 39 Avenue	No	3	16	13,000	D
S-7	SR 20 / NW 6 Street	SR 222 / NW 39 Avenue	US 441/West 13 Street	No	1	13	8,600	D
S-8	SR 20 / Hawthorne Road	SR 24 / Waldo Road	SE 43 Street	No	1	13	13,600	F
S-9	SR 24 / Archer Road	SW 75 Street / Tower Road	Interstate -75	No	2	14	27,000	D
S-10	SR 24 / Archer Road	Interstate - 75	SR 121 / SW 34 Street	No	9	21	45,004	В
S-11	SR 24 / Archer Road	SR 226 / SW 16 Avenue	US 441 / SW 13 Street	No	15	21	31,500	А
S-12	SR 24 / Waldo Road	SR 26 / University Avenue	SR 222 / East 39 Avenue	No	1	13	24,052	D
S-14	SR 26 / Newberry Road	NW 122 Street	Interstate-75 [east ramp]	No	2	14	38,750	F
S-15	SR 26 / Newberry Road	Interstate - 75 [east ramp]	NW 8 Avenue	No	2	20	46,000	В
S-16	SR 26 / Newberry Road	NW 8 Avenue	SR 121 / NW 34 Street	No	3	20	31,750	С
S-17	SR 26 / University Avenue	SR 121 / West 34 Street	Gale Lemerand Drive	No	3	20	22,250	В
S-18	SR 26 / University Avenue	Gale Lemerand Drive	US 441/West 13 Street	No	6	20	28,500	A
S-19	SR 26 / University Avenue	US 441 / West 13 Street	SR 24 / Waldo Road	No	4	21	19,250	E
S-20	SR 26 / University Avenue	SR 20 / Hawthorne Road	CR 329B / Lakeshore Drive	No	2	13	9,600	E
S-21	SR 26A / SW 2 Avenue	SR 26 / Newberry Road	SR 121 / West 34 Street	No	4	20	14,100	С
S-22	SR 26A / SW 2 Avenue	SR 121 / SW 34 Street	SR 26 / University Avenue	No	11	20	11,650	С
S-23	SR 121 / SW 34 Street	SR 331/Williston Road	SR 24 / Archer Road	No	14	21	24,941	A
S-24	SR 121 / SW 34 Street	SR 24 / Archer Road	SR 26 / University Avenue	No	12	21	38,000	В
S-25	SR 121 / NW 34 Street	SR 26 / University Avenue	NW 16 Avenue	OTSA	OTSA	OTSA	19,050	No Service
S-26	SR 121 / NW 34 Street	NW 16 Avenue	SR 222 / NW 39 Avenue	OTSA	OTSA	OTSA	14,500	No Service
S-27	SR 121 / NW 34 Street	SR 222 / NW 39 Avenue	NW 53 Avenue	No	2	14	15,000	D
S-29	SR 222 / NW 39 Avenue	NW 98 Street	NW 83 Street	OTSA	OTSA	OTSA	20,205	OTSA
S-30	SR 222 / North 39 Avenue	US 441 / NW 13 Street	SR 24 / Waldo Road	No	2	16	17,200	E
S-31	SR 222 / NE 39 Avenue	SR 24 / Waldo Road	End of 4-lane section	No	1	11	13,500	F
S-32	SR 222 / NE 39 Avenue	End of 4-lane section	NE 27 Avenue	OTSA	OTSA	OTSA	9,850	OTSA
S-33	SR 226 / SW 16 Avenue	SR 24 / Archer Road	US 441 / SW 13 Street	No	14	21	18,320	С
S-34	SR 226 / SW 16 Avenue	US 441/SW13 Street	Main Street	No	6	20	17,100	A
S-35	SR 226 / SE 16 Avenue	Main Street	SR 331 / Williston Road	No	3	20	7,300	С
S-36	SR 120A / North 23 Avenue	US 441/West 13 Street	SR 24 / Waldo Road	No	3	16	12,900	E

### Table 10 (Continued) Transit Level of Service - State - Maintained Roadways

					Factors		Average Daily Traffic	Level of Service
Assigned Roadway Number	Roadway	From South or West Termini	To North or East Termini	Obstacle to Bus Stop	Frequency* (Per Hour)	Service Span (Hours)		
THAINDO		Troni Scalifor West Tornian	Urbanized Roadway		(i orrida)	(Hould)	Hamo	0011100
S-37	SR 20 / Main Street	University Avenue	North 8 Avenue	No	4	16	13,550	F
S-38	SR 331 / SR 121	Interstate - 75 (south)	US 441 / SW 13 Street	No	13	20	23,250	С
S-39	SR 331/Williston Road	US 441/SW 13 Street	SR 26 / University Avenue	No	3	19	19,100	F
S-40	SR 20 / NW 8 Avenue	NW 6 Street	North Main Street	No	1	11	14,700	E
S-41	Interstate -75	SR 331/SR 121	SR 24 / Archer Road	N/A	N/A	N/A	57,500	N/A
S-42	Interstate -75	SR 24 / Archer Road	SR 26 / Newberry Road	N/A	N/A	N/A	72,500	N/A
S-43	Interstate -75	SR 26 / Newberry Road	SR 222 / NW 39 Avenue	N/A	N/A	N/A	68,500	N/A
S-46	SR 26 / University Avenue	CR 329B	Gainesville City Limit / GMA	OTSA	OTSA	OTSA	4,400	OTSA
S-47	SR 24 / Archer Road	SW 91 Street	SW 75 Street / Tower Road	OTSA	OTSA	OTSA	19,200	OTSA
S-50	US 441	NW 23 Street	NW 126 Avenue	OTSA	OTSA	OTSA	18,200	OTSA
S-52	Interstate -75	SR 222 / NW 39 Avenue	GMA	N/A	N/A	N/A	47,500	N/A
S-53	SR 222 / North 39 Avenue	NW 51 Street	US 441 / NW 13 Street	No	2	16	27,000	D
S-54	SR 121 / NW 34 Street	NW 53 Avenue	US 441 / NW 13 Street	No	2	16	9,700	В
S-55	SR 24 / Archer Road	SR 121 / SW 34 Street	SR 226 / SW 16 Avenue	No	24	21	49,250	Α
S-56	SR 222 / NW 39 Avenue	NW 83 Street	NW 51 Street	No	2	16	26,000	С
	•	•	Transitioning Roadway	S				
S-1	US 441/SW13 Street	Payne's Prairie	SR 331 / Williston Road	No	6	19	11,300	В
S-13	SR 24 / Waldo Road	SR 222 / NE 39 Avenue	CR 232 / NE 53 Avenue	No	1	19	16,800	E
S-28	SR 121 / NW 22 Street	US 441/NW 13 Street	NW 128 Lane	OTSA	OTSA	OTSA	9,405	OTSA
S-44	SR 121	Wacahoota Road	Interstate 75 (south)	OTSA	OTSA	OTSA	8,200	OTSA
S-45	SR 26 / Newberry Road	SW 154 Street	NW 122 Street	OTSA	OTSA	OTSA	18,200	OTSA
S-48	SR 20 / Hawthorne Road	SE 43 Street	CR 329B / Lakeshore Drive	OTSA	OTSA	OTSA	11,250	OTSA
S-49	SR 20 / Hawthorne Road	CR 329B	CR 2082	OTSA	OTSA	OTSA	8,900	OTSA
S-51	Interstate -75	GMA	SR 331 / SR 121	N/A	N/A	N/A	58,281	N/A
S-57	SR 24 / Archer Road	CR 241 / Parker Road	SW 91 Street	OTSA	OTSA	OTSA	14,150	OTSA
S-58	SR 222 / NE 39 Avenue	NE 27 Avenue	State Road 26	OTSA	OTSA	OTSA	6,200	OTSA
S-59	SR 24 / Waldo Road	NE 53 Avenue	Milligan Still Road	OTSA	OTSA	OTSA	14,400	OTSA

Source: North Central Florida Regional Planning Council

Note: This table is not intended to be used for concurrency management purposes, since bike, pedestrian or transit LOS Standards do not exist. It is for information only.

CR - County Road, GMA - Gainesville Metropolitan Area, N/A - Not Applicable, NE - Northeast, NW - Northwest, SE - Southeast, SR - State Road, SW Southwest, OTSA - Outside Transit Service Area

\* Data for highest segment identified

Bus Stop	[Per Hour]	Span
Yes/No	Headways per hour	Hours per day
	[peak period]	

Table 11
Transit Level of Service - Alachua County - Maintained Roadways

					Factors		Average Dally Traffic	Level of Service
Assigned Roadway Number	Roadway	From South or West Termini	To North or East Termini	Obstacle to Bus Stop	Frequency* (Per Hour)	Service Span (Hours)		
			Urbanized Roadway	<i>I</i> S				
A-1/AC-010	NW 53 Avenue	NW 71 Street	US 441 / NW 13 Street	No	2	15	12,037	F
A-3/AC-025	NW 43 Street	SR 26 / Newberry Road	NW 53 Avenue	No	2	16	27,131	E
A-6/AC-030	NW 43 Street	NW 53 Avenue	US 441	OTSA	OTSA	OTSA	10,802	OTSA
A-9/AC-040	NW 23 Avenue	NW 98 Street	NW 55 Street	No	3	16	15,770	D
-10/AC-035	NW 23 Avenue	NW 55 Street	NW 43 Street	No	2	15	20,821	E
A-11	NW 16 Avenue	NW 43 Street	US 441 / NW 13 Street	No	3	15	20,451	D
A-12	North 16 Avenue	US 441 / NW 13 Street	SR 24 / Waldo Road	No	2	16	12,127	F
-13/AC-090	SW 75 Street / Tower Road	SR 24 / Archer Road	SW 8 Avenue	No	2	14	14,055	D
-14/AC-085	NW 75 Street / Tower Road	SW 8 Avenue	SR 26/Newberry Road	No	2	14	22,973	E
-15/AC-060	SW 20 Avenue	SW 75 Street / Tower Road	SW 62 Boulevard	No	2	14	14,856	D
-16/AC-055	SW 20 Avenue	SW 62 Boulevard	SR 121 / West 34 Street	No	16	19	21,524	А
A-17	North Main Street	NW 8 Avenue	North 23 Avenue	No	1	13	13,646	E
A-18	North Main Street	NW 23 Avenue	SR 222 / North 39 Avenue	No Service	No Service	No Service	15,265	No Service
-19/AC-095	NW 39 Avenue	NW 110 Terrace	NW 98 Street	OTSA	OTSA	OTSA	11,389	OTSA
-20/AC-065	SW 24 Avenue	SW 91 Street	SW 75 Street / Tower Road	No	1	10	11,122	E
\-21/AC-120	NW 51 Street	NW 23 Avenue	SR 222 / NW 39 Avenue	OTSA	OTSA	OTSA	8,896	OTSA
A-22/AC-110	NW 98 Street	SR 26 / Newberry Road	CR 222 / NW 39 Avenue	OTSA	OTSA	OTSA	10,289	OTSA
-23/AC-130	NW 83 Street	NW 23 Avenue	SR 222 / NW 39 Avenue	No	2	15	14,157	D
-24/AC-165	West 91 Street	SW 24 Avenue	SR 26 / Newberry Road	OTSA	OTSA	OTSA	7,708	OTSA
-26/AC-140	SW 8 Avenue	SW 91 Street	SW 75 Street / Tower Road	OTSA	OTSA	OTSA	4,679	OTSA
-29/AC-280	Kincaid Loop	SR 20 / Hawthorne Road	SR 20 / Hawthorne Road	No	3	13	3,926	E
-30/AC-400	SW 40 Boulevard / SW 42 / 43 Street	SR 24 / Archer Road	SW 20 Avenue	No	3	16	11,451	E
A-33	SW 24 Avenue	SW 122 Street / Parker Road	SW 91 Street	OTSA	OTSA	OTSA	6,497	OTSA
A-36	SW 8 Avenue	SW 122 Street / Parker Road	SW 91 Street	OTSA	OTSA	OTSA	1,998	OTSA
-38/AC-290	SE 43 Street	SR 20 / Hawthorne Road	SR 26 / East University Avenue	No	2	16	3,285	E
-39/AC-270	SW 91 Street	Archer Road	SW 44 Avenue	No	16	19	6,366	OTSA
-45/AC-160	Fort Clarke Boulevard	SR 26 / Newberry Road	NW 23 Avenue	No	3	15	13,614	С
-40/AC-180	SW 46 Boulevard	SW 104 Terrace	Tower Road	OTSA	OTSA	OTSA	5,257	OTSA
-44/AC-095	SW 75 Street	GMA	SR 24 / Archer Road	OTSA	OTSA	OTSA	3.123	OTSA

# Table 11 (Continued) Transit Level of Service - Alachua County - Maintained Roadways

Assigned Roadway Number	Roadway	From South or West Termini	To North or East Termini	Factors				
				Obstacle to  Bus Stop	Frequency* (Per Hour)	Service Span (Hours)	Average Dally Traffic	Level of Service
			Transitioning Roadway	ys				
A-2/AC-005	North 53 Avenue	US 441/NW 13 Street	SR 24 / Waldo Road	No	1	13	12,558	F
A-32/AC-240	West 143 Street / CR 241	SR 26 / Newberry Road	Millhopper Road	OTSA	OTSA	OTSA	10,408	OTSA
A-37/AC-100	NW 39 Avenue	CR 241	NW 110 Terrace	OTSA	OTSA	OTSA	9,549	OTSA
A-28/AC-275	Rocky Point Road	SR 331/Williston Road	US 441 / SW 13 Street	OTSA	OTSA	OTSA	3,220	OTSA
A-34/AC-105	Millhopper Road	CR 241/NW 143 Street	NW 71 Street	OTSA	OTSA	OTSA	5,861	OTSA
A-35/AC-210	SW 122 Street / Parker Road	SW 24 Avenue	SR 26 / Newberry Road	OTSA	OTSA	OTSA	6,931	OTSA
A-31/AC-285	Monteocha Road	NE 53 Avenue	11200 Block	OTSA	OTSA	OTSA	2,826	OTSA
A-41/AC-200	SW 62 Avenue / SW 63 Boulevard	SR 121	SR 24 / Archer Road	OTSA	OTSA	OTSA	5,080	OTSA
A-42/AC-295	CR 329B / Lakeshore Drive	SR 20 / Hawthorne Road	SR 26 / East University Avenue	OTSA	OTSA	OTSA	441	OTSA
A-43/AC-300	NE 77 Avenue / CR 225A	Monteocha Road	SR 24 / Waldo Road	OTSA	OTSA	OTSA	645	OTSA
A-46/AC-050	NW 32 Avenue	GMA	CR 241 / NW 143 Street	OTSA	OTSA	OTSA	2,242	OTSA
A-47	CR 234	Prairie Creek Bridge	SE 73 Drive	OTSA	OTSA	OTSA	1,867	OTSA
A-48	SW 122 Street / Parker Road	Archer Road	SW 24 Avenue	OTSA	OTSA	OTSA	4,406	OTSA
A-49	CR 231	SR 121	13000 Block	OTSA	OTSA	OTSA	3,200	OTSA

Source: North Central Florida Regional Planning Council

CR - County Road, GMA - Gainesville Metropolitan Area, N/A - Not Applicable, NE - Northeast, NW - Northwest, SE - Southeast, SR - Slate Road, SW Southwest, OTSA- Outside Transit Service Area

Factor Options							
Obstacle to Bus Stop	Frequency [Per Hour]	Service Span					
Yes/No	Headways per hour [peak period]	Hours per day					

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<sup>\*</sup> Data for highest segment identified

Table 12
Transit Level of Service - City of Gainesville/University of Florida - Maintained Roadways

	Roadway	From South or West Termini	To North or East Ternini	Factors					
Assigned Roadway Number				Obstacle to Bus Stop	Frequency*	Service Span (Hours)	Average Daily Traffic	Level of Service	
Urbanized Roadways									
G-1	NW 55 Street	SR 26 / Newberry Road	NW 23 Avenue	No	3	15	9,141	С	
G-2	North 8 Avenue	SR 26 / Newberry Road	West 22 Street	No Service	No Service	No Service	14,813	No Service	
G-3	North 8 Avenue	NW 22 Street	NW 6 Street	No Service	No Service	No Service	14,502	OTSA	
G-4	SW 62 Boulevard	SR 26 / Newberry Road	SW 20 Avenue	No	8	20	18,748	В	
G-36	NW 31 Avenue/Glen Springs Road	SR 121 / West 34 Street	NW 16 Terrace	No	4	16	6,706	D	
G-38	NW 23 Boulevard	NW 16 Terrace	US 441 / West 13 Street	No	4	16	10,316	D	
G-40	South Main Street	Williston Road	University Avenue	No	1	21	12,200	E	
G-5	NW 22 Street	SR 26 / University Avenue	NW 16 Avenue	No Service	No Service	No Service	3,735	No Service	
G-6	North 8 Avenue	North Main Street	SR 24 / Waldo Road	No	3	12	9,377	D	
G-7	South 2 Avenue	US 441/West 13 Street	SE 7 Street	No	5	16	5,717	В	
G-9	West 6 Street	SW 4 Avenue	NW 8 Avenue	No	2	13	7,711	E	
G-37	SW 23 Terrace	SR 331/Williston Road	SR 24 / Archer Road	No	15	19	8,224	Α	
G-8	West 6 Street	SW 16 Avenue	SW 4 Avenue	No Service	No Service	No Service	5,319	No Service	
G-10	NE 9 Street	SE 2 Avenue	NE 31 Avenue	No	2	16	4,062	E	
G-11	NW 38 Street	NW 8 Avenue	NW 16 Avenue	No Service	No Service	No Service	1,781	No Service	
G-12	NW 24 Boulevard	SR 222 / NW 39 Avenue	NW 53 Avenue	No Service	No Service	No Service	3,101	No Service	
G-13	North Main Street	SR 222 / NW 39 Avenue	NW 53 Avenue	No Service	No Service	No Service	5,785	No Service	
G-14	NE 15 Street	SR 26 / East University Avenue	NE 8 Avenue	No Service	No Service	No Service	3,873	No Service	
G-15	NE 15 Street	NE 16 Avenue	SR 222 / NE 39 Avenue	No	3	16	4,409	D	
G-16	NE 25 Street	SR 26 / East University Avenue	NE 8 Avenue	No	3	16	4,142	D	
G-17	SE 4 Street	SR 331 / Williston Road	Depot Avenue	No	2	13	2,808	E	
G-18	SE 4 Street - SE 22 Avenue	SR 331 / Williston Road	SE 15 Street	No	4	20	4,523	С	
G-19	North 8 Avenue	SR 24 / Waldo Road	NE 25 Street	No	3	16	5,786	С	
G-20	South 4 Avenue	US 441/SW13 Street	SE 15 Street	No	4	16	3,326	E	
G-21	SW 9 Road-Depot Avenue-SE 7 Avenue	US 441/SW13 Street	SE 15 Street	No	4	15	5,129	D	
G-22	South 2 Avenue	SE 7 Street	SR 331 / Williston Road	No	1	11	1,454	F	
G-23	NE 31 Avenue	North Main Street	SR 24 / Waldo Road	No Service	No Service	No Service	1,848	No Service	
G-24	NW 17 Street	SR 26 / West University Avenue	NW 8 Avenue	No Service	No Service	No Service	2,672	No Service	
G-25	West 12 Street	SW 4 Avenue	North 8 Avenue	No	3	16	3,628	F	
G-26	West 10 Street	SW 4 Avenue	NW 8 Avenue	No Service	No Service	No Service	2,545	No Service	
G-27	SW 16 Street	SW 16 Avenue	SR 24 / Archer Road	No	10	19	4,111	A	
G-28	NW 5 Avenue	NW 22 Street	US 441 / NW 13 Street	No Service	No Service	No Service	1,877	No Service	
G-29	West 3 Street	SW 4 Avenue	NW 8 Avenue	No Service	No Service	No Service	490	No Service	

## Table 12 (Continued)

#### Transit Level of Service - City of Gainesville/University of Florida - Maintained Roadways

					Factors			
Assigned Roadway Number	Roadway	From South or West Termini	To North or East Termini	Obstacle to Bus Stop	Frequency* (Per Hour)	Service Span (Hours)	Average Dally Traffic	Level of Service
Urbanized Roadways								
G-30	West 2 Street	SW 4 Avenue	NW 8 Avenue	No Service	No Service	No Service	567	No Service
G-31	Gale Lemerand Drive	SR 24/Archer Road	Museum Road	No	22	20	10,542	Α
G-32	Radio Road-Museum Road	SR 121/South 34 Street	US 441 / South 13 Street	No	42	19	12,448	Α
G-33	East1Street	SE 2 Place	NE 8 Avenue	No Service	No Service	No Service	3,120	No Service
G-34	East 3 Street	SE Depot Avenue	NE 2 Avenue	No	12	20	3,373	Α
G-35	Hull Road-Mowry Road	SW 34 Street	Center Drive	No	22	19	8,334	Α
G-39	Gale Lemerand Drive	Museum Road	SR 26 / West University Avenue	No	16	19	11,499	Α
		·	Transitioning Roadways					
-	None	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Source: North Central Florida Regional Planning Council

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Factor Options					
Obstacle to Bus Stop	Frequency [Per Hour]	Service Span			
Yes/No	Headways per hour [peak period]	Hours per day			

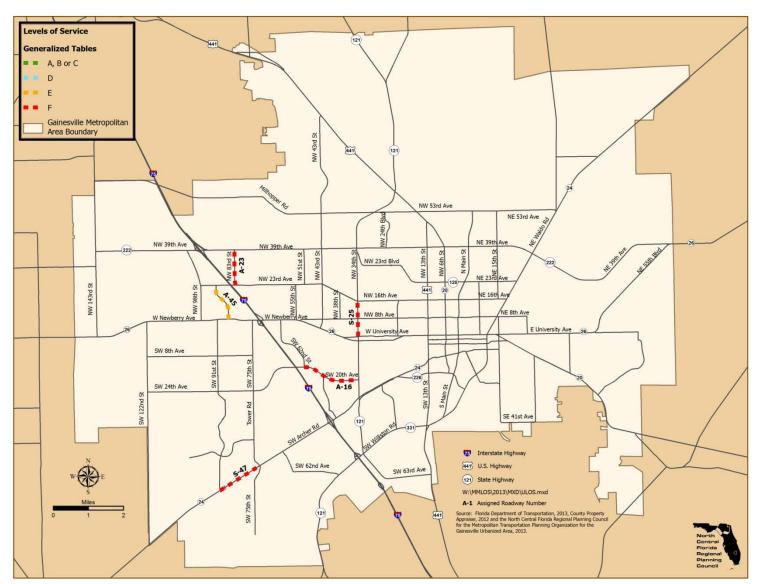
CR - County Road, GMA - Gainesville Metropolitan Area, N/A - Not Applicable, NE - Northeast, NW - Northwest, SE - Southeast, SR - State Road, SW Southwest, OTSA - Outside Transit Service Area

<sup>\*</sup> Data for highest segment identified

## C. Roadway Facilities Operating at an Unacceptable Level of Service

Illustration IX shows the roadway facilities that are operating at an unacceptable level of service, based on 2012 traffic counts for State of Florida-maintained and City of Gainesville-maintained facilities and 2010 traffic counts for Alachua County-maintained facilities.

Illustration IX
Gainesville Metropolitan Area Roadways Operating at an Unacceptable Level of Service



# Appendix A Automotive/Highway Level of Service Analyses

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## Appendix A: Automotive/Highway Level of Service Analyses

### A. Definitions

**ARTPLAN** - ARTPLAN is an emulation of the <u>2010 Highway Capacity Manual</u> software for the level of service measurement for an arterial roadway facility. The use of ARTPLAN entails the mathematical operations among average annual daily traffic (AADT) volume and traffic, roadway and signalization variables. ARTPLAN analyzes traffic in the peak and offpeak direction. The peak period peak direction is assumed in this study to be critical. Therefore, all analyses relate to the peak period and peak direction only. Offpeak direction is not considered for the <u>Multimodal Level of Service Report</u>. Local traffic characteristics are used which are specific to the particular road being analyzed. The ARTPLAN analysis methodology of the <u>Multimodal Level of Service Report</u> is based on the Florida Department of Transportation's <u>Quality/Level of Service Handbook</u>, appended with issues papers, and criteria specified by the Level of Service Subcommittee. The ARTPLAN software calculates facility-specific level of service and corresponding service volume tables.

**FREEPLAN** - FREEPLAN is an emulation of the <u>2010 Highway Capacity Manual</u> software for freeways. The FREEPLAN software calculates facility-specific level of service and corresponding service volume tables.

**HIGHPLAN** - HIGHPLAN is an emulation of the <u>2010 Highway Capacity Manual</u> software for two-lane and multilane highways. The HIGHPLAN software calculates facility-specific level of service and corresponding service volume tables.

Annual Average Daily Traffic (AADT) - Annual average daily traffic consists of the Florida Department of Transportation annual and local government semiannual traffic counts as measured at approved count station locations. Florida Department of Transportation counts are yearly counts, as adjusted for axle and seasonal collection factors. Local counts are the actual counts, taken only in the spring and fall when the University of Florida and public schools are is conducting classes. To accommodate for possible inaccurate measurement due to road construction, special events, faulty equipment, etc., the methodology noted in the facility on Determining Roadway Facility Level of Service is used. In addition, the Level of Service Subcommittee has determined that the median traffic counts within the last three-year time span shall be used for the Florida Intrastate Highway System / Strategic Intermodal System for analysis consistency with Alachua County and City of Gainesville-maintained roadways for Tier One Level of Service/Maximum Service Volume analysis. The Florida Department of Transportation will continue to use the latest available single-year counts. Annual average daily traffic counts for distressed roadway facility analyses shall be the three-year median traffic count for the median traffic count station within the roadway facility.

"Backlogged" Roadway - an unconstrained facility which is operating at a level of service below the adopted minimum operating level of service standard and not programmed for construction in the first three years of the Florida Department of Transportation adopted work program or the first three years of the five year schedule of improvements in a local government's capital improvements element.

"Constrained" Roadway - means that it is not feasible to add through lanes to meet current or future traffic needs due to physical, environmental or policy constraints.

"Distressed" Roadway - Where a Tier One Level of Service/Maximum Service Volume analysis of a roadway facility using the Florida Department of Transportation Generalized Tables is measured at 65 percent or more of the maximum service volume for the adopted level of service, the roadway facility is identified as "distressed." These "distressed" arterials are to be analyzed with more accurate analytical tools.

Florida Department of Transportation Generalized Tables - For broad planning applications, the Florida Department of Transportation developed Generalized Tables, which are contained in the 2013 Quality/Level of Service Handbook. The Generalized Tables, which provide generalized daily and peak hour level of service volumes for Florida's urbanized, transitioning and rural areas, are derived from the methodology in the 2010 Highway Capacity Manual. These tables, which reflect the emphasis on signalization characteristics, are based on actual Florida traffic, roadway and signalization data. In developing the Florida Department of Transportation Generalized Tables, a number of assumptions were made pertaining to roadway characteristics, signal design and traffic conditions. These assumptions are based on average conditions for the State of Florida. The Generalized Tables are accurate to the extent that the local conditions of the arterial which is being analyzed are consistent with the statewide assumptions made. The assumptions are provided as a part of the table.

**Level of Service** - The <u>2010 Highway Capacity Manual</u> defines level of service as "qualitative measures that characterize operational conditions within a traffic stream and their perception by motorists and passengers. The descriptions of individual levels of service characterize these conditions in terms of such factors as speed and travel time, freedom to maneuver, traffic interruptions, comfort and convenience." The level of service of an arterial facility is determined by the average travel speed (miles per hour) a motorist can reasonably attain through the facility. For freeways and multilane uninterrupted flow highways, the volume to capacity ratio determines capacity. For signalized intersections, seconds of stopped delay is the determining factor. Six level of service are defined for each type of facility ranging from A to F. A description of the traffic characteristics and driver expectations from Chapter 16 of the 2010 Highway Capacity Manual for Urban Streets level of service is as follows:

- <u>LOS A -</u> "describes primarily free-flow operation. Vehicles are completely unimpeded in their ability to maneuver within the traffic stream. Control delay at the boundary intersections is minimal. The travel speed exceeds 85% of the base free-flow speed."
- <u>LOS B</u> "describes a reasonably unimpeded operation. The ability to maneuver within the traffic stream is only slightly restricted and control delay at the boundary intersections is not significant. The travel speed is between 67% and 85% of the base free-flow speed."
- <u>LOS C</u> "describes stable operations. The ability to maneuver and change lanes in midsegment locations may be more restricted than at level of service B. Longer queues at the boundary intersections may contribute to lower than average travel speeds. The travel speed is between 50% and 67% of the base free-flow speed."
- <u>LOS D</u> "indicates a less stable condition in which small increases in flow may cause substantial increases in delay and decreases in travel speed. This operation may be due to adverse signal progression, high volume, and inappropriate signal timing at the boundary intersections. The travel speed is between 40% and 50% of the base free-flow speed."

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- <u>LOS E -</u> "is characterized by unstable operation and significant delay. Such operations may be due to some combination of adverse progression, high volume, extensive delays at critical intersections and inappropriate signal timing, and inappropriate signal timing at the boundary intersections. The travel speed is between 30% and 40% of the base free-flow speed."
- <u>LOS F -</u> "is characterized by flow at extremely low speed. Congestion is likely occurring at the boundary intersections, as indicated by high delay and extensive queuing. The travel speed is 30% or less of the base free-flow speed. Also, level of service F is assigned to the subject direction of travel if the trough movement at one or more boundary intersections has a volume-to-capacity ratio greater than 1.0.

Maximum Service Volume - Maximum service volume for a roadway facility is the average annual daily traffic volume or peak hour volume as indicated in the Florida Department of Transportation <a href="Quality/Level of Service Handbook">Quality/Level of Service Handbook</a>'s Generalized Tables for Tier One Maximum Service Volume Analysis, as calculated by ARTPLAN analysis software Tier Two Maximum Service Volume Analysis, or as is negotiated between the local government and Florida Department of Economic Opportunity for the corresponding adopted level of service standard in a local government comprehensive plan. Maximum service volume, which is the roadway facility's adopted capacity, utilizes volume to capacity (v/c) ratio to measure capacity sufficiency.

**Peak Direction** - The direction during the planning analysis hour with the most vehicles. It is best to determine which peak period is critical for the arterial and then use the direction which experiences the highest volumes. Determining the peak direction of a roadway facility is usually simple - it is the direction with the most traffic.

**Peak Hour** - The 100<sup>th</sup> highest demand volume hour of the year for a roadway facility. The peak hour is that hour of the day in which the most traffic volume is measured in the peak direction.

**Roadway Facility** - A corridor within the Gainesville Metropolitan Area, as represented in the <u>Multimodal Level of Service Report</u>, consisting of termini determined by the Level of Service Subcommittee using the <u>Quality/Level of Service Handbook</u> criteria.

**Roadway Segment** - A component of a roadway facility, where segment breaks are in accordance with criteria specified in the <u>Quality/Level of Service Handbook</u>. Segment breaks are typically signalize intersections, number of lanes changes and termini.

### B. Data Collection Requirements

All data shall be collected in accordance with the procedures in the latest available edition of the <u>Quality/Level Handbook</u>. Traffic study termini shall be consistent with the roadway facility termini established in the <u>Multimodal Level of Service Report</u>. The roadway facility(s) analyzed shall be identified in the traffic study. Data collection requirements include:

- 1. Traffic Counts A three-day (72 hour) midweek traffic count at 15-minute intervals when the University of Florida and Alachua County schools are in session shall be collected. In order to account for through movement traffic, traffic count devices shall be placed at appropriate midblock locations away from entrances to activity centers such as shopping centers and schools, to the maximum extent possible. These traffic counts shall be adjusted for axle and seasonal traffic conditions for roadway facilities on the State Highway System and other roadway facilities, as specified by the Level of Service Subcommittee.
- 2. Turning Movements At least two days of turning movements for all signalized intersections (and the roadway section's peak direction terminus) for the peak period/ direction shall be collected. For studies in which the peak period/direction is to be determined, turning movements shall be collected in both directions for a.m. and p.m. periods. Turning movements from exclusive lanes shall be indicated. At the outside throughlane, right turns on a redlight may be counted as a turning movement from exclusive lanes.
- 3. Adjusted Saturation Flow Rate Use the default adjusted saturation flow rate that corresponds to the appropriate Florida Department of Transportation Generalized Table in the <a href="Quality/Level Handbook">Quality/Level Handbook</a> for the type of facility being analyzed.
- 4. Number of Lanes Identify the number of peak direction through-movement lanes at signalized intersections and other roadway segment breaks within the roadway facility being analyzed. Also identify the number of off-peak direction through-movement lanes at signalized intersections and other roadway segment breaks within the roadway facility being analyzed. Use of partial lanes shall be consistent with the <u>Quality/Level Handbook</u> criteria.
- 5. Arterial Class Use the arterial classification for signal density that corresponds to the appropriate Florida Department of Transportation Generalized Table in the <a href="Quality/Level-Handbook">Quality/Level-Handbook</a>.
- 6. Free Flow Speed Use the roadway facility's predominant posted speed limit, i.e. the speed limit with the longest duration over the length of the roadway facility.
- 7. Arrival Type Use the observed prevailing arrival types for both peak and off-peak direction for the peak hour for each roadway segment, based on professional judgment, using criteria specified in the 2010 Highway Capacity Manual for the roadway facility.
- 8. Type Signal System Use the signal type from information collected from the City of Gainesville Public Works Department.
- 9. Distance Between Signals Use the distances between traffic signals for all the roadway segments from the initial terminus to the peak direction terminus.

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### C. Data Analysis Requirements

Roadway facility analysis shall be undertaken utilizing Florida Department of Transportation -approved analysis tools. These tools include, but are not limited to, the latest version of ARTPLAN, <u>2010 Highway Capacity Manual</u> and Highway Capacity Software. In some cases, the use of Florida Department of Transportation FREEPLAN or HIGHPLAN software may be appropriate. Data analysis requirements include:

- 1. Roadway Facility AADT for ARTPLAN 2012 is defined as the AADT of the segment with the highest volume to capacity ratio (v/c) as calculated by ARTPLAN 2012;
- 2. K-Factor (Florida Department of Transportation Standard K Factor, K<sub>100</sub> Factor or Planning Analysis Hour Factor); D-Factor (Directional Factor); Peak Hour Factor (PHF), which is to be estimated based on three-day bidirectional, 24-hour, 15-minute interval traffic counts for each roadway segment in accordance with criteria specified in the <u>Quality/Level Handbook</u>.
- Segment Average Annual Daily Traffic (AADT) Use the average traffic count from the threeday, 24-hour, 15-minute traffic counts that have been collected (latest traffic count available) which is nearest in the approach of a signalized intersection, terminus or other roadway segment break.
- 4. Segment Peak Hour Volume (PHV) Use the median traffic count from the three-day, peak hour, 15-minute traffic counts that have been collected which is nearest in the approach of a signalized intersection, terminus or other roadway segment break.
- 5. Cycle Length at Signalized Intersections Use the average cycle length for the peak hour, as calculated from the median of at least two days (Tuesday Thursday) of field-collected data. Signal timing data from local traffic studies, which are maintained by the City of Gainesville Public Works Department, may be used with the permission of the appropriate government agencies. Those intersections, which are identified as running free, shall be analyzed using field-collected data.
- 6. Effective <sup>9</sup>/C at Signalized Intersections Use the average effective green time (green + yellow + all red lost time) for the peak hour, as calculated from the median of at least two days (Tuesday Thursday) of field-collected data. Signal timing data from local traffic studies, which are maintained by the City of Gainesville Public Works Department, may be used with the permission of the appropriate government agencies. Those intersections, which are identified as running free, shall be analyzed using field-collected data.

### D. Highway Level Of Service Standards

#### 1. State of Florida

In March, 1992, the Florida Department of Transportation adopted by rule *Statewide Minimum Level of Service Standards for the State Highway System*. In 2007, these standards were modified to account for the Florida Strategic Intermodal System (SIS), and appended to the <u>2002 Quality/Level Handbook</u> and included in Section 8 of the <u>2013 Quality/Level Handbook</u>. In 2012, Florida's Planning Level of Service Standards were revised to account for changes in growth management legislation. The standards incorporate the growth management concepts of:

- urban infill:
- infrastructure concurrent with the impact of development option;
- alternative modes of transportation;
- local flexibility in setting standards;
- different roles the state's facilities provide; and
- the direct correlation between urban size and acceptance of some highway congestion as a tradeoff for other urban amenities.

Appendix B includes the State Highway System level of service standards. The maximum service volume (i.e., service flow rate) for roadways will relate to the adopted level of service standards identified in the appropriate local government comprehensive plan.

In 2011, the Community Planning Act, modifications of Chapter 163 as described in HB 7207, was passed. This Act makes transportation concurrency optional. Alachua County maintains a transportation concurrency. The City of Gainesville has replaced concurrency exception areas with a Transportation Mobility Program Areas. Chapter 380.06(29) exempts Dense Urban Land Areas (DULAs) from the Development of Regional Impact (DRI) review program. The City of Gainesville is a Dense Urban Land Area. Alachua County's Urban Services Area is a Dense Urban Land Area.

# 2. Metropolitan Transportation Planning Organization for the Gainesville Urbanized Area

The minimum acceptable level of service standards within the Gainesville Metropolitan Area Boundary are provided in Appendix B. These standards are consistent with the standards for state-maintained Florida Intrastate Highway System and Strategic Intermodal System and state-maintained, county-maintained and city-maintained roads, as stated in the Alachua County Comprehensive Plan, as amended and the City of Gainesville Comprehensive Plan, as amended. The minimum acceptable level of service for each roadway is shown in Tables 1, 2 and 3.

#### 3. Alachua County and City Of Gainesville

The minimum acceptable level of service standards for Alachua County are provided in Appendix B. The County standards are consistent with Florida Department of Transportation roadway level of service standards. Roads within the City must meet the City of Gainesville requirements which are also included in Appendix B. The City standards are inconsistent with Florida Department of Transportation roadway level of service standards.

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## **E.** Traffic Study Procedures

### 1. Tier One Analyzed Roadway Facilities

For development or other projects in which the planning review process requires a traffic study on roadway facilities identified in the <u>Multimodal Level of Service Report</u> as being Tier One analyzed, the following procedure shall be implemented:

- 1. Determine project traffic demand for all appropriate adjacent facilities.
- 2. For each project-affected roadway facility, add project traffic demand (P<sub>T</sub>) to the latest available existing traffic count data (E<sub>T</sub>), as identified in the <u>Multimodal Level of Service</u> Report or from field-collected data, plus any additional reserve trips allocated (R<sub>T</sub>) by any local government to any project-affected facilities to determine the total allocated traffic (T<sub>T</sub>).

$$(P_T) + (E_T) + (R_T) = (T_T)$$

- 3<sub>A</sub>. Determine whether the total allocated traffic is equal to or exceeds 65 percent of the each roadway facility's Generalized Tables maximum service volume (MSV<sub>GT</sub>). Any roadway facilities that meet this "distressed" threshold shall be Tier Two analyzed. Any roadway facilities that do not meet this "distressed" threshold can be Tier One analyzed or may be Tier Two analyzed.
- 3<sub>B</sub>. For those roadway facilities in the <u>Multimodal Level of Service Report</u> which are Tier One analyzed and the total allocated traffic is less than 65 percent of the each roadway facility's Generalized Tables maximum service volume (MSV<sub>GT</sub>), then implement the Tier One analysis procedures.

If 
$$(T_T)$$
 < .65 MSV<sub>GT</sub>, then Tier One analyze

If  $(T_T)$  > or = .65 MSV<sub>GT</sub>, then Tier Two analyze

## 2. Tier Two Analyzed Roadway Facilities

Perform Tier Two analysis to determine whether the project meets criteria for development or other projects in which the planning review process requires a traffic study on:

- 1. Roadway facilities identified in the <u>Multimodal Level of Service Report</u> as being Tier Two analyzed; or
- 2. Any Tier One analyzed roadway facility where the total allocated traffic is equal to or exceeds 65 percent of the roadway facility's Generalized Tables maximum service volume.

## F. Methodology

### 1. Determining Roadway Level Of Service

- I. Determination of Average Annual Daily Traffic (AADT)
  - A. Step 1 Traffic Count Station Average Annual Daily Traffic
    - 1. At established traffic count stations which are counted yearly, the average annual daily traffic for the station will be, for all analysis purposes, the median volume of the current year's count and the two previous years' counts.
    - 2. At established traffic count stations which are counted semiannually, the average annual daily traffic for the station will be, for all analysis purposes, the median volume of the semiannual count average for the current year's and the two previous years' counts.
    - 3. At established traffic count stations which traffic counts are collected in alternate years, the average annual daily traffic for the station will be, for all analysis purposes, the average of the two most recent counts.
    - 4. At established traffic count stations, where traffic counts are collected once every three years, the average annual daily traffic for the station will be, for all analysis purposes, that count.
    - 5. At traffic count stations, which have only been counted one year (such as a new or special study count station), the average annual daily traffic for the station will be, for all analysis purposes, that count.
    - 6. Traffic counts for functionally classified arterials, collectors functioning as arterials and collectors which were collected four years preceding the current year shall be considered stale data and may only be used with the consent of the Level of Service Subcommittee.
    - 7. Traffic counts collected for roadway facilities on the State Highway System shall be factored for latest available seasonal and axle adjustments. These factor tables are available from the Florida Department of Transportation District 2 office. Local roads are not required to be factored for seasonal and axle adjustments. But the level of Service Subcommittee may request that these factors be applied to certain roadways.
  - B. Step 2 Roadway Facility Average Annual Daily Traffic
    - 1. For Tier One Generalized Tables analysis purposes at established roadway facilities designated in the <u>Multimodal Level of Service Report</u>, the average annual daily traffic for the facility will be the median value of the count station median values as determined in Step 1, above. In 2008, the Technical Advisory Committee Level of Service Subcommittee modified the Tier One analysis to be the median of count station values within a Roadway Facility for the latest available traffic count.

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- 2. For Tier Two ARTPLAN analysis purposes at established roadway facilities designated in the <u>Multimodal Level of Service Report</u>, the average annual daily traffic for the facility will be the "sensitive intersection" three-year median value as indicated by the ARTPLAN analysis of the facility using the SEGMENT Average Annual Daily Traffic counts as determined below:
  - a. At established roadway facilities, the SEGMENT Average Annual Daily Traffic will be for ARTPLAN analysis purposes, the latest three-year median annual value for the nearest count station of the signalized intersection being analyzed for those segments with more than one average annual daily traffic.
  - b. At established roadway facilities, the SEGMENT Average Annual Daily Traffic, for those facilities for which there are segments without traffic counts (not field studied), will be for ARTPLAN analysis purposes:
    - for field-studied facilities, the calculated value that correspond to the level of service field study traffic count profile associated with the latest three-year median annual value for the nearest count stations; and
    - ii. For nonfield-studied facilities:
      - (a). the latest three-year median annual value for the nearest count station extrapolated to the adjacent segment without data; or
      - (b). the latest three-year median annual value for the nearest count stations interpolated to the adjacent segment(s) without data.
- II. Tier One Evaluation of All Functionally Classified Roadways
  - A. Tier One Level of Service evaluations and determination of roadway maximum service volumes, at the minimum acceptable level of service, for all functionally classified roads within the Gainesville Metropolitan Area Boundary, are to be performed using the Generalized Tables contained in the Florida Department of Transportation publication, 2013 Quality/Level of Service Handbook, as revised, or any subsequent updates.
  - B. Average Annual Daily Traffic counts (obtained using the method described in Section I) are to be compared with the service volumes at the minimum acceptable level of service to determine if the roadway facility is "distressed". The level of service and maximum service volume at the adopted level of service as determined by the Generalized Tables is to be used for all roadway facilities which are **not** considered "distressed". However, once a roadway facility meets the "distressed" threshold, the roadway facility will be analyzed using ARTPLAN analysis until modification, such as additional lanes, to the roadway facility increases capacity. The continuation of ARTPLAN analysis is to sufficiently assess the roadway facility's performance since local government transportation demand management (TDM) and transportation system management (TSM) policies may have been activated to address congested traffic conditions.

- C. The number of signalized intersections per roadway facility is a factor used in Florida Department of Transportation Generalized Tables analyses. For the Multimodal Level of Service Report, the number of signalized intersections is determined by averaging the number of intersections (both signalized and ones requiring the through movement to stop) in the peak directions, not counting the starting one, with the number of intersections, not counting the starting one, in the offpeak direction.
- III. Tier Two Evaluation of "Distressed" Roadways

A detailed analysis of all "distressed" roadways will be performed using ARTPLAN (or the latest technique and/or program approved and recommended by the Florida Department of Transportation and Level of Service Subcommittee for obtaining a more accurate analysis). The results of the detailed analysis and the maximum service volumes, at the adopted level of service derived from that analysis, will be used for the "distressed" roadways.

- IV. Options Involving Roadways Determined to be Operating at an Unacceptable Level of Service
  - A. Roadways previously designated as "constrained" and/or "backlogged"-
    - 1. Roadways previously designated as "backlogged" and/or "constrained", based on a generalized tables analysis, will be analyzed using the detailed technique. The results of the detailed analysis will be used for these roadways.
      - a. If, because of the detailed analysis, it is determined that the roadway is operating at an <u>acceptable</u> level of service, the level of service and maximum service volume at the adopted level of service derived from that analysis will be used.
      - b. If it is confirmed, through the detailed analysis, that the roadway is operating at an <u>unacceptable</u> level of service, the "backlogged" and/or "constrained" designation will remain on the facility and any negotiated maximum service volumes designated in the City or County's Comprehensive Plan will be used.
  - B. When a roadway, which has not previously been designated as "constrained", is found to be operating at an unacceptable level of service (by the detailed analysis), the determination as to whether the road should be considered "constrained" will be made. When the Florida Department of Transportation or local government identifies a roadway facility as "constrained", the local government should appropriately update its planning documents.
  - C. Roadways operating at an unacceptable level of service may gain some additional capacity through negotiation between the local government and Florida Department of Economic Opportunity. Among the options for increasing capacity for development purposes include: a negotiated capacity degradation of up to ten percent of the maximum service volume for the adopted level of service; designation of a transportation mobility program area (TMPA); and designation of a transportation concurrency management area (TCMA).

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### 2. Determining Roadway Maximum Service Volumes

Tier One Maximum Service Volume is determined by identifying the corresponding service volume in the Florida Department of Transportation Generalized Tables for the adopted level of service of the roadway facility.

Tier Two Maximum Service Volume is determined by identifying the corresponding service volume as calculated using the Florida Department of Transportation LOSPLAN software programs- ARTPLAN, FREEPLAN or HIGHPLAN, or as calculated by an Florida Department of Transportation and Level of Service Subcommittee-approved analytical tool.

In addition, for capacity evaluation purposes, the maximum service volume of a roadway facility is the adopted value as negotiated by the local government and the Florida Department of Economic Opportunity.

### 3. Level Of Service Analysis Techniques

There are a number of methods for determining level of service. The simplest (and the least accurate) method is the use of the Florida Department of Transportation Generalized Tables. An intermediate level analysis can be performed using the LOSPLAN family software developed by the Florida Department of Transportation. One of the more complex (and more accurate) methods for determining level of service employs calculations derived using the 2010 Highway Capacity Manual or Highway Capacity Software (HCS). The 2010 Highway Capacity Manual and Highway Capacity Software are acceptable analytical tools for determining level of service. All of these techniques are based on the 2010 Highway Capacity Manual. Data collection shall be consistent with the criteria specified in the Quality/Level of Service Handbook or criteria designated by Florida Department of Transportation District 2.

### a. Tier One Level of Service Analysis

Florida Department Of Transportation Generalized Tables

To determine the level of service of a roadway facility, use the appropriate urban, transitioning, or rural area Florida Department of Transportation Generalized Table. Within the table, select the appropriate signal density classification and applicable assumption factors to the average annual daily traffic or peak hour volume being analyzed.

### b. Tier Two Level of Service Analysis

ARTPLAN for Estimating Level Of Service

For ARTPLAN analysis, localized data is entered for each segment and intersection to achieve a more accurate level of service estimate. Data specific to the road being analyzed should be used wherever possible. However, default values may be used for adjusted saturation flow rate.

FREEPLAN/HIGHPLAN For Estimating Level Of Service

The FREEPLAN and HIGHPLAN programs are used for level of service analysis of arterial roadways that are not adequately represented in the Generalized Tables. These programs create a localized table showing service volumes for each level of service for freeways, limited-access arterials and 2-lane and multilane highways.

### 4. Maximum Service Volume Analysis Techniques

#### a. Tier One Maximum Service Volume Analysis

Florida Department of Transportation Generalized Tables

For Tier One Maximum Service Volume analysis, the maximum service volume is the volume for the appropriate Florida Department of Transportation Generalized Table, signal density classification, and roadway facility characteristic assumptions that correspond to the adopted level of service of the roadway facility being analyzed.

### b. Tier Two Maximum Service Volume Analysis

ARTPLAN for Estimating Maximum Service Volume

ARTPLAN calculates the service volume for all measurable levels of service of the roadway facility. The roadway facility's maximum service volume is determined by identifying the corresponding service volume for the adopted level of service Standard. The Alachua County Urban Services Area and the City of Gainesville include transportation mobility program areas which provide development permitting criteria for additional vehicle trip demand above the adopted level of service Standard.

FREEPLAN/HIGHPLAN for Estimating Maximum Service Volume

The FREEPLAN and HIGHPLAN programs can also be used to estimate the service volume at any level of service. The level of service volume in the calculated tables corresponding to the adopted level of service would be the maximum service volume.

# 5. Variables Used to Perform Level of Service/Maximum Service Volume Analyses

### a. Tier One Level of Service Analysis

Tier One analysis inputs shall be in conformance with criteria specified in the <u>Quality/Level of Service Handbook</u>. Note that Florida Department of Transportation Generalized Tables service volumes counts that are applied to roadways not on the State Highway System carry a five percent service volume penalty.

Roadway Facility Median Average Annual Daily Traffic (AADT) - Determine the median average annual daily traffic by calculating the median traffic count of all of the count station locations within the roadway facility, in which each count station location's median traffic count consists of the median of the latest three consecutive year traffic counts. See sample below, where roadway facility S-24's median average annual daily traffic is 44,000.

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S-24	SR 121 (W 34 Street From SR 24 (SW Archer Road) To SR 26 (W University Avenue)					
	Count Station Location	Station Number	1997	1998	1999	Median Count
	South of SW 20 Avenue		48,000	43,500	42,000	43,500
	North of SW 20 Avenue	6076	50,000	51,500	50,500	50,500
	North of Radio Road	6136	38,500	46,000	44,500	44,500
	South of SR 26A	4009				Inactive
	South of SR 26	6075	31,500	26,000	28,500	28,500

**Class (Signal Density)** - Florida Department of Transportation Generalized Tables identify arterial classification factors based on signal density (number of signals per mile). The number of signalized intersections is determined by averaging the number of intersections (signalized and ones requiring the through movement to stop) in the peak directions, not counting the starting one, with the number of intersections, not counting the starting one, in the off-peak direction.

**Area Type** - Use the Gainesville Metropolitan Area transportation planning boundaries map (see Illustration I) or refer to the <u>Multimodal Level of Service Report</u>'s Level of Service Tables to determine whether the roadway facility being analyzed is urban, transitioning or rural, so that the appropriate Generalized Table-based service volumes are used for analysis.

**Number of Lanes** - Determine the number of through lanes being analyzed to select the appropriate Generalized Table-based service volumes.

#### Arterial/Non-State Roadway Adjustments-

#### Divided/Undivided Facilities-

**Left Turn Lanes** - Apply the left turn bay adjustment factor in the Generalized Table-based service volumes if left turn lanes are (not) present.

**Medians** - Apply the median adjustment factor in the Generalized Table-based service volumes if medians are (not) present.

**One-Way Facilities** - Apply the one-way facility adjustment factor in the Generalized Tablebased service volumes if the roadway being analyzed is a one-way facility.

**Input Value Assumptions** - When using the Florida Department of Transportation Generalized Tables, deviation from the input value assumptions for: traffic characteristics, including the planning analysis hour  $(K_{100})$  factor, directional (D) factor, peak hour factor (PHF), and adjusted saturation flow rate; roadway characteristics; and signal characteristics is not permitted. If it is preferred to use local data variables rather than statewide default variables to produce Generalized Tables, then FREEPLAN/HIGHPLAN software shall be used.

#### b. Tier Two Level of Service Analysis

Tier Two ARTPLAN analysis inputs shall be in conformance with criteria specified in the <u>Quality/Level of Service Handbook</u>. Tier Two FREEPLAN/HIGHPLAN software analyses shall use roadway facility specific inputs, as determined by Florida Department of Transportation District 2. Note that ARTPLAN is a more accurate Tier Two analysis tool. The appropriate development review agency shall indicate the acceptable analysis tool of those tools approved by Florida Department of Transportation and the Level of Service Subcommittee. ARTPLAN features three screens, two input (the first screen is facility-level data and the second screen is segment-level data) and one output (the third screen is service volume tables). In addition, ARTPLAN produces a printout of input data, calculated level of service and service volume tables.

#### i. ARTPLAN - GENERAL FACILITY DATA (SCREEN ONE) CHARACTERISTICS

#### **DESCRIPTION OF ROADWAY FACILITY**

**Road Name** - Input the roadway facility name.

**Peak Direction** - Select the peak hour service volume direction (eastbound or westbound; northbound or southbound) on the roadway facility which has the higher traffic count.

**Study Time Period** - Select the  $K_{100}$  traffic analysis period. The Level of Service Subcommittee would need to approve non- $K_{100}$  traffic analysis periods for inclusion in the <u>Multimodal Level of Service Report</u>.

#### **FILE INFORMATION**

**Analyst** - Input name of person's name performing the analysis.

**Analysis Date** - Input the traffic study date.

**Agency** - Input the entity employing the traffic study analyst.

**District** - Leave blank. This is a cell for identifying the Florida Department of Transportation district.

**User Notes** - Input the roadway facility ARTPLAN filename and path (its <u>Multimodal Level of Service Report</u> designation); the initial peak period/peak direction and the end peak period/peak direction termini. Also, input any relevant comments to the particular analysis.

#### **ROADWAY VARIABLES**

**Area Type** - Use the Gainesville Metropolitan Area transportation planning boundaries map (see Illustration I) or refer to the <u>Multimodal Level of Service Report</u>'s Level of Service Tables to determine whether the roadway facility being analyzed is urban, transitioning or rural, so that the appropriate Generalized Table-based service volumes are used for analysis.

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Class (Signal Density) - Florida Department of Transportation Generalized Tables identify arterial classification factors based on signal density (number of signals per mile). The number of signalized intersections is determined by averaging the number of intersections (signalized and unsignalized traffic-controlled for the through movement) in the peak directions, not counting the starting one, with the number of intersections, not counting the starting one, in the off-peak direction. Use the arterial classification for signal density that corresponds to the appropriate Florida Department of Transportation Generalized Table in the <a href="Quality/Level of Service Handbook">Quality/Level of Service Handbook</a>.

**Left Turnlanes** - Check if the roadway facility has exclusive left and/or right turnlane facilities at signalized intersections.

**Number (\*) of Throughlanes (Both Directions)** - Input the number of peak direction and offpeak direction through-movement lanes at signalized intersections and other roadway segment breaks within the roadway facility being analyzed on page one and two of the ARTPLAN spreadsheet. Use of partial lanes shall be consistent with the Quality/Level of Service Handbook criteria.

**Posted Speed** - Input the roadway facility's predominant posted speed limit, i.e. the speed limit with the longest duration over the length of the roadway facility. ARTPLAN calculates the free flow speed.

#### TRAFFIC VARIABLES

To determine the roadway facility AADT, collect three days of 24-hour bidirectional counts (Tuesday through Thursday) by 15 minute increments.

**Roadway Facility AADT-** Input the traffic count for the sensitive intersection, where the sensitive intersection is defined as that intersection which is the first to reach a volume:capacity (v/c) ratio of 1.0.

**Adjusted Saturation Flow Rate** - Use the ARTPLAN-calculated adjusted saturation flow rate. This flow rate is the base saturation flow rate times the effects of many roadway and traffic variables in the <u>Quality/Level of Service Handbook</u>.

**Base Saturation Flow Rate** - The maximum steady flow rate, expressed in passenger cars per hour per lane, at which passenger cars can cross a point on interrupted flow roadways. ARTPLAN calculates a base saturation flow rate that corresponds to the appropriate Florida Department of Transportation Generalized Table in the <u>Quality/Level of Service Handbook</u> for the type of facility being analyzed. A calculated saturation flow rate, if approved by Florida Department of Transportation District 2, may be used for the specific roadway facility.

**"D" Factor** (Directional Factor) - The real "D" factor is inputted on the ARTPLAN software, if available. Otherwise, it is estimated based on three-day bidirectional, peak hour, 15-minute incremental traffic counts for each roadway segment in accordance with criteria specified in the <a href="Quality/Level of Service Handbook">Quality/Level of Service Handbook</a>.

**"K" Factor** ("K" Factor or Planning Analysis Hour Factor) - The appropriate Florida Department of Transportation-specified Standard K factor is inputted on the ARTPLAN software in accordance with criteria specified in the Quality/Level of Service Handbook.

**Peak Hour Factor** (PHF) - Use <u>Quality/Level of Service Handbook</u> methodology to calculate the peak hour factor. The peak hour factor shall be based on three-day, 24-hour, bidirectional traffic counts at 15-minute intervals for each roadway segment.

**Percent (%) Heavy Vehicles** - percentage of vehicles with more than four wheels touching the pavement during normal operation. For ARTPLAN analyses, use the default value for State Highway System arterials and nonstate facilities.

**Percent (%) of Turns From Exclusive Lanes** - The median percent turn data is inputted for each roadway segment based on turning movement data collected for the roadway segments. Two days of peak hour, peak direction turning movement counts for each signalized intersection, including the last peak direction terminus (if not signalized) shall be collected to determine an estimated average percent of turns from exclusive lanes.

#### TRAFFIC CONTROL VARIABLES

**Arrival Type** - Input the median of the observed prevailing arrival types for both peak and off-peak direction for the peak hour for each roadway segment, based on professional judgement, using criteria specified in the 2010 Highway Capacity Manual for the roadway facility.

**Control Type** - Input the traffic signal control type (actuated, semiactuated or pretimed) from information collected from the City of Gainesville Public Works Department.

**Cycle Length (C)** - Input the observed traffic signal cycle length for the peak direction for the peak hour for sensitive intersection.

**Signals/Mile** - Input the signal density (number of traffic signals per mile) for the roadway.

**Through** <sup>g</sup>/C - Input the through movement <sup>g</sup>/C for the sensitive intersection, as calculated from the roadway segment data, using <u>Quality/Level of Service Handbook</u> criteria.

ii. ARTPLAN Segment Data Screen Peak Direction Inputs

**Arrival Type** - Input observed prevailing roadway segment arrival types for peak direction for the peak hour, based on professional judgment, using criteria specified in the <u>2010 Highway Capacity Manual</u>.

Average Annual Daily Traffic - Input the median traffic count from the three-day, 24-hour, 15- minute traffic counts that have been collected (latest traffic count available) which is nearest in the approach of a signalized intersection, terminus or other segment break. This median traffic count shall be adjusted for axle and seasonal traffic conditions for roadway facilities on the State Highway System and other roadway facilities, as specified by the Level of Service Subcommittee. For nonfield-studied ARTPLAN analyses, the average of the three-year median traffic counts of adjacent segments is used for segments without traffic counts. For ARTPLAN analyses subsequent to the field study year, a value that maintains the proportion defined by the field-collected data is used for the traffic count, i.e. the roadway facility traffic profile will be maintained.

**Cross Street Names** - Input the names of the roadway facility's cross streets beginning with the initial terminus (intersection, political boundary, etc) for the peak direction as intersection #1 until all traffic-controlled intersections up to-and-including the end terminus (intersection, political boundary, etc) for the peak direction in the roadway facility are entered.

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**Cycle Length at Traffic-Controlled Intersections** - Input the average cycle length for the peak hour, as calculated from the median of at least two days (Tuesday - Thursday) of field-collected data. Signal timing data from local traffic studies, which are maintained by the City of Gainesville Public Works Department, may be used with the permission of the appropriate government agencies. Use the mode cycle length for the peak direction end terminus which is not signalized.

**Free-Flow Speed** - The average speed of vehicles not under the influence of speed reduction conditions, generally assumed to be 5 mph over the posted speed limit. Use the default free-flow speed as automatically calculated by ARTPLAN. Use of Field-collected free flow speeds shall be coordinated with the Level of Service Subcommittee and Florida Department of Transportation District 2 staff.

<sup>9</sup>/C at Traffic-Controlled Intersections - Input the average effective green time (green + yellow + all red - lost time) for the peak hour, as calculated from the median of at least two days (Tuesday - Thursday) of field-collected data. Signal timing data from local traffic studies, which are maintained by the City of Gainesville Public Works Department, may be used with the permission of the appropriate government agencies. Use 0.99 as the <sup>9</sup>/C for the peak direction end terminus which is not signalized.

**Length (Distance Between Signals)** - Input the distances between traffic signals for all the roadway segments from the initial terminus to the peak direction terminus. Note that this data may be inputted as feet or miles data.

**Number (#) of Directional Lanes** - Input the number of peak direction through-movement lanes at signalized intersections and other roadway segment breaks within the roadway segment being analyzed. Use of partial lanes shall be consistent with the <u>Quality/Level of Service Handbook</u> criteria.

**Peak Hour Volume (PHV)** - Input the median traffic count from the three-day, peak hour, 15- minute traffic counts that have been collected (latest traffic count available) which is nearest in the approach of a signalized intersection, terminus or other segment break. This median traffic count shall be adjusted for axle and seasonal traffic conditions for roadway facilities on the State Highway System and other roadway facilities, as specified by the Level of Service Subcommittee.

**Percent (%) of Turns From Exclusive Lanes** - Input percent turn data for each roadway segment. Percent turns is determined from at least two days of peak hour, peak direction turning movement counts for each signalized intersection, including the last peak direction terminus (if not signalized) shall be collected to determine an estimated average percent of turns from exclusive lanes.

iii. ARTPLAN Facility and Segment Level Of Service Output Screen

#### **Facility Outputs**

**Arterial Length** - The length of the roadway facility is displayed.

**Auto LOS** - The calculated roadway facility level of service for automobiles is displayed.

**Auto Speed** - The calculated roadway facility average vehicle speed is displayed.

**Segments** - The segment termini names are displayed.

#### **Segment Outputs**

**Control Delay** - The calculated roadway segment control delay is displayed.

**Intersection Approach LOS** - The calculated roadway segment intersection approach level of service is displayed.

**Segment LOS** - The calculated roadway segment level of service is displayed.

**Speed (mph)** - The calculated roadway segment speed is displayed.

**Through Movement Flow Rate** - The calculated roadway segment through movement flow rate is displayed.

v/c (Volume:Capacity Ratio) - The calculated roadway segment v/c ratio is displayed.

iv. ARTPLAN Facility Service Volume Screen

**Maximum Service Volumes** - Maximum service volume tables for hourly volume in the peak direction, hourly volume for both directions and annual average daily traffic are displayed.

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#### Exhibit A-1

#### **Sensitive Intersection for ARTPLAN-Analyzed Facilities**

#### [RESERVED]

Updated Tier Two Analyses Suspended in 2008

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Appendix B
Minimum Acceptable Highway
Level Of Service Standards
within the Gainesville
Metropolitan Area Boundary

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Page B-2 Appendix B

## Appendix B: Minimum Acceptable Highway Level of Service Standards within the Gainesville Metropolitan Area Boundary

In accordance with the guidance of the 1985 Growth Management Act, as amended, all roadway facilities within the Gainesville Metropolitan Area have a designated level of service standard.

In 2011, the Community Planning Act, modifications of Chapter 163 as described in HB 7207, was passed. This Act makes transportation concurrency optional. Alachua County and the City of Gainesville maintain transportation concurrency. Chapter 380.06(29) exempts Dense Urban Land Areas from the Development of Regional Impact review program. As designated by the Florida Legislature's Office of Economic and Demographic Research, the City of Gainesville and the Alachua County Urban Services Area meet the Dense Urban Land Areas criteria of 1,000 persons per square mile. The City of Gainesville also has a citywide Transportation Mobility Program Area. The Alachua County Urban Services Area includes three districts.

### A. Florida State Highway System

Exhibit B-1 is a level of service excerpt from the Quality/Level of Service Handbook. Illustration B-I shows the Strategic Intermodal System within the Gainesville Metropolitan Area. Illustration B-II shows the Florida Department of Transportation District 2 Dense Urban Land Areas.

# B. Metropolitan Planning Organization for the Gainesville Urbanized Area

Exhibit B-3 shows the level of service standards adopted by the Metropolitan Transportation Planning Organization for the Gainesville Urbanized Area. These standards apply to the roadway facilities within the Gainesville Metropolitan Area.

### C. Alachua County

Level of service standards that were adopted by Alachua County are contained in the County's comprehensive plan. These standards apply to the roadway facilities within the Gainesville Metropolitan Area which are not contained within municipal corporate limits. Alachua County uses an areawide level of service. The Alachua County Comprehensive Plan is maintained by the Alachua County Department of Growth Management. Requests for the latest information on level of service standards should be directed to the Department of Growth Management. Roadway facility-specific level of service standards are included in the Level of Service Tables in Chapter 2 of this report. Illustration B-III shows the current boundaries for the County's Transportation Concurrency Exception Area districts.

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## D. City Of Gainesville

Level of service standards, as adopted by the City of Gainesville, are contained in the City's comprehensive plan. These standards apply to the roadway facilities within the Gainesville Metropolitan Area which are contained within municipal corporate limits of the City. The City of Gainesville Comprehensive Plan is maintained by the City of Gainesville Department of Planning and Development Services. Requests for the latest information on level of service standards should be directed to the Department of Planning and Development Services. Roadway facility-specific level of service standards are included in the Level of Service Tables facility of this report. Illustration XIII shows the current boundaries for the City's Transportation Mobility Program Area zones.

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## E. Florida State Highway System

## FLORIDA STATE HIGHWAY SYSTEM

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## **Exhibit B-1 Florida Planning Level of Service Standards**

## 10 FLORIDA'S LOS STANDARDS FOR THE STATE

It is the Department's intent to plan, design, and operate the State Highway System at an acceptable level of service for the traveling public. Level of service standards for the State Highway System during peak travel hours are D in urbanized areas and C outside urbanized areas. For additional information, refer to FDOT's Procedure on Level of Service Standards and Highway Capacity Analysis for the State Highway System (Topic No. 525-000-006).

### 10.1. Application of Standards

The use of standard LOS is intended to promote public safety and general welfare, ensure the mobility of people and goods, and preserve the facilities on the State Highway System. The standards are to be applied to FDOT's planning activities. Unless otherwise provided by law, the minimum LOS standards for the State Highway System will be used by FDOT in review of local government comprehensive plans, assessing impacts related to developments of regional impact (DRI), and assessing other developments affecting the State Highway System.

The standards require all LOS determinations be based on the latest edition of the HCM, this FDOT Q/LOS Handbook or a methodology determined by FDOT as having comparable reliability. There are only two FDOT supported highway capacity and LOS analysis tools for generalized and conceptual planning: FDOT's Generalized Service Volume Tables and FDOT's LOSPLAN software. These two tools form the core for all FDOT's highway capacity and LOS analyses and reviews in planning stages.

#### 10.1.1. Area Type

The area and roadway types in the LOS standards match well with FDOT's Generalized Service Volume Tables appearing at the end of this Q/LOS Handbook; however, subtleties exist on delineation of areas, as discussed in **Chapter 4**.

While the standards are applicable at the facility and section levels, there may be small lengths of roadways (e.g., 2 miles) between area types that from a logical and analytical perspective should be combined into one area type or another. This situation typically happens in transitioning areas, but may also occur elsewhere. FDOT District LOS Coordinators should be consulted for applicable boundaries within their districts.

Urban State Highway System LOS Standard = LOS D

Outside Urban Areas = LOS C

10 FLORIDA'S LOS STANDARDS FOR THE STATE

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## **Exhibit B-1 (Continued) Florida Planning Level of Service Standards**

#### 10.1.2. Future Years

For development reviews, FDOT's LOS standards and area types remain effective throughout the project's planning horizon. For example, in FDOT's review of a proposed multi-phase development the same standards and area types would be used regardless of the amount of development anticipated over time. The only time the applicable standards may change is when the development order conditions provide for a reevaluation of transportation impacts for subsequent phases of development. The change in LOS standards may result from an official change in designation (e.g., Census update, rule change, variance).

#### 10.1.3. Signalized Intersection Analysis

The logical extension of applying the LOS standards to point analyses is to apply the applicable standards to the through movement of the roadway. For example, for a site impact analysis, if the LOS standard for an arterial is D, then the through movement at the intersection should also be D. However, while sound in concept, it is usually possible to achieve a desired LOS for an intersection approach if the other approaches are ignored. Therefore, if an operational analysis of a signalized intersection is part of a planning study, the operational analysis should be conducted with HCS for the entire intersection with appropriate traffic volumes and other inputs for each approach. No intersection approach should fall below its established LOS standard. If there is no LOS standard, the approach should not have a volume to capacity ratio in excess of 1.0 for the full hour. The segment and the relevant intersection approaches must operate at acceptable levels of service. Other techniques exist for analyzing signalized intersections in planning studies, so District LOS Coordinators should be consulted for specific techniques and acceptable values in their districts.

If a detailed point analysis is performed, the applicant must demonstrate ample left turn storage. Any actual turning movement counts can only be used to determine the percentage of the approach turning left, not the actual number of turning vehicles as this number can be constrained and not representative of a demand volume.

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## **Exhibit B-1 (Continued) Florida Planning Level of Service Standards**

#### 10.1.4. Standard K

Standard K is the primary planning analysis hour factor used in Florida. Unless otherwise noted, all references in this Q/LOS Handbook and accompanying LOSPLAN software to a planning analysis hour or K factor refer to Standard K. The use of Standard K represents a design approach in which the K factor for a roadway is established from planning through design. The updated LOSPLAN software automatically enters the correct Standard K value based on the selected area and facility type, using the following values:

- Urbanized and transitioning areas (all facility types) 0.090
- Large urbanized 0.080-0.090
- Urban
  - Freeways 0.105
  - Highways 0.090
  - Arterials 0.090
- Rural developed and rural undeveloped
  - Freeways 0.105
  - Highways 0.095
  - Arterials 0.095

Refer to **Section 5.3** for additional information related to the use of Standard K.

All references in this Q/LOS Handbook and accompanying LOSPLAN software to a planning analysis hour or K factor refer to Standard K.

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## Exhibit B-2 Level of Service Policy and Procedure



### Florida Department of Transportation

RICK SCOTT GOVERNOR 605 Suwannee Street Tallahassee, FL 32399-0450 ANANTH PRASAD, P.E. SECRETARY

**POLICY** 

Effective: April 18, 2012 Office: Systems Planning Topic No.: 000-525-006-a

## LEVEL OF SERVICE STANDARDS FOR THE STATE HIGHWAY SYSTEM

It is the Department's intent to plan, design and operate the State Highway System at an acceptable level of service for the traveling public. The automobile mode level of service standards for the State Highway System during peak travel hours are "D" in urbanized areas and "C" outside urbanized areas. See *Procedure No. 525-000-006*, *Level of Service Standards and Highway Capacity Analysis for the State Highway System* for more information. No specific level of service standards are established for other highway modes (e.g., bus, pedestrian, bicycle). Quality/level of service for these modes is determined on a case by case basis.

Ananth Prasad, P.E.

Secretary

www.dot.state.fl.us

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Approved:

Effective: April 18, 2012 Office: Systems Planning Topic No.: 525-000-006-a

Department of Transportation

# LEVEL OF SERVICE STANDARDS AND HIGHWAY CAPACITY ANALYSIS FOR THE STATE HIGHWAY SYSTEM

#### **PURPOSE:**

To provide implementation procedures and criteria for the Florida Department of Transportation's Level of Service Standards for the State Highway System.

#### **AUTHORITY:**

Sections 20.23(4)(a) and 334.048(3), Florida Statutes (F.S.)

#### SCOPE:

This procedure will be used by all offices of the Florida Department of Transportation (Department) for the planning, design and operation of the automobile mode on the State Highway System. No specific level of service requirements are established for other highway modes (e.g., bus, pedestrian, bicycle). Quality/level of service for these modes is determined on a case by case basis in accordance with guidance on these modes provided in the Department's *Quality/Level of Service Handbook*. This procedure may also serve as a reference document for other entities involved with highway capacity and quality/level of service analyses of the State Highway System.

#### REFERENCES:

- Sections 334.03, 334.044(10)(a), (12), (19), and 339.155(2), F.S.
- Level of Service Standards for the State Highway System, Policy No. 000-525-006
- Plans Preparation Manual, Topic No. 625-000-007
- Project Development and Environment Manual, Topic No. 650-000-001
- Interchange Justification Procedure, Topic No. 525-030-160
- Project Traffic Forecasting Procedure, Topic No. 525-030-120
- System Planning Office's Quality/Level of Service Handbook
- System Planning Office's Interchange Handbook
- Transportation Research Board's Highway Capacity Manual

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#### **DEFINITIONS:**

**Automobile Mode:** A travel mode that includes all motor vehicle traffic using a roadway such as trucks, recreational vehicles, motorcycles, and tour buses, with the exception of transit buses.

Facility: A length of roadway consisting of a combination of points and segments.

**Highway Capacity:** The maximum number of vehicles or persons that can reasonably be expected to pass a point on a roadway during a specified time period under prevailing roadway, environmental, traffic, and control conditions.

**K Factor:** The ratio of the traffic volume in the study hour to the annual average daily traffic.

**Level of Analysis:** Analytic methods relating to transportation phases of planning, project development, design and operations; or to the transportation system structure of points, segments or facilities.

**Level of Service (LOS):** A quantitative stratification of the quality of service to a typical traveler of a service or facility into six letter grade levels, with "A" describing the highest quality and "F" describing the lowest quality. LOS "C" and "D" represent generally acceptable moderate to heavy traffic flows or operating conditions. For further clarification as it relates to specific LOS grades see **Quality/Level of Service Handbook**.

**Managed Lane:** Exclusive lane(s) on a freeway accessible to those who pay a toll, carpool, or ride in public transit vehicles.

**Peak Hour(s):** Hour(s) of the day in which the maximum volume occurs.

**Performance Measure:** A quantitative or qualitative characterization used to evaluate a particular aspect of travel quality.

**Point:** A place along a facility where conflicting traffic streams cross, merge, or diverge.

**Quality of Service:** A traveler based perception of how well a service or facility is operating.

**Segment:** A portion of a facility from one point to the next consecutive point.

**Standard:** A specification to be employed for the majority of conditions and applications for which it is defined.

**State Highway System (SHS):** All roadways the Department operates and maintains.

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**Transportation Impact Assessment:** An analysis conducted to determine the impacts to the transportation system of a proposed development.

**Urbanized Area:** A geographic region comprising as a minimum the area inside an urban place of 50,000 or more persons, as designated by the United States Bureau of the Census, expanded to include adjacent developed areas as provided for by the Federal Highway Administration regulations.

# 1. BACKGROUND FOR LEVEL OF SERVICE STANDARDS AND HIGHWAY CAPACITY CONCEPTS

Since publication of the *Highway Capacity Manual (HCM)*, LOS has been the primary technical tool used for planning and designing of the nation's highways. Early common practice was for highways to be planned and designed towards LOS "C". By the mid-1970's, common practice in urbanized areas has been to design highways to achieve LOS "D".

### 1.1 HIGHWAY CAPACITY MANUAL (HCM)

The **HCM** is widely recognized as the leading reference document on highway capacity and LOS in the United States. It contains analytical methodologies, but does not address what levels of service are desirable.

The first *HCM* was published by the Bureau of Public Roads in 1950. Subsequent major updates were published by the Transportation Research Board (TRB) in 1965, 1985, 2000 and 2010. The 2010 *HCM* is multimodal in approach by simultaneously addressing automobile, transit, pedestrian and bicycle modes. Collectively, these travel modes represent the major highway modes of travel. The Department has been actively involved with the *HCM* since the early 1990's. In fact, many traffic engineering/planning advances made in the Department's operating procedures and handbooks were subsequently adopted in the *HCM*.

The concept of highway (i.e., automobile mode) LOS first appeared in the 1965 *HCM*. While the primary users of the *HCM* are practicing traffic engineers, LOS became the primary method to explain technical traffic planning and engineering analyses to elected officials, as well as the general public.

## 1.1.1 HIGHWAY CAPACITY SOFTWARE (HCS)

To facilitate the use of the HCM analytical methodologies, the *Highway Capacity Software (HCS)* was created to replicate the *HCM* analytical methodologies. Nationally, it is widely regarded as the leading software package implementing the *HCM*. *HCS* is owned and maintained by the University of Florida McTrans Center.

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### 1.2 QUALITY/LEVEL OF SERVICE (Q/LOS) HANDBOOK

The Department began publishing its *Quality/Level of Service (Q/LOS) Handbook* in 1989, with the purpose of serving Florida as a planning and preliminary engineering guide to the *HCM*. It is maintained by the Systems Planning Office and updated as needed or approximately every four years.

The *Q/LOS Handbook* contains simplifying assumptions to the more detailed *HCM* procedures, extensions and modifications to the *HCM* procedures, maximum acceptable capacity volumes to be used in Florida and descriptions of the *LOSPLAN* software. It also contains generalized service volume tables which are frequently used around the United States. Analytical methods are provided for the automobile, bus, pedestrian and bicycle modes.

#### 1.2.1 LOSPLAN SOFTWARE

The Department's **LOSPLAN** (LOS planning) software contains the core tools for site and project specific analyses for planning and preliminary engineering. The software is based on the **Q/LOS Handbook** and tied directly to the **HCM** analytical methodologies. **LOSPLAN** is distributed as part of the **HCS**.

#### 2. ACCEPTABLE OPERATING LOS STANDARDS

It is the Department's intent to plan, design, and operate the SHS at a generally acceptable LOS for the traveling public. LOS standards for the automobile mode on the SHS during a peak hour(s) are "D" in urbanized areas and "C" outside of urbanized areas. LOS standards represent goals for Department and other entities to achieve and maintain. No specific LOS standards are established for other highway modes (e.g., bus, pedestrian, bicycle).

#### 2.1 APPLICATION OF LOS STANDARDS

Except for toll and managed lane facilities and special use lanes, the standards are applied by the Department from planning through design phases for all facility level analyses. In the planning phase the LOS standards are considered in the funding of projects and are used in the reporting of LOS as part of the Department's performance measurement activities. In the identification of transportation needs, the LOS standards are the primary measure of current and future mobility needs of the traveling public. In project development and design, the LOS standards serve as the principal mobility goal.

Department documents tied directly to the application of the LOS standards include:

- Systems Planning's Q/LOS Handbook
- Systems Planning's Interchange Justification, Topic No. 525-030-160

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- Transportation Statistics' Project Traffic Forecasting Procedure, Topic No. 525-030-120
- Environmental Management's Project Development and Environment Manual,
   Topic No. 650-000-001
- Design's *Plans Preparation Manual*, Topic No. 625-000-007

Use of Department's LOS standards and guidance on acceptable highway capacity and LOS methods (including software) apply to all appropriate Department reviews and assessments of proposed developments directly impacting the SHS. In the review of plans and designs of other entities directly impacting the SHS, the Department recommends the adoption and use of the Department's LOS standards. Regardless of adoption or use by non-Department entities, the Department will use the LOS standards for the review of actions directly affecting the SHS for all its planning and permitting processes. The Department can modify a connection permit based on adverse impacts to operational, LOS or safety issues as part of a transportation impact assessment.

The LOS standards apply to peak hour(s) using predetermined K factors at a facility level with guidance provided on application to other levels of analysis (e.g., signalized intersections). Having the LOS standards directly applied at the facility level provides both reasonable consistency and flexibility at a project level for appropriate planning and design of highway facilities. At a segment or point level planners and engineers have flexibility when working with the LOS concept and are not required to follow specific LOS criteria.

# 3. APPLICABILITY OF HIGHWAY CAPACITY AND LOS METHODS AND SOFTWARE

### 3.1 HIGHWAY CAPACITY MANUAL (HCM)

Since the 1970's, more sophisticated tools like signal optimization and complex microsimulation programs have been developed to offer the potential for more accuracy in addressing traffic engineering issues. Conversely in recent years, less sophisticated traffic engineering/planning tools have been developed which require less analytical effort. In the broad spectrum of LOS analysis tools, the *HCM* falls approximately in the middle in terms of complexity and potential accuracy. Although the *HCM* is nationally viewed as the leading resource document on highway capacity and LOS and has national consensus behind it, its methodologies do not necessarily provide the greatest accuracy at either the national or state levels.

Nonetheless, the Department's primary source for highway capacity and LOS analysis methodologies is the *HCM*. However, some evaluation methodologies may be overridden or supplemented by those documented in the *Q/LOS Handbook* or in another Department procedure. In general, *HCM* capacity methodologies and *HCS* analyses take precedence over other techniques for operational analyses at the point

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and segment levels of analysis. Frequently, other analytical methodologies take precedence at the facility level.

## 3.2 QUALITY/LEVEL OF SERVICE (Q/LOS) HANDBOOK

On the SHS the following analysis techniques described in the **Q/LOS Handbook** will be used in lieu of the techniques in the **HCWHCS** or other related methodologies:

- Generalized service volume tables
- Freeway facility capacities
- · Rural freeway LOS criteria
- · Arterial facility LOS criteria
- Arterial free flow speed determinations
- · Passing lanes on two-lane highways

#### 4. TRAINING

No mandatory training is associated with this procedure; however, technical training is the optimal practice.

At the planning and preliminary engineering levels, the Central Office Systems Planning Office provides training in the Districts upon each update of the **Q/LOS Handbook**, as well as regional trainings approximately every 2 years between updates.

At the design and operational levels, as funding allows, the Systems Planning Office provides regional training on the *HCM* and *HCS* approximately every 4 years. In addition to the Department, other entities may provide additional *HCM* and *HCS* training on an as-needed basis.

#### FORMS

No forms are required as part of this procedure.

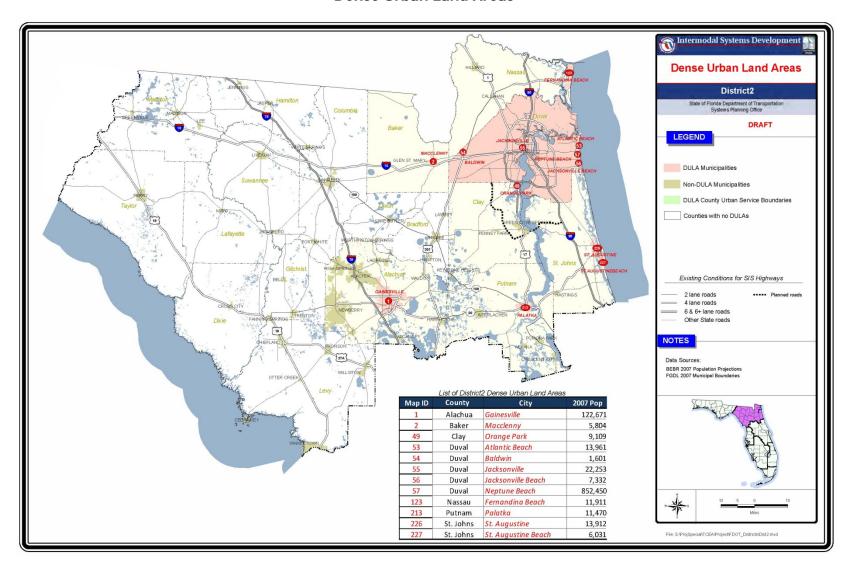
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### Illustration B-I Florida Strategic Intermodal System Gainesville Metropolitan Area



Source: Florida Department of Transportation Strategic Intermodal System websitehttp://camims01.camsys.com/siswebsite/

# Illustration B-II Dense Urban Land Areas



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# F. Metropolitan Planning Organization

# **METROPOLITAN PLANNING ORGANIZATION**

Page B-20 Appendix B

# Exhibit B-3 Metropolitan Transportation Planning Organization for the Gainesville Urbanized Area Minimal Acceptable Highway Level of Service Standards

		Standard <sup>1, 2, 3</sup>			
Type Of Facility	Location	Urbanized	Transitioning <sup>4</sup>		
Interstate 75	Countywide	D	С		
Other State Highway System and Nonstate Roads	Within City of Gainesville	E	E		
	Within Unincorporated Alachua County	D	D		

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Metropolitan Transportation Planning Organization Minimum Level of Service Standards for Highways were approved May 18, 1995.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Except as specifically provided within any designated Dense Urban Land Area (DULA), Transportation Concurrency Exception Area (TCEA) and/or Transportation Mobility Program Area (TMPA).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> There are no City-maintained transitioning roadway facilities identified in this <u>Multimodal Level of Service Report</u>. As the City annexes areas containing transitioning roadway facilities, highway level of service standards specified in the City's Comprehensive Plan Transportation Mobility Element shall apply.

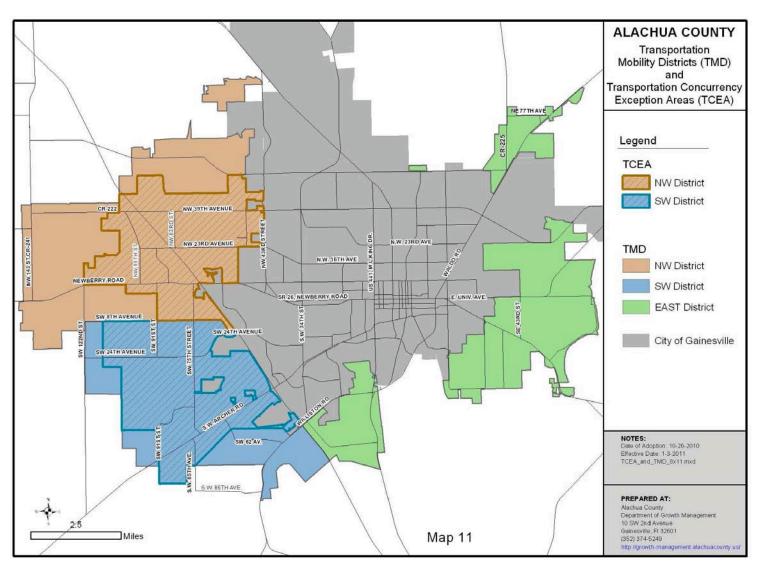
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# **G.** Alachua County Roadways

# **ALACHUA COUNTY ROADWAYS**

Page B-24 Appendix B

Illustration B-III
Alachua County Transportation Mobility Districts and Transportation Concurrency Areas



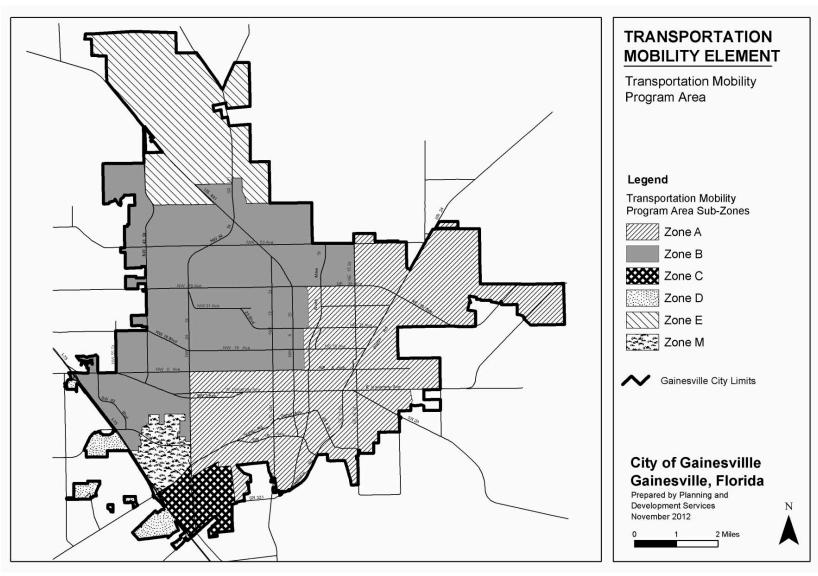
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# H. City of Gainesville Roadways

# **CITY OF GAINESVILLE ROADWAYS**

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Illustration B-IV
City of Gainesville Transportation Mobility Program Area



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# Appendix C Bicycle, Pedestrian and Transit Level of Service Analyses

Appendix C Page C-1

Page C-2 Appendix C

# Appendix C: Appendix C: Bicycle, Pedestrian and Transit Level of Service Analyses

## A. Definitions

**Bicycle Level of Service** - Bicycle level of service is defined in terms of the bicycle rider's perception of comfort and safety relative to automotive traffic in the roadway corridor.

```
Bicycle LOS = a_1 \ln(Vol_{15}/L_p) + a_2 SP_1(1+10.38HV)^2 + a_3(1/PR_5)^2 + a_4(W_e)^2 + C
where:
         Vol<sub>15</sub> = (ADT <sup>x</sup> D <sup>x</sup> Kd) / (4 <sup>x</sup> PHF) Volume of directional traffic in 15 minute time period
                            ADT = Average Daily Traffic on the segment or link
                             D = Directional Factor
                             K_d = Peak to Daily Factor
                            LOS Level of Service
                             PHF = Peak Hour Factor
         L_n = Total number of directional lanes
         SP_t = 1.1199 \ln(SP_p - 20) + 0.8103
                   where:
                             SP<sub>p</sub> = Posted Speed limit (a surrogate for average running speed)
         HV = percentage of heavy vehicles (as defined in the 2010 Highway Capacity Manual)
                  FHWA's five point pavement surface condition rating
         W<sub>e</sub> = Average effective width of outside throughlane:
                   where:
                             W_e = W_v - (10 \text{ ft}^x \% \text{ OSPA})
                                                                  and W_1 = 0
                            W_e = W_v + W_l (1 - 2^x \% OSPA) and W_l > 0 \& W_{DS} = 0
                             W_e = W_v + W_l - 2(10^x \% \text{ OSPA}) and W_l > 0 \& W_{ps} = 0 \& \text{ a bikelanes exists}
                             where:
                                      W<sub>t</sub> = total width of outside lane and shoulder pavement
                                      OSPA = percentage of segment with occupied onstreet parking
                                               width of paving between the outside lane stripe & the edge of
                                                the pavement
                                      W_{ps} = width of pavement striped for onstreet parking
                                      W_v = effective width as a function of traffic volume
                                      and
                                      W_v = W_t \text{ if ADT} > 4,000 \text{ vehicles/day}
                                      W_v = W_t(2 - 0.00025ADT) if ADT > 4,000 vehicles/day and
                                                  if the street/road is undivided and unstriped
                  0.507
                   0.199
                  7.066
                   -0.005
         (A<sub>1</sub> - A<sub>4</sub> are coefficients established by multivariate regression analysis)
```

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Bicycle Level of Service Categories							
Level of Service	Level of Service Score						
А	= 2.0</td						
В	> 2.0 and = 2.75</td						
С	> 2.75 and = 3.5</td						
D	> 3.5 and = 4.25</td						
E	> 4.25 and = 5.0</td						
F	> 5.0						

Source: 2010 Highway Capacity Manual, Volume 3, Page 16-9

**Pedestrian Level of Service** - Pedestrian level of service is defined in terms of the bicycle rider's perception of comfort and safety relative to automotive traffic in the roadway corridor.

Pedestrian LOS = -1.2021  $ln(W_{ol} + W_l + f_p^x \%OSP + f_b^x W_b + f_{sw}^x W_s) + 0.253 ln(Vol_{15}/L) + 0.0005 SPD^2 + 5.3876$ 

where:

 $W_{ol}$  = Width of outside lane

 $\begin{array}{lll} W_l & = & \text{Width of shoulder or bikelane (feet)} \\ f_p & = & \text{Onstreet parking effect coefficient (=0.20)} \\ \text{\%OSP} & = & \text{percent of segment with onstreet parking} \end{array}$ 

 $f_b$  = Buffer area baffier coefficient (=5.37 for trees spaced 20 feet on center)  $W_b$  = Buffer width (distance between edge of pavement and sidewalk, feet)

 $f_{sw}$  = Sidewalk presence coefficient = 6 - 0.3W<sub>s</sub>

 $W_s$  = Width of sidewalk (feet)

 $Vol_{15}$  = Average traffic during a fifteen (15) minute period L = Total number of (through)lanes (for road or street) SPD = Average running speed of motor vehicle traffic (mi/hr)

Pedestrian Leve	I of Service	Categories
-----------------	--------------	------------

Level of Service	Level of Service Score			
A	= 2.0</td			
В	> 2.0 and = 2.75</td			
С	> 2.75 and = 3.5</td			
D	> 3.5 and = 4.25</td			
E	> 4.25 and = 5.0</td			
F	> 5.0			

Source: 2010 Highway Capacity Manual, Volume 3, Page 16-9

The Florida Department of Transportation Generalized Tables and LOSPLAN software incorporate these level of service calculations into their respective level of service determinations.

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## B. Data Collection and Analysis Requirements

All data shall be collected in accordance with the procedures in the latest available edition of the <a href="Quality/Level of Service Handbook">Quality/Level of Service Handbook</a>. Multimodal traffic study termini shall be consistent with the roadway facility termini established in the <a href="Multimodal Level of Service Report">Multimodal Level of Service Report</a>. The roadway facility(s) analyzed shall be identified in the traffic study. Roadway facility analysis shall be undertaken utilizing Florida Department of Transportation -approved analysis tools. These tools include, but are not limited to, Florida Department of Transportation's latest version of ARTPLAN, <a href="2010 Highway Capacity Manual">2010 Highway Capacity Manual</a> and Highway Capacity Software. Data collection and analysis requirements are identified below.

## 1. Bicycle Level Of Service Analyses

Generalized Tables data collection requirements for determining the bicycle level of service of the roadway facilities within the Gainesville Metropolitan Area consist of field collection of designated instreet bicycle lanes, paved shoulders and adjacent offstreet bicycle/pedestrian trails. Roadway facilities with wide curblanes are not considered to have bicycle facilities.

## 2. Pedestrian Level Of Service Analyses

Generalized Tables data collection requirements for determining the pedestrian level of service of the roadway facilities within the Gainesville Metropolitan Area consist of field collection of sidewalks and adjacent offstreet bicycle/pedestrian trails.

## 3. Transit Level Of Service Analyses

Generalized Tables data collection requirements for determining the transit level of service of the roadway facilities within the Gainesville Metropolitan Area consist of field collection of sidewalks, adjacent offstreet bicycle/ pedestrian trails and bus frequency within the corridor. In addition, barriers to transit access are to be identified.

# C. Traffic Study Procedures

Typically, if the determination of automotive/highway level of service for roadway facilities within the Gainesville Metropolitan Area is measured using the Florida Department of Transportation Generalized Tables, then bicycle, pedestrian and transit levels of service are also measured using the Florida Department of Transportation Generalized Tables; and if the determination of automotive/highway level of service for roadway facilities within the Gainesville Metropolitan Area is measured using the Florida Department of Transportation LOSPLAN software (ARTPLAN, HIGHPLAN or FREEPLAN), then bicycle, pedestrian and transit levels of service are also measured using Florida Department of Transportation LOSPLAN software (ARTPLAN, HIGHPLAN or FREEPLAN). For special circumstances, the Level of Service Technical Advisory will determine whether a roadway facility that is analyzed for automotive/highway level of service using the Florida Department of Transportation Generalized Tables is to be analyzed using Florida Department of Transportation LOSPLAN software (ARTPLAN, HIGHPLAN or FREEPLAN) to determine the corresponding bicycle, pedestrian and transit level of service.

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## Level of Service Report Tier One Analyzed Bicycle, Pedestrian and Transit Facilities

Bicycle, pedestrian and transit level of service is determined by using the appropriate urban, transitioning, or rural area Florida Department of Transportation Generalized Table that is used for determining the automotive/highway level of service. Data requirements include the necessary field measurements and collection of information to utilize the Florida Department of Transportation Generalized Tables.

## 2. Level of Service Report Tier Two Analyzed Bicycle, Pedestrian and Transit Facilities

Bicycle, pedestrian and transit facility data collection shall be consistent with the criteria specified in the <u>Quality/Level of Service Handbook</u> or criteria designated by Florida Department of Transportation District 2. Data requirements include the necessary field measurements and collection of information to utilize the Florida Department of Transportation LOSPLAN software.

## D. Methodology

## 1. Determining Facility Level Of Service

The roadway facility's bicycle and pedestrian level of service is determined by the availability of bicycle facilities (bicycle lanes, paved shoulders and offstreet bicycle/pedestrian trails) and pedestrian facilities (sidewalks and offstreet bicycle/pedestrian trails) within the corridor. The roadway facility's transit level of service is determined by the availability of bus service and frequency within the corridor.

## 2. Level of Service Analysis Techniques

Tools for measuring bicycle, pedestrian and transit levels of service have been developed. These include those developed by Sprinkle Consulting, Inc. and Florida Department of Transportation. The Florida Department of Transportation has applied these analysis techniques into its <a href="Quality/Level of Service Handbook">Quality/Level of Service Handbook</a>. The simplest (and the least accurate) method is the use of the Florida Department of Transportation Generalized Tables. An intermediate level analysis can be performed using the LOSPLAN family software developed by the Florida Department of Transportation. All of these techniques are based on the <a href="Quality/Level of Service Handbook">Quality/Level of Service Handbook</a> or criteria designated by Florida Department of Transportation District 2.

## a. Tier One Level of Service Analysis

#### **Bicycle Level of Service Analyses**

The Bicycle Mode Generalized Table evaluates level of service by measuring the percent coverage of bicycle lanes or paved shoulder in reference to automotive traffic volume per lane.

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#### **Pedestrian Level of Service Analyses**

The Pedestrian Mode Generalized Table evaluates level of service by measuring the percent coverage of sidewalk coverage in reference to automotive traffic volume per lane.

#### **Transit Level of Service Analyses**

The Transit Mode Generalized Table evaluates level of service by measuring peak hour, peak direction bus frequency for the roadway facility dependent of the amount of sidewalk coverage along the facility.

## b. Tier Two Level of Service Analysis

For ARTPLAN analysis, localized data is entered for each segment to achieve a more accurate level of service estimate. Field data specific to the corridor being analyzed should be used.

#### i. Bicycle Level of Service Analyses

The Bicycle Mode ARTPLAN evaluates level of service at the facility and segment levels by pavement condition and the presence of wide outside curblane, paved shoulders and/or bicycle lanes in reference to automotive traffic volume per lane.

#### ii. Pedestrian Level of Service Analyses

The Pedestrian Mode ARTPLAN evaluates level of service at the facility and segment levels by the presence, including percent coverage, of sidewalk facilities, amount of sidewalk/roadway separation and presence of sidewalk/roadway protective barrier in reference to automotive traffic volume per lane. Up to three subsegments per segment of this input data may be applied to this program.

#### iii. Transit Level of Service Analyses

The Transit Mode ARTPLAN evaluates level of service at the facility and segment levels by the presence of obstacles to bus, span of service and peak hour, peak direction bus frequency for the roadway facility in reference to the amount of sidewalk coverage along the facility.

# E. Variables Used To Perform Bicycle, Pedestrian And Transit Los Analyses

## 1. Tier One Level of Service Analysis

## a. Bicycle Level of Service Analyses

Percentage of paved shoulder/bicycle lane coverage per peak direction roadway lane traffic volume.

## b. Pedestrian Level of Service Analyses

Percentage of sidewalk coverage per peak direction roadway lane traffic volume.

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## c. Transit Level of Service Analyses

Percentage of sidewalk coverage by amount of bus frequency at peak hour, peak direction.

## 2. Tier Two Level of Service Analysis

- a. ARTPLAN Multimodal Facility Data (Screen One) Characteristics
- i. Bicycle Level of Service Analyses

Pave Shoulder/Bicycle Lane Present- Check box if there is a bicycle lane, pave shoulder within the roadway corridor

**Outside Lane Width-** indicate whether the outside lane width is narrow, typical or wide; or enter the specific width

Pavement Condition- indicate whether the pavement condition is desirable, typical or undesirable.

ii. Pedestrian Level of Service Analyses

**Sidewalk**- indicate whether a sidewalk is present

**Sidewalk/Roadway Separation**- indicate whether the sidewalk/roadway separation is adjacent, typical or wide.

**Sidewalk/Roadway Protective Barrier**- indicate whether there is sidewalk/roadway protective barrier present.

iii. Transit Level of Service Analyses

**Bus Frequency (Buses per Hour)**- indicate how may times buses pass through the corridor in the peak direction during the peak hour.

**Bus Span of Service (Hour per Day)**- indicate how many hours of bus service per day for the corridor.

**Obstacle to Bus Stop**- indicate that there is an obstacle to accessing the bus stop.

- b. ARTPLAN Multimodal Segment Data (Screen Two) Characteristics
- i. Bicycle Level of Service Analyses

Pave Shoulder/Bicycle Lane Present- Check box if there is a bicycle lane, pave shoulder within the roadway corridor

**Outside Lane Width**- indicates whether the outside lane width is narrow, typical or wide; or enter the specific width

Pavement Condition- indicates whether the pavement condition is desirable, typical or undesirable.

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#### **Pedestrian Level of Service Analyses**

Sidewalk- indicates whether a sidewalk is present

**Sidewalk/Roadway Separation**- indicates whether the sidewalk/roadway separation is adjacent, typical or wide.

**Sidewalk/Roadway Protective Barrier**- indicates whether there is sidewalk/roadway protective barrier present.

#### **Transit Level of Service Analyses**

**Bus Frequency (Buses per Hour)**- indicates how may times buses pass through the corridor in the peak direction during the peak hour.

**Bus Span of Service (Hour per Day)**- indicates how many hours of bus service per day for the corridor.

**Obstacle to Bus Stop-** indicates that there is an obstacle to accessing the bus stop.

- c. ARTPLAN Pedestrian Subsegment Data (Screen Three)
  Characteristics
- i. Pedestrian Level of Service Analyses

For evaluation of up to three subsegments of pedestrian facilities within the roadway corridor, Percentage (%) of Segment- indicates what percentage of the segment that the subsegment characteristics apply.

Sidewalk- indicates whether a sidewalk is present

**Sidewalk/Roadway Separation-** indicates whether the sidewalk/roadway separation is adjacent, typical or wide.

**Sidewalk/Roadway Protective Barrier**- indicates whether there is sidewalk/roadway protective barrier present.

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# Appendix D Generalized Annual Average Daily Volumes

Appendix D Page D-1

Page D-2 Appendix D

# Appendix D: Minimum Acceptable Highway Level of Service Standards

Tier one level of service is evaluated using the Florida Department of Transportation Generalized Tables. Exhibit D-1 includes Table 1 Urbanized Areas Average Annual Daily Volumes and input volume assumptions. Exhibit D-2 includes Table 7 Urbanized Areas Peak Hour Directional Volumes and input volume assumptions. Exhibit D-3 includes Table 2 Transitioning Areas Average Annual Daily Volumes and input volume assumptions. Exhibit D-4 includes Table 8 Transitioning Areas Peak Hour Directional Volumes and input volume assumptions.

## A. Urbanized Areas

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# Exhibit D-1 Urbanized Areas Average Annual Daily Volumes and Input Volume Assumptions

# TABLE 1 Generalized Annual Average Daily Volumes for Florida's Urbanized Areas

12/18/12

INTERRUPTED FLOW FACILITIES UNI						UNINTER	RRUPTED FL	OW FACILITIE	S			
STATE SIGNALIZED ARTERIALS					FREEWAYS							
	Class I (40 mph or higher posted speed limit)					Core Urbanized						
Lanes	Median	В	C	D	E	Lanes	nes B (		D	Е		
2	Undivided	**	16,800	17,700	**	4	47,400	64,000	77,900	84,600		
4	Divided	*	37,900	39,800	**	6	69,900	95,200	116,600	130,600		
6	Divided	*	58,400	59,900	**	8	92,500	126,400	154,300	176,600		
8	Divided	304	78,800	80,100	**	10	115,100	159,700	194,500	222,700		
	Class II (35 1	mph or slo	wer posted	speed lim	it)	12	162,400	216,700	256,600	268,900		
Lanes	Median	B	C C	D D	E			Urbaniz	red			
2	Undivided	*	7,300	14,800	15,600	Lanes	В	C	D	Е		
4	Divided	**	14,500	32,400	33,800	4	45,800	61,500	74,400	79,900		
6	Divided	*	23,300	50,000	50,900	6	68,100	93,000	111,800	123,300		
8	Divided	*	32,000	67,300	68,100	8	91,500	123,500	148,700	166,800		
					,	10	114,800	156,000	187,100	210,300		
									,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,			
	Non-State Si				nts		F	reeway Adju	ıstments			
			ing state volu	mes			Auxiliary Lan		Ram			
			ted percent.) Roadways	1.09/		Pres	ent in Both Dir	ections	Meter			
	Non-State	Signanzed	Roadways	- 10/0			+ 20,000		+ 5%	ó		
	Median	& Turn I	Lane Adju	stments		ļ ,	INITEDD	IIDTED EI	OW HIGHY	VAVC		
		Exclusive			djustment	1000				The state of the s		
Lanes	Median	Left Lane			Factors	Lanes	Median Undivided	B 8,600	C I 17,000 24,2	Service Donner Ethioner		
2	Divided	Yes	N		+5%	2 4	Divided		51,800 65,6			
2 Multi	Undivided Undivided	No Yes	N N		-20% -5%	6	Divided		77,700 98,3			
Multi	Undivided	No	N		-25%	0	Divided	33,000	11,100 90,3	00 100,000		
-	-	-	Ye		+ 5%		Uninterment	od Flow Uie	hway Adjustn	onte		
						Lanes	Median	Exclusive le		stment factors		
	One-Way Facility Adjustment					2	Divided	Yes	r milos 11aja	+5%		
	Multiply the corresponding two-directional				Multi	Undivided	Yes		-5%			
	Vo	olumes in th	is table by 0.	6		Multi	Undivided	No		-25%		
		DICVCI	E MODE <sup>2</sup>			İvratora			al acceptant dellas ser bon	on for lands of		
(M	fultiply motorized	vehicle vol	imes shown b	elow by num	iber of				al average daily volur unless specifically st			
	ectional roadway						does not constitute a standard and should be used only for general planning applications. The computer models from which this table is derived should be used for					
		volu	mes.)			more specific planning applications. The table and deriving computer models should not be used for corridor or intersection design, where more refined techniques exist.						
	Paved								where more refined to s of the Highway Cap			
	lder/Bicycle						sit Capacity and Qu					
	e Coverage	В	C	D	E	<sup>2</sup> Level o	f service for the hic	vele and nedestria	n modes in this table i	s based on number		
	0-49%	»je	2,900	7,600	19,700				or pedestrians using			
	50-84%	2,100	6,700	19,700	>19,700	3 Ruese n	er hour chown are on	by for the neak hour	in the single direction	of the higher traffic		
8	5-100%	9,300	19,700	>19,700	**	flow.	er nour snown are on	iy for the peak noor	in the single offeenon	of the higher traine		
	PF	DESTRI	AN MOD	$E^2$		* Canno	t be achieved using	table input value	iefaults.			
	fultiply motorized	vehicle volu	imes shown b	elow by num				•				
dire	ectional roadway		rmine two-wa mes.)	y maximum	service				r grade. For the auton e F because intersecti			
		Void	ilics.)			been read	hed. For the bicycl	e mode, the level of	f service letter grade	(including F) is not		
	alk Coverage	В	C	D	E	value det		io maximum vehic	le volume threshold u	ising table input		
	0-49%	*	冰	2,800	9,500							
	50-84%	*	1,600	8,700	15,800							
8	5-100%	3,800	10,700	17,400	>19,700							
	BUS MOI		duled Fixe									
Q:.1		100				Source: Florida I	Department of Trans	portation				
	alk Coverage 0-84%	B > 5	C ≥ 4	D ≥3	E ≥ 2	Systems	Planning Office					
	5-100%	> 4	≥ 4 ≥ 3	≥ 3 ≥ 2	≥ 2 ≥ 1	www.dot	state fl.us/planning	/systems/sm/los/d	etault.shtm			
	J-100/0	~ =	_ J	_ 4	≃ 1	2012	EDOT OLIALI	TV/1 EVEL OF				

2012 FDOT QUALITY/LEVEL OF SERVICE HANDBOOK TABLES

# Exhibit D-1 (Continued) Urbanized Areas Average Annual Daily Volumes and Input Volume Assumptions

TABLE 1 (continued)

# Generalized **Annual Average Daily** Volumes for Florida's **Urbanized Areas**

										12/18/12
	Tinin	Uninterrupted Flow Facilities				Interrupted Flow Facilities				
INPUT VALUE	Chinter upieu Flow Facilities				State Arterials				Class I	
ASSUMPTIONS	Freeways	Core Freeways	Highways		Cla	iss I	Cla	ss II	Bicycle	Pedestrian
ROADWAY CHARACTERISTICS										
Area type (u,lu)	lu	lu	u	u	u	u	u	u	u	u
Number of through lanes (both dir.)	4-10	4-12	2	4-6	2	4-8	2	4-8	4	4
Posted speed (mph)	70	65	50	50	45	50	30	30	45	45
Free flow speed (mph)	75	70	55	55	50	55	35	35	50	50
Auxiliary Lanes (n,y)	n	n								
Median (n, nr, r)			n	r	n	r	n	r	r	r
Terrain (l,r)	1	1.	1	1	1	1.	1	1	1	1
% no passing zone			80							
Exclusive left turn lane impact (n, y)			[n]	У	У	У	У	У	У	У
Exclusive right turn lanes (n, y)					n	n	n	n	n	n
Facility length (mi)	4	4	5	5	2	2	1.9	1.8	2	2
Number of basic segments	4	4								
TRAFFIC CHARACTERISTICS										
Planning analysis hour factor (K)	0.090	0.085	0.090	0.090	0.090	0.090	0.090	0.090	0.090	0.090
Directional distribution factor (D)	0.547	0.547	0.550	0.550	0.550	0.560	0.565	0.560	0.565	0.565
Peak hour factor (PHF)	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000
Base saturation flow rate (pcphpl)			1,700	2,100	1,950	1,950	1,950	1,950	1,950	1,950
Heavy vehicle percent	4.0	4.0	2.0	2.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	2.5	2.0
Local adjustment factor	0.91	0.91	0.97	0.98						
% left turns					12	12	12	12	12	12
% right turns					12	12	12	12	12	12
CONTROL CHARACTERISTICS										
Number of signals					4	4	10	10	4	6
Arrival type (1-6)					3	3	4	4	4	4
Signal type (a, c, p)					С	С	С	С	С	С
Cycle length (C)					120	150	120	120	120	120
Effective green ratio (g/C)					0.44	0.45	0.44	0.44	0.44	0.44
MULTIMODAL CHARACTERIST	ics							•		
Paved shoulder/bicycle lane (n, y)	les								n, 50%, y	n
Outside lane width (n, t, w)									t	t
Pavement condition (d, t, u)									t	
On-street parking (n, y)										
Sidewalk (n, y)										n, 50%, y
Sidewalk/roadway separation(a, t, w)										t
Sidewalk protective barrier (n, y)										n
		LEVEL	OF SERV	ICE THE	ESHOLD	Q.				
	Freeways Highways			ICE THRESHOLDS		erials		Bicycle	Ped	Bus
Level of		Two-Lane Multilane		Class I ats		Class II		Score		Buses/hr.
Level of Service	Density   1W0-L		Density						Score	
B	≤17	> 83.3	≤ 17	> 31 mph		> 22 mph		≤ 2.75	≤ 2.75	≤ 6
C	< 24	> 75.0	≤ 24	> 31 mpn > 23 mph		> 17 mph		≤ 3.50	≤ 3.50	< 4
D	≤ 24 ≤ 31	> 66.7	≤ 24 ≤ 31		mph	> 17 mph > 13 mph		≤ 3.30 ≤ 4.25	≤ 3.30 ≤ 4.25	< 3
							*		_	
Е	≤ 39	> 58.3	≤ 35	> 15 mph		> 10 mph		≤ 5.00	≤ 5.00	< 2

% ffs = Percent free flow speed ats = Average travel speed

# **Exhibit D-2 Urbanized Areas Peak Hour Directional Volumes and Input Volume Assumptions**

Generalized **Peak Hour Directional** Volumes for Florida's **TABLE 7 Urbanized Areas**<sup>1</sup>

											12/18/12
	INTERF	UPTED FLO	OW FACI	LITIES			UNINTER	RUPTED	FLOW FA	ACILITIES	
	STATE S	GNALIZI	ED ART	ERIALS	s			FREEV	VAYS		
Lanes	Median Undivided	mph or highe B *	C 830	D 880	E **	2 3 4	B 2,260 3,360 4,500	3,02 4,58 6,08	0 80	D 3,660 5,500 7,320	E 3,940 6,080 8,220
2	Divided	3E4	1,910	2,000	200	5	5,660	7,68	80	9,220	10,360
3 4	Divided Divided	*	2,940 3,970	3,020 4,040	**	6	7,900	10,32	20 1	2,060	12,500
7			1000								
Lanes	Class II (35 Median	mph or slow B	er posted s C	peed limit) D	Е		Auxiliary	reeway Ac	ljustmen	ts Ramp	
1	Undivided	*	370	750	800		Lane			Metering	
2	Divided	284	730	1,630	1,700		+ 1,000			+ 5%	
3	Divided	*	1,170	2,520	2,560						
4	Divided	*	1,610	3,390	3,420						
ļ ,	N 64-4- 61			07							
,		r corresponding by the indicated	state volun percent.)	nes	its						
	Non-State	Signalized Ro	oadways	- 10%							
	Median	& Turn La Exclusive	ne Adjus Exclus		djustment	ι	UNINTERR	UPTED I	FLOW I	HGHWA	YS
Lanes	Median	Left Lanes	Right L		Factors	Lanes	Median	В	C	D	E
1	Divided	Yes	No		+5%	1	Undivided	420	840	1,190	1,640
1	Undivided	No	No		-20%	2	Divided	1,810	2,560	3,240	3,590
Multi Multi	Undivided Undivided	Yes No	No No		-5% -25%	3	Divided	2,720	3,840	4,860	5,380
Multi	- Undivided	NO -	Yes		+ 5%		** * /	1.77		T	
						Lanes	Uninterrupt Median		left lanes		nt factors
	One-V	Vay Facility	y Adjustn	nent		1	Divided		es es		5%
		y the correspo				Multi	Undivided		es		9%
	ve	lumes in this t	table by 1.2			Multi	Undivided	N	o	-2:	5%
						_					
	Lultiply motorized ctional roadway		es shown be ine two-way			are for the constitute computer planning	shown are presented te automobile/truck e a standard and sho r models from which applications. The ta	modes unless s uld be used on a this table is d ble and derivir	pecifically sta ly for general erived should ig computer m	ted. This table d planning applica be used for more todels should no	oes not ations. The e specific t be used for
	Shoulder/Bicy	cle					or intersection desig planning applicatio				
La	ne Coverage	В	С	D	Е		and Quality of Serv				
	0-49%	*	150	390	1,000	<sup>2</sup> Level o	f service for the bic	ycle and pedest	rian modes in	this table is base	ed on number
	50-84% 85-100%	110 470	340 1,000	1,000 >1,000	>1,000	of motor	ized vehicles, not nu	imber of bicycl	ists or pedesti	rians using the fa	cility.
				2		3 Buses p flow.	er hour shown are onl	y for the peak h	our in the singl	e direction of the	higher traffic
OM	PE. ultiply motorized	DESTRIA vehicle volum			ber of	235123	t be achieved using	table input val	ie defaulte		
	ctional roadway	anes to determ	ine two-way				-				
5747	W 50	volume			_	volumes	pplicable for that lev greater than level of	service D bec	ome F becaus	e intersection cap	pacities have
Side	walk Coverag		C	D	E		ched. For the bicycle le because there is r				
	0-49%	水		140	480	value dei		o maximum ve	ere voidiffe	venoru uenig	aore input
	50-84% 85-100%	200	80 540	440 880	>1,000						
	BUS MOD (Buses	E (Schedu in peak hour in									
Side	walk Coverag		C	D	Е	Source: Florida I	Department of Trans	nortation			
	0-84%	> 5	≥ 4	≥ 3	≥2	Systems	Planning Office		200		
	85-100%	> 4	≥ 3	$\geq 2$	≥ 1	www.dot	t.state.fl.us/planning	/systems/sm/lo	s/default.shtm	L.	

2012 FDOT QUALITY/LEVEL OF SERVICE HANDBOOK TABLES

Appendix D Page D-7

# Exhibit D-2 (Continued) Urbanized Areas Peak Hour Directional Volumes and Input Volume Assumptions

TABLE 7 Generalized **Peak Hour Directional** Volumes for Florida's (continued) **Urbanized Areas** 12/18/12

(continued)	(continued)								12/18/12						
	Uninterr	Uninterrupted Flow Facilities				Interrupted Flow Facilities									
INPUT VALUE ASSUMPTIONS	- minteri				Sta	ate Arter	rials		Class I						
1100000	Freeways	High	ways	Cla	ass I		Cla	ss II	Bicycle	Pedestria					
ROADWAY CHARACTERISTICS															
Area type (lu, u)	lu	u	u	u	u		u	u	u	u					
Number of through lanes (both dir.)	4-12	2	4-6	2	4-8		2	4-8	.4	4					
Posted speed (mph)	70	50	50	45	50		30	30	45	45					
Free flow speed (mph)	75	55	55	50	55		35	35	50	50					
Auxiliary lanes (n,y)	n														
Median (n, nr, r)		n	r	n	r		n	r	r	r					
Terrain (l,r)	1	1	1	1	1		1	1	1	1					
% no passing zone		80													
Exclusive left turn lane impact (n, y)		[n]	y	У	У		У	У	У	У					
Exclusive right turn lanes (n, y)				n	n		n	n	n	n					
Facility length (mi)	4	5	-5	2	2		1.9	1.8	2	2					
Number of basic segments	4														
TRAFFIC CHARACTERISTICS															
Planning analysis hour factor (K)	0.090	0.090	0.090	0.090	0.09	0	0.090	0.090	0.090	0.090					
Directional distribution factor (D)	0.547	0.550	0.550	0.550	0.56	0	0.565	0.560	0.565	0.565					
Peak hour factor (PHF)	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.00	0	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000					
Base saturation flow rate (pcphpl)		1,700	2,100	1,950	1,95	0	1,950	1,950	1,950	1,950					
Heavy vehicle percent	4.0	2.0	2.0	1.0	1.0		1.0	1.0	2.5	2.0					
Local adjustment factor	0.91	0.97	0.98												
% left turns				12	12		12	12	12	12					
% right turns				12	12		12	12	12	12					
CONTROL CHARACTERISTICS															
Number of signals				4	4	$\neg$	10	10	4	6					
Arrival type (1-6)				3	3	$\neg$	4	4	4	4					
Signal type (a, c, p)				c	С	$\top$	c	С	c	С					
Cycle length (C)				120	150		120	120	120	120					
Effective green ratio (g/C)				0.44	0.43	5	0.44	0.44	0.44	0.44					
MULTIMODAL CHARACTERISTIC	s														
Paved shoulder/bicycle lane (n, y)	<u> </u>					$\neg$			n, 50%, y	n					
Outside lane width (n, t, w)						$\top$			t	t					
Pavement condition (d, t, w)						$\neg$			t						
On-street parking (n, y)						$\top$			n	n					
Sidewalk (n, y)						$\top$				n, 50%, y					
Sidewalk/roadway separation (a, t, w)						$\neg$				t					
Sidewalk protective barrier (n, y)						$\top$				n					
	LE	VEL OF SI	ERVICE T	HDESHO	I DC										
	Freeways		ways	IKESIIO	Arter	ials		Bicycle	Ped	Bus					
Y and Take		Two-Lane	Multilane	Class	I	Clas	ss II								
Level of Service	Density	%ffs	Density	ats			S	Score	Score	Buses/hr.					
B	≤ 17	> 83.3	≤ 17	> 31 m			mph	≤ 2.75	≤ 2.75	≤ 6					
C	≤ 24	> 75.0	≤ 24	> 23 m	_	> 17		≤ 3.50	≤ 3.50	≤4					
P	≤ 31	> 66.7	≤ 31	> 18 m		> 13		≤ 4.25	≤ 4.25	< 3					
E	≤ 39	> 58.3	≤ 35	> 15 m	_	> 10		≤ 5.00	≤ 5.00	< 2					
K ffc - Dercent free flow creed   atc - Average	_	- 30.3	2.55	~ 15 III	Pи	- 10	шрп	≥ 5.00	≥ 5.00	~ 2					

% ffs = Percent free flow speed ats = Average travel speed

# B. Areas Transitioning Into Urbanized Areas or Areas Over 5,000 Not in Urbanized Areas

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#### Exhibit D-3

#### Transitioning Areas Average Annual Daily Volumes and Input Volume Assumptions

#### Generalized Annual Average Daily Volumes for Florida's

TABLE 2

#### Transitioning Areas and

Areas Over 5,000 Not In Urbanized Areas<sup>1</sup>

1	-	/1	~	4	-

INTERRUPTED FLOW FACILITIES	UNINTERRUPTED FLOW FACILITIES					
STATE SIGNALIZED ARTERIALS	FREEWAYS					
Class I (40 mph or higher posted speed limit)  Lanes Median B C D E  2 Undivided * 14,400 16,200 ***  4 Divided * 34,000 35,500 ***  6 Divided * 52,100 53,500 ***	Lanes         B         C         D         E           4         44,100         57,600         68,900         71,700           6         65,100         85,600         102,200         111,000           8         85,100         113,700         135,200         150,000           10         106,200         141,700         168,800         189,000					
Class II (35 mph or slower posted speed limit)	Freeway Adjustments Auxiliary Lanes Ramp Present in Both Directions Metering + 20,000 + 5%					
Median & Turn Lane Adjustments  Exclusive Exclusive Adjustment  Lanes Median Left Lanes Right Lanes Factors  Divided Yes No +5%  Undivided No No -20%  Multi Undivided Yes No -5%  Multi Undivided No No -25%  Yes +5%  One-Way Facility Adjustment  Multiply the corresponding two-directional volumes in this table by 0.6	UNINTERRUPTED FLOW HIGHWAYS					
## Company of the com	<ul> <li>Values shown are presented as two-way annual average daily volumes for levels of service and are for the automobile/truck modes unless specifically stated. This table does not constitute a standard and should be used only for general planning applications. The computer models from which this table is derived should be used for more specific planning applications. The table and deriving computer models should not be used for corridor or intersection design, where more refined techniques exist. Calculations are based on planning applications of the Highway Capacity Manual and the Transit Capacity and Quality of Service Manual.</li> <li>Level of service for the bicycle and pedestrian modes in this table is based on number of motorized vehicles, not number of bicyclists or pedestrians using the facility.</li> <li>Buses per hour shown are only for the peak hour in the single direction of the higher traffic flow.</li> <li>* Cannot be achieved using table input value defaults.</li> <li>** Not applicable for that level of service letter grade. For the automobile mode, volumes greater than level of service D become F because intersection capacities have been reached. For the bicycle mode, the level of service letter grade (including F) is not achievable because there is no maximum vehicle volume threshold using table input value defaults.</li> </ul>					
BUS MODE (Scheduled Fixed Route) <sup>3</sup> (Buses in peak hour in peak direction)  Sidewalk Coverage B C D E $0-84\%$ > 5 $\geq 4$ $\geq 3$ $\geq 2$ $85-100\%$ > 4 $\geq 3$ $\geq 2$ $\geq 1$	Source: Florida Department of Transportation Systems Planning Office www.dot.state.fl.us/planning/systems/sm/los/default.shtm					

2012 FDOT QUALITY/LEVEL OF SERVICE HANDBOOK TABLES

# Exhibit D-3 (Continued) Transitioning Areas Average Annual Daily Volumes and Input Volume Assumptions

TABLE 2 (continued)

# Generalized **Annual Average Daily** Volumes for Florida's **Transitioning** and

Areas Over 5.000 Not In Urbanized Areas

12/18/17

				Interrupted Flow Facilities						12/18/12
INPUT VALUE	Uninterr	upted Flow	Facilities							ass I
ASSUMPTIONS	Freeways	High	iways	Cla	ass I		Cla	ss II	Bicycle	Pedestria
ROADWAY CHARACTERISTICS										
Area type (t,uo)	t	t	t	Ť	t		t	t	Ť	t
Number of through lanes (both dir.)	4-10	2	4-6	2	4-6		2	4-6	4	4
Posted speed (mph)	70	50	50	45	50		30	30	45	45
Free flow speed (mph)	75	55	55	50	55		35	35	50	50
Auxiliary lanes (n,y)	n	n	n							
Median (n, nr, r)		n	r	n	У		n	у	r	r
Terrain (l,r)	1	1	1	1	1		1	1	1	1
% no passing zone		60								
Exclusive left turn lane impact (n, y)		[n]	У	У	у		У	У	У	У
Exclusive right turn lanes (n, y)				n	n		n	n	n	n
Facility length (mi)	8	5	5	1.8	2		2	2	2	2
Number of basic segments	4									
TRAFFIC CHARACTERISTICS										
Planning analysis hour factor (K)	0.090	0.090	0.090	0.090	0.09	0	0.090	0.090	0.090	0.090
Directional distribution factor (D)	0.555	0.550	0.550	0.550	0.57	0	0.570	0.565	0.570	0.570
Peak hour factor (PHF)	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.00	0	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000
Base saturation flow rate (pcphpl)		1,700	2,100	1,950	1,95	0	1,950	1,950	1,950	1,950
Heavy vehicle percent	9.0	4.0	4.0	2.0	3.0		2.0	3.0	3.0	3.0
Local adjustment factor	0.85	0.97	0.95							
% left turns				12	12		12	12	12	12
% right turns				12	12		12	12	12	12
CONTROL CHARACTERISTICS										
Number of signals				5	4		10	10	4	6
Arrival type (1-6)				4	3	_	4	4	4	4
Signal type (a, c, p)				c	С	$\neg$	c	c	c	c
Cycle length (C)				120	150	ř.	120	150	120	120
Effective green ratio (g/C)				0.44	0.43	-	0.44	0.45	0.44	0.44
MULTIMODAL CHARACTERISTICS	s									
Paved shoulder/bicycle lane (n, y)									n, 50%, y	n
Outside lane width (n, t, w)						_			t	t
Pavement condition (d, t, u)						$\overline{}$			t	
On-street parking (n, y)	_					$\dashv$			n	n
Sidewalk (n, v)						_				n, 50%,
Sidewalk/roadway separation (a, t, w)	+				$\vdash$	+				11, 5076,
Sidewalk roadway separation (a, t, w) Sidewalk protective barrier (n, y)	+					+			<del>                                     </del>	n
Sidewalk protective barrier (if, y)	* ***	TEL OF CT	DATES TO	TDEGUC	De					111
	Freeways		ERVICE TI ways	IKESHOI	Arter	iale		Bicycle	Ped	Bus
Level of	Freeways	Two-Lane	Multilane	Class	_		ss II	Dicycle	reu	Dus
Service	Density	%ffs	Density	ats	1	0500	3.0-00	Score	Score	Buses/hr
В	≤17	> 83.3	≤ 17	> 31 m	ph	> 22 mph		≤ 2.75	≤ 2.75	≤ 6
С	≤17 ≤24	> 75.0	≤17 ≤24	> 23 m	_		mph	≤ 3.50	≤ 3.50	≤ 4
D	≤ 31	> 66.7	≤ 24 ≤ 31	> 18 m	-		mph	≤ 4.25	≤ 4.25	< 3
E E	≤ 39	> 58.3	≤ 35					≤ 4.23 ≤ 5.00	≤ 4.23 ≤ 5.00	< 2
E	≥ 39	> 38.3	≥ 33	> 15 m	pn	> 10	mph	≥ 5.00	≥ 5.00	< 2

<sup>%</sup> ffs = Percent free flow speed ats = Average travel speed

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#### Exhibit D-4

#### **Transitioning Areas Peak Hour Directional Volumes and Input Volume Assumptions**

# Generalized **Peak Hour Directional** Volumes for Florida's TABLE 8 Transitioning and

Areas Over 5,000 Not In Urbanized Areas<sup>1</sup>

		8		

	INTERR	UPTED FL	OW FAC	ILITIES			UNINTER	RRUPTED	FLOW FA	CILITIES		
	STATE SI	GNALIZ	ED AR	TERIAL	S			FREEV	VAYS			
Lanes 1 2 3	Class I (40 Median Undivided Divided Divided	mph or higl B * *	C 710 1,740 2,670	peed limit) D 800 1,820 2,740	E ** **	2 3 4 5	B 2,200 3,260 4,260 5,300	C 2,88 4,28 5,68 7,08	80 3 80 3	D 3,440 5,100 6,760 8,440	E 3,580 5,540 7,500 9,440	
	Class II (35	mph or slo	wer posted	speed limit	.		F	reeway Ac	liustment	s		
Lanes 1 2 3	Median Undivided Divided Divided	B * *	C 330 500 810	D 680 1,460 2,280	E 720 1,600 2,420		Auxiliary Lane + 1,000		<b>,</b>	Ramp Metering + 5%		
	l	gnalized F r corresponding by the indicate Signalized I	ng state volu ed percent.)		nts							
	Median	& Turn L				ī	JNINTERR	HPTED I	ELOW H	IICHWAY	/S	
Lanes	Median	Exclusive Left Lanes	Exclu Right l		djustment Factors	Lanes	Median	В	C	D	Е	
1	Divided	Yes	N		+5%	1	Undivided	450	850	1,200	1,640	
2	Undivided	No	N		-20%	2	Divided	1,740	2,450	3,110	3,440	
Multi Multi	Undivided Undivided	Yes No	No No		-5% -25%	3	Divided	2,610	3,680	4,660	5,170	
- Nitiliti	-	-	Ye		+ 5%	l	TT	171 7		. w		
						Longe	Uninterrupt Median	Exclusive				
	One-V	Vay Facili	tv Adiust	ment		Lanes 1	Divided			Adjustmen		
		the corresp				Multi	Undivided	Yes +5% Yes -5%				
		lumes in this				Multi	Undivided				100.00	
						Maid	Ondivided			- 23	,,,	
Shou	Bultiply motorized ctional roadway l Paved alder/Bicycle e Coverage	anes to deten volum B	nes shown b nine two-wa	elow by num		are for the constitut computer planning corridor based on Capacity	shown are presented e automobile/truck e a standard and sho models from which applications. The tro or intersection design planning application and Quality of Service for the bic	modes unless s ould be used only that this table is deable and deriving on, where more ons of the Highwice Manual.	pecifically stat ly for general perived should be geomputer merefined techni- vay Capacity M	ted. This table do planning applicat be used for more odels should not ques exist. Calcu Manual and the T	es not ions. The specific be used for lations are ransit	
	0-49%	*	140	320	1,000		ized vehicles, not m					
	50-84%	100	280	940	>1,000	3 Buses p	er hour shown are on	ly for the neak h	our in the single	direction of the h	igher traffic	
8	35-100%	380	1,000	>1,000	***	flow.	is now shown we on	i) to me bear in	ou in my onigh	ou evilon of the n	igare ir univ	
dire	PEDESTRIAN MODE <sup>2</sup> (Multiply motorized vehicle volumes shown below by number of directional roadway lanes to determine two-way maximum service volumes.)						<ul> <li>Cannot be achieved using table input value defaults.</li> <li>** Not applicable for that level of service letter grade. For the automobile mode, volumes greater than level of service to become F because intersection capacities have been reached. For the bicycle mode, the level of service letter grade (including F) is not</li> </ul>					
Sidew	alk Coverage	В	C	D	E	achievab value det	le because there is r	no maximum ve	hicle volume t	threshold using to	ble input	
	0-49%	*	*	140	480	value de						
	50-84%	»Įt	80	440	800							
8	35-100%	200	540	880	>1,000							
	BUS MOD (Buses	E (Sched in peak hour			)3							
Sidew	alk Coverage	В	C	D	E	Source: Florida I	epartment of Trans	portation				
	0-84%	> 5	≥ <b>4</b>	$\geq 3$	$\geq 2$	Systems	Planning Office					
8	35-100%	> 4	≥ 3	≥ 2	≥ 1	www.do	state.fl.us/planning	/systems/sm/lo	s/default.shtm	(4		

2012 FDOT QUALITY/LEVEL OF SERVICE HANDBOOK TABLES

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# Exhibit D-4 (Continued) Transitioning Areas Peak Hour Directional Volumes and Input Volume Assumptions

TABLE 8 (continued)

# Generalized **Peak Hour Directional** Volumes for Florida's **Transitioning** and

Areas Over 5,000 Not In Urbanized Areas

12/18/12

	Uninterra	inted Flow	Facilities	Interrupted Flow Facilities							
INPUT VALUE ASSUMPTIONS	Uninterre	Uninterrupted Flow Facilities			St	ate A	rterials		Cla	Class I	
ASSOMI HONS	Freeways	High	iways	Cla	ass I		Cla	ss II	Bicycle	Pedestria	
ROADWAY CHARACTERISTICS											
Area type (t,uo)	t	t	t	t	t		t	t	t	t	
Number of through lanes (both dir.)	4-10	2	4-6	2	4-6	5	2	4-6	4	4	
Posted speed (mph)	70	50	50	45	50		30	30	45	45	
Free flow speed (mph)	75	55	55	50	55		35	35	.50	50	
Auxiliary lanes (n,y)	n	n	n								
Median (n, nr, r)		n	r	n	У		n	у	r	r	
Terrain (l,r)	1	1	1	1	1		1	1	1	1	
% no passing zone		60									
Exclusive left turn lane impact (n, y)		[n]	у	У	У		У	У	У	У	
Exclusive right turn lanes (n, y)				n	n		n	n	n	n	
Facility length (mi)	8	5	5	1.8	2		2	2	2	2	
Number of basic segments	4										
TRAFFIC CHARACTERISTICS											
Planning analysis hour factor (K)	0.090	0.090	0.090	0.090	0.09	00	0.090	0.090	0.090	0.090	
Directional distribution factor (D)	0.555	0.550	0.550	0.550	0.57	70	0.570	0.565	0.570	0.570	
Peak hour factor (PHF)	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.00	00	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	
Base saturation flow rate (pcphpl)		1,700	2,100	1,950	1,95	50	1,950	1,950	1,950	1,950	
Heavy vehicle percent	9.0	4.0	4.0	2.0	3.0	)	2.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	
Local adjustment factor	0.85	0.97	0.95								
% left turns				12	12		12	12	12	12	
% right turns				12	12		12	12	12	12	
CONTROL CHARACTERISTICS											
Number of signals				5	4		10	10	4	6	
Arrival type (1-6)				4	3		4	4	4	4	
Signal type (a, c, p)	_			c	c		c	c	c	c	
Cycle length (C)				120	150	)	120	150	120	120	
Effective green ratio (g/C)				0.44	0.4		0.44	0.45	0.44	0.44	
				0.44	0.4		0.44	0.45	0.44	0.11	
Paved shoulder/bicycle lane (n, y)	_								- 500/ v		
	_				-	_			n, 50%, y	n	
Outside lane width (n, t, w)	_				-	_			t	t	
Pavement condition (d, t, u)						_			t		
On-street parking (n, y)									n	n	
Sidewalk (n, y)										n, 50%,	
Sidewalk/roadway separation (a, t, w)										t	
Sidewalk protective barrier (n, y)										n	
	LEV	EL OF SE	RVICE TI	HRESHOL	LDS						
·	Freeways		ways		Arter	ials		Bicycle	Ped	Bus	
Level of	David	Two-Lane	Multilane	Class	I	(	Class II			n .	
Service	Density	%ffs	Density	ats		ats		Score	Score	Buses/hr	
В	≤ 17	> 83.3	≤ 17	> 31 m	ph	> 22 mph		≤ 2.75	≤ 2.75	≤ 6	
C	≤ 24	> 75.0	≤ 24	> 23 m	_	> 22 mph > 17 mph		≤ 3.50	≤ 3.50	≤4	
D	≤ 31	> 66.7	_ = 31	> 18 m	-		13 mph	≤ 4.25	≤ 4.25	< 3	
E	1000	> 58.3	< 35	> 15 m	_		10 mph	≤ 5.00	≤ 5.00	< 2	
£ 4 ffs = Percent free flow speed   ats = Average	≤ 39	/ 38.3	≥ 33	> 15 m	pπ	1	10 mpn	≥ 5.00	≥ 5.00	< 2	

<sup>%</sup> ffs = Percent free flow speed ats = Average travel speed

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# Appendix E ARTPLAN Analyses for Distressed Arterials

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# **Appendix E: ARTPLAN Analyses for Distressed Arterials**

This appendix includes the ARTPLAN analysis results for State-maintained arterials and Alachua County-maintained and City of Gainesville-maintained arterials and roadways functioning as arterials. ARTPLAN analysis is performed on those roadways which reach or exceed 85 percent of the Florida Department of Transportation Generalized Tables maximum service volume for the adopted level of service volume

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### A. State Maintained Arterials

## STATE MAINTAINED ARTERIALS

#### [RESERVED]

Tier Two Analyses Suspended in 2008

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# **B.** Alachua County Arterials

## **ALACHUA COUNTY ARTERIALS**

#### [RESERVED]

Tier Two Analyses Suspended in 2008

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# **C.** City of Gainesville Arterials

## **CITY OF GAINESVILLE ARTERIALS**

#### [RESERVED]

Tier Two Analyses Suspended in 2008

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Appendix F
Highway Capacity Manual
Software Analyses For
Distressed Arterials

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# Appendix F: Appendix F: Highway Capacity Manual Software Analyses for Distressed Arterials

Appendix F includes the Highway Capacity Software analysis for state-maintained, Alachua County-maintained and City of Gainesville-maintained roadways.

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### A. State-Maintained Arterials

## STATE MAINTAINED ARTERIALS

#### [RESERVED]

Tier Two Analyses Suspended in 2008

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# **B.** Alachua County Arterials

## **ALACHUA COUNTY ARTERIALS**

#### [RESERVED]

Tier Two Analyses Suspended in 2008

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# **C.** City of Gainesville Arterials

## **CITY OF GAINESVILLE ARTERIALS**

#### [RESERVED]

Tier Two Analyses Suspended in 2008

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# Appendix G Median Average Annual Daily Traffic Counts

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## Appendix G: Median Average Annual Daily Traffic Counts

This appendix includes the median average annual daily traffic counts for roadway facilities within the Gainesville Metropolitan Area. Exhibit G-1 shows the median average annual daily traffic counts for state-maintained facilities. Exhibit G-2 shows the median average annual daily traffic counts for Alachua County-maintained facilities. Exhibit G-3 shows the median average annual daily traffic counts for City of Gainesville/University of Florida-maintained facilities.

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### A. State-Maintained Arterials

## STATE MAINTAINED ARTERIALS

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Exhibit G-1 Median Average Annual Daily Traffic Counts - State - Maintained Facilities

Number	Facility Location			
S-1	US 441 from Payne's Prairie to State Road 331			11,300
•		Station		Median
	Count Station Location	Number	2012	AADT
	South of Rocky Point Road	6095	11,300	11,300
	South of State Road 331	6094	11,300	11,300
S-2	US 441 from State Road 331 to State Road 24			17,200
		Station		Median
	Count Station Location	Number	2012	AADT
	South of Bivens Arm	6092	15,000	15,000
	South of SW 16 Avenue	6091	19,600	19,600
	South of State Road 24	6090	17,200	17,200
S-3	US 441 from State Road 24 to State Road 26			33,000
		Station		Median
	Count Station Location	Number	2012	AADT
	South of SW 8 Avenue	6089	33,000	33,000
	North of SW 2 Avenue	6088	-	-
S-4	US 441 from State Road 26 to NW 29 Road			29,092
		Station		Median
	Count Station Location	Number	2012	AADT
	North of University Avenue	6087	28,000	28,000
	South of 8 Avenue	6086	28,500	28,500
	South of 16 Avenue	6154	28,500	28,500
	North of NW 16 Avenue	2065*	29,092	29,092
	South of NW 23 Avenue	6085	30,000	30,000
	North of NW 23 Avenue	6084	29,500	29,500
	North of NW 23 Avenue	2066*	30,106	30,106
S-5	US 441 from NW 29 Road to NW 23 Street			22,750
		Station		Median
	Count Station Location	Number	2012	AADT
	South of 39 Avenue	6083	26,000	26,000
	South of NW 6 Street	6082	15,600	15,600
	North of NW 6 Street	6081	24,000	24,000
	South of State Road 121	6080	21,500	21,500
S-6	State Road 20 (NW 6 Street) from NW 8 Avenue to Sta			13,000
		Station		Median
	Count Station Location	Number	2012	AADT
	North of NW 8 Avenue	6100	14,600	14,600
	South of NW 16 Avenue	6147	15,200	15,200
	North of NW 16 Avenue	6148	13,000	13,000
	North of NW 16 Avenue	2003*		active
	South of NW 23 Avenue	6099		active
	North of NW 23 Avenue	6098	11,900	11,900
	South of State Road 222	6097	10,000	10,000

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# **Exhibit G-1 (Continued) Median Average Annual Daily Traffic Counts - State - Maintained Facilities**

Number	Facility Location									
S-7	State Road 20 (NW 6 Street) from State Road 222 to U	S 441		8,600						
		Station		Median						
	Count Station Location	Number	2012	AADT						
	South of US 441	6096	8,600	8,600						
S-8	State Road 20 from State Road 331 / State Road 24 to SE 43 Street									
		Station		Median						
	Count Station Location	Number	2012	AADT						
	East of State Road 331 / State Road 24	6035	23,000	23,000						
	South of State Road 26	5015*	Inac							
	West of SE 15 Street	6146	13,100	13,100						
	East of SE 15 Street	6042	13,000	13,000						
	West of SE 27 Street	6043	16,200	16,200						
	East of SE 27 Street	6044	13,600	13,600						
S-9	State Road 24 from SW 75 Street (Tower Road) to Inte			27,000						
		Station	0010	Median						
	Count Station Location	Number	2012	AADT						
	East of SW 75 Street	6053	Inac							
	East of SW 63 Boulevard	6052	25,000	25,000						
	West of Interstate 75	6051	29,000	29,000						
S-10	State Road 24 from Interstate 75 to SW 34 Street			45,004						
		Station		Median						
	Count Station Location	Number	2012	AADT						
	East of Interstate 75	6050	44,000	44,000						
	West of State Road 121	Study	45,004 "	45,004						
	West of State Road 121	6049	45,500	45,500						
S-11	State Road 24 from SW 16 Avenue to US 441			31,500						
		Station		Median						
	Count Station Location	Number	2012	AADT						
	East of SW 16 Avenue	Study	36,506 "	36,506						
	East of SW 16 Avenue	6157	36,500	36,500						
	East of Gale Lemerand Drive	Study	32,810 "	32,810						
	East of Gale Lemerand Drive	6046	31,500	31,500						
	East of Center Drive	Study	25,925 "	25,925						
	East of Newell Drive	Study	22,050 "	22,050						
	West of US 441	6045	24,500	24,500						
S-12	State Road 24 (Waldo Road) State Road 26 to State Ro			24,052						
		Station		Median						
	Count Station Location	Number	2012	AADT						
	North of State Road 26	6120	23,500	23,500						
	South of NE 16 Avenue	6119	26,000	26,000						
	South of NE 23 Avenue	6118	24,604	24,604						
	South of NE 23 Avenue	6117	Inac							
	North of NE 23 Avenue	6116	20,500	20,500						

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lumber	Facility Location			
S-13	State Road 24 (Waldo Road) State Road 222 to NE 53 Avenue	9		16,800
		Station		Median
	Count Station Location	Number	2012	AADT
	North of State Road 222	6115	16,800	16,800
S-14	State Road 26 from NW 122 Street to Interstate 75 [West Ra	mp]		38,750
		Station		Median
	Count Station Location	Number	2012	AADT
	West of NW 75 Street	6020	28,500	28,500
	East of NW 75 Street	6153	49,000	49,000
S-15	State Road 26 from Interstate 75 [West Ramp] to NW 8 Aven	ue		46,000
		Station		Median
	Count Station Location	Number	2012	AADT
ļ	East of NW 69 Street	6152	46,000	46,00
	East of Hospital	6138	44,500	44,50
	East of NW 62 Street	6021	51,500	51,50
S-16	State Road 26 from NW 8 Avenue to State Road 121 (NW 34	Street)		31,75
•	·	Station		Median
	Count Station Location	Number	2012	AADT
	West of NW 43 Street	6137	28,500	28,50
	West of NW 39 Road	6022	35,000	35,00
	East of NW 39 Road	6023	35,000	35,00
	West of State Road 121	6024	21,200	21,20
S-17	State Road 26 from State Road 121 to Gale Lemerand Drive		•	22,25
		Station		Median
	Count Station Location	Number	2012	AADT
	East of State Road 121	6025	21,500	21,50
	West of NW 22 Street	6026	23,000	23,00
S-18	State Road 26 from Gale Lemerand Drive to US 441 (W 13 Stro		.,	28,50
		Station		Median
	Count Station Location	Number	2012	AADT
ſ	East of Gale Lemerand Drive	6027	Inact	tive
	West of 13 Street	6028	28,500	28,50
S-19	State Road 26 from US 441 to State Road 24 (Waldo Road)			19,25
		Station		Median
	Count Station Location	Number	2012	AADT
[	West of W 12 Street	6029	24,000	24,00
	West of W 6 Street	6149	22,000	22,00
	West of W 3 Street	6030	19,900	19,90
	East of E Main Street	6031	18,600	18,60
	West of E 3 Street	6032	Inact	
	East of E 9 Street	6033	17,200	17,20
	West of State Road 331 / State Road 24	6034	18,100	18,10

lumber	Facility Location			
S-20	State Road 26 from State Road 20 (Hawthorne Road) to County Road 329B (Lakeshore Driv	ve)		9,600
		Station		Median
	Count Station Location	Number	2012	AADT
	West of E 15 Street	1004		Inactive
	West of E 15 Street	6145	8,700	8,700
	East of E 15 Street	6036	9,900	9,900
	East of E 25 Street	6037	9,600	9,600
S-21	State Road 26A from State Road 26 (Newberry Road) to State Road 121 (W 34 Street)			14,100
		Station		Median
	Count Station Location	Number	2012	AADT
	West of W 38 Street	6133	14,100	14,100
S-22	State Road 26A from State Road 121 (W 34 street) to State Road 26 (W University Avenue)			11,650
		Station		Median
Į	Count Station Location	Number	2012	AADT
	East of State Road 121	6040	13,100	13,100
	East of SW 23 Street	6041	10,200	10,200
	South of State Road 26	4000*	-	Inactive
S-23	State Road 121 (W 34 Street) from State Road 331 (Williston Road) to State Road 24 (Archer	Road)	-	24,49
		Station		Median
	Count Station Location	Number	2012	AADT
	North of State Road 331	6077	17,700	17,700
	South of State Road 24	6134	31,282	31,28
S-24	State Road 121 (W 34 Street) from State Road 24 (Archer Road) to State Road 26 (W University 1997) to State Road 26 (W University 1997) to State Road 26 (W University 1997) to State Road 27 (W 34 Street) from State Road 28 (Archer Road) to State Road 26 (W University 1997) to State Road 27 (W 34 Street) from State Road 28 (Archer Road) to State Road 28 (W University 1997) to State Road 29 (W University 1997) to Sta	sity Avenue)		38,000
		Station		Median
	Count Station Location	Number	2012	AADT
	South of SW 20 Avenue	6135	38,500	38,500
	North of SW 20 Avenue	6076	37,500	37,500
	North of Radio Road	6136	39,000	39,000
	South of State Road 26A	4009		Inactive
	South of State Road 26	6075	24,000	24,000
S-25	State Road 121 (W 34 Street) from State Road 26 to NW 16	Avenue		19,050
ſ		Station		Median
	Count Station Location	Number	2012	AADT
ſ	North of State Road 26	6074	19,100	19,100
	South of NW 16 Avenue	6073	19,000	19,000
S-26	State Road 121 (W 34 Street) from NW 16 Avenue to State Road 222 (NW 39 Avenue)			14,500
ſ		Station		Median
	Count Station Location	Number	2012	AADT
Ī	North of NW 16 Avenue	6142	15,000	15,000
	North of NW 16 Avenue	2012*		Inactive
	South of NW 31 Road	6072	14,000	14,000

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Number	Facility Location			
S-27	State Road 121 from State Road 222 (NW 39 Avenue) to NW	53 Avenue		15,000
	,	Station		Median
	Count Station Location	Number	2012	AADT
	North of State Road 222	6071	15,000	15,000
	North of NW 45 Avenue	6140	Inac	tive
	North of NW 45 Avenue	2002	Inac	ctive
S-28	State Road 121 from US 441 to NW 128 Lane			9,405
		Station		Median
	Count Station Location	Number	2012	AADT
	North of US 441	6155	12,600	12,600
	North of US 441	6069	Inac	tive
	North of US 441	6068	6,210	6,210
S-29	State Road 222 (N 39 Avenue) from NW 98 street to NW 83	Street		20,205
		Station		Median
	Count Station Location	Number	2012	AADT
	East of NW 98 Street	new	12,910	12,910
	West of NW 91 Street	6132	27,500	27,500
S-30	State Road 222 (N 39 Avenue) from US 441 (NW 13 Street) to State Road 24 (Waldo Road)			17,200
		Station		Median
	Count Station Location	Number	2012	AADT
	East Of US 441	6004	20,000	20,000
	East of NW 6 Street	6005	23,000	23,000
	East of County Road 329 (N Main Street)	6006	17,200	17,200
	East of County Road 329 (N Main Street)	3014*	Inac	tive
	West of NE 15 Street	6144	17,000	17,000
	West of State Road 24	6007	15,100	15,100
S-31	State Road 222 (N 39 Avenue) from State Road 24 (Waldo Road) to Airport Entrance			13,500
		Station		Median
	Count Station Location	Number	2012	AADT
	East of State Road 24	6008	13,500	13,500
S-32	State Road 222 (N 39 Avenue) from Airport Entrance to NE 27 Avenue			9,850
		Station		Median
	Count Station Location	Number	2012	AADT
	East of State Road 24	6008	13,500	13,500
	West of State Road 26	6009	6,200	6,200
S-33	State Road 226 (S 16 Avenue) from State Road 24 (SW Archer Road) to US 441 (SW 13 Stree	t)		18,320
		Station		Median
	Count Station Location	Number	2012	AADT
	East of State Road 24	6055	18,500	18,500
	East of State Road 24	Study	18,139 "	18,139
	East of Shealy Drive	Study	17,969 "	17,969
	East of Veterans Affairs Hospital Drive	Study	17,496 "	17,496
	West of US 441	Study	18,570 "	18,570
	West of US 441	6056	18,900	18,900

Number	Facility Location			
S-34	State Road 226 (S 16 Avenue) from US 441 (SW 13 Street) to S Main Street			17,100
		Station		Median
	Count Station Location	Number	2012	AADT
	East of US 441	6057	17,100	17,100
		4028	Inac	tive
	West of Main Street	6058	16,700	16,700
S-35	State Road 226 (S 16 Avenue) from State Road 329 (S Main Street) to State Road 331	(Willinston Road)		7,300
		Station		Median
	Count Station Location	Number	2012	AADT
		5026	Inac	tive
	East of State Road 329	6059	7,300	7,300
S-36	State Road 120A (N 23 Avenue) from US 441 (N 13 Street) to State Road 24 (Waldo Roa	ad)		12,900
		Station		Median
	Count Station Location	Number	2012	AADT
	East of US 441	6012	13,500	13,500
	East of NW 6 Avenue	6013	13,100	13,100
	West of NE 7 Street	6014	12,900	12,900
	West of NE 15 Street	3023	Inac	tive
	West of NE 15 Street	6015	9,700	9,700
	East of NE 15 Street	6016	7,700	7,700
S-37	State Road 329 (Main Street) from State Road 26 (Univer	rsity Avenue) to N 8	Avenue	13,550
Ī	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Station		Median
	Count Station Location	Number	2012	AADT
Ī	North of State Road 26 (University Avenue)	6105	13,100	13,100
	South of N 8 Avenue	6104	14,000	14,000
S-38	State Road 331 / State Road 121 from Interstate 75 to L	JS 441 (SW 13 Stree	t)	23,250
İ		Station	•	Median
	Count Station Location	Number	2012	AADT
ľ	East of State Road 121 (SW 34 Street)	6112	24,000	24,000
	West of US 441	6111	22,500	22,500
S-39	State Road 331 (Willinston Road) from US 441 (SW13 Street) to State Road 26 (Univers	ity Avenue)	·	19,100
ľ		Station		Median
	Count Station Location	Number	2012	AADT
ľ	East of US 441	6110	19,300	19,300
	South of S 16 Avenue	6124	14,100	14,100
	West of SE 4 Street	6123	19,600	19,600
	South of SE 4th Avenue	s5503	Inac	
	North of SE 4 Avenue	6122	19,100	19,100
	South of State Road 26	6121	18,600	18,600
S-40	State Road 20 (NW 8 Avenue) from NW 6 Street to N Ma		. = , = 0	14,700
		Station		Median
	Count Station Location	Number	2012	AADT
ŀ	East of NW 6 Street	6018	14,700	14,700
		6019	Inac	

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umber	Facility Location			
S-41	Interstate 75 from State Road 121 (Williston Road) to State Road 24 (SW Archer Roa	d)		57,500
		Station		Median
	Count Station Location	Number	2012	AADT
	North of State Road 331 / State Road 121	6062	57,500	57,500
S-42	Interstate 75 from State Road 24 (SW Archer Road) to State Road 26 (Newberry Ro	ad)		72,500
		Station		Median
	Count Station Location	Number	2012	AADT
	South of State Road 26	6061	72,500	72,500
S-43	Interstate75 from State Road 26 (Newberry Road) to State Road 222 (NW 39 Avenu	ie)		68,500
		Station		Median
	Count Station Location	Number	2012	AADT
	North of State Road 26	6060	68,500	68,500
S-44	State Road 121 from Wacahoota Road to Interstate 75	5		7,800
		Station		Median
	Count Station Location	Number	2012	AADT
	North of Wacahoota Road	6159	8,200	8,20
	South of SW 62 Avenue	-	7,400	7,40
S-45	State Road 26 (Newberry Road) from NW 154 Street to NW 122 Street			18,20
		Station		Median
	Count Station Location	Number	2012	AADT
	West of NW 143 Street	6161	14,400	14,40
	East of NW 143 Street	6160	22,000	22,00
S-46	State Road 26 (NE 55 Boulevard) from County Road 32	29B to City Limit		4,40
		Station		Median
	Count Station Location	Number	2012	AADT
	North of County Road 329B	6038	4,400	4,40
S-47	State Road 24 (SW Archer Road) from SW 91 Street to SW 75 Street (Tower Road)			19,20
		Station		Median
	Count Station Location	Number	2012	AADT
	West of SW 75 Street	6054	19,200	19,20
S-48	State Road 20 (Hawthorne Road) from SE 43 Street to County Road 329B (Lakesh	ore Drive)		11,25
		Station		Median
	Count Station Location	Number	2012	AADT
ſ	East of SE 27 Street	6044	13,600	13,60
	East of County Road 329B	6130	8,900	8,90
S-49	State Road 20 (Hawthorne Road) from County Road 329B (Lakeshore Drive) to Cou	unty Road 2082		8,90
		Station		Median
L	Count Station Location	Number	2012	AADT
ļ	East of County Road 329B	6130	8,900	8,900

Number	Facility Location			
S-50	US 441 from NW 23 Street to NW 126 Avenue			18,200
		Station		Median
	Count Station Location	Number	2012	AADT
	North of NW 23 Street	6078	18,200	18,200
S-51	Interstate75 from Gainesville Metropolitan Area Bound	ary to Williston Road		58,281
		Station		Median
	Count Station Location	Number	2012	AADT
	South of Williston Road	6143	58,281	58,281
S-52	Interstate75 from NW 39 Avenue to Gainesville Metropolitan Area Boundary			
		Station		Median
	Count Station Location	Number	2012	AADT
	North of NW 39 Avenue	6158	47,500	47,500
S-53	State Road 222 (N 39 Avenue) from NW 51 Street to L	JS 441 (W 13 Street)		27,000
		Station		Median
	Count Station Location	Number	2012	AADT
	West of NW 43 Street	6000	33,500	33,500
	East of NW 43 Street	6001	31,000	31,000
	East of State Road 121	6141	27,000	27,000
	East of State Road 121	2064*	Inac	tive
	East of NW 24 Boulevard	6002	25,000	25,000
	West of NW 13 Street	6003	25,500	25,500
S-54	State Road 121 from County Road 232 (NW 53 Avenue	e) to US 441		9,700
		Station		Median
	Count Station Location	Number	2012	AADT
	South of US 441	6070	9,700	9,700
	South of US 441	2001	Inac	tive
S-55	State Road 24 from State Road 121 (SW 34 Street) to State Road 226 (SW 16 Avenue	ne)		49,250
		Station		Median
	Count Station Location	Number	2012	AADT
	East of State Road 121	Study	42,819 "	42,819
	East of State Road 121	6048	44,000	44,000
	West of State Road 226	6047	54,500	54,500
S-56	State Road 222 (N 39 Avenue) from NW 83 Street to N	IW 51 Street		26,000
		Station		Median
	Count Station Location	Number	2012	AADT
	East of NW 83 Street	6139	26,000	26,000
	East of NW 83 Street	7018	Inac	tive

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### **B.** Alachua County Arterials

#### **ALACHUA COUNTY ARTERIALS**

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Exhibit G-2 Median Average Annual Daily Traffic Counts - Alachua County - Maintained Facilities

Number	Facility Location			
A-1	NW 53 Avenue (County Road 232) from NW 71 Street to NW 13 Street (US 441)			12,037
AC-010		Station		Median
	Count Station Location	Number	2012	AADT
	West of NW 43 Street	7051	10,995	10,995
	West of NW 34 Street (State Road 121)	7050	15,546	15,546
	East of NW 34 Street (State Road 121) West of US 441	2062 7049	12,230 11,844 <	12,230
A-2	NW 53 (County Road 232) from NW 13 Street (US 441) to Waldo Road (State Road 24)	7049	11,844 <	11,844 12,558
AC-005	NW 55 (County Road 252) Holli NW 15 Street (US 441) to Waldo Road (State Road 24)	Station		Median
AC-003	Count Station Location	Number	2012	AADT
	West of N Main Street (County Road 329)	2063	12,946	12,946
	West of NE 15 Street	7035	12,558	12,558
	West of Waldo Road (State Road 24)	7036	10,963	10,963
A-3	NW 43 Street from Newberry Road (State Road 26) to NW 53 Avenue (State Road 232)			27,131
AC-025		Station		Median
	Count Station Location	Number	2012	AADT
	North of State Road 26	7061	13,485	13,485
	North of NW 8 Avenue	6066	Inactive	<b>.</b>
	North of NW 8 Avenue	2059	27,316	27,316
	North of NW 8 Avenue	2004	27,131	27,131
	South of NW 23 Avenue	7009	26,625	26,625
	North of NW 23 Avenue	6065	Inactive	
	North of NW 23 Avenue	2060	Inactive	
	North of NW 23 Avenue	2005	Inactive	
	South of NW 39 Avenue	7046	30,056	30,056
	North of NW 39 Avenue	6064	Inactive	
	North of NW 39 Avenue	7045	29,533	29,533
A-6	North of NW 39 Avenue  NW 43 Street from NW 53 Avenue (County Road 232) to U	2007	23,360	23,360
AC-030	100 43 Street Holling 33 Avenue (County Road 232) to C	Station		Median
710 000	Count Station Location	Number	2012	AADT
	North of NW 53 Avenue	2061	16,110	16,110
	North of NW 53 Avenue	-	14,702	14,702
	North of San Felasco Park Road	-	4,775 <	4,775
	South of NW 93 Avenue	-	- Inactive	
	North of NW 93 Avenue	-	- Inactive	<b>:</b>
	South of US 441	7062	6,902	6,902
A-9	NW 23 Avenue from NW 98 Street to NW 55 Street			15,770
AC-040		Station		Median
	Count Station Location	Number	2012	AADT
	East of NW 98 Street	7027	7,476	7,476
	West of Interstate 75		16,138	16,138
	East of NW 83 Street		15,897	15,897
	West of NW 55 Street	7008	15,643	15,643

Number	Facility Location				
A-10	NW 23 Avenue from NW 55 Street to NW 43 Street				20,821
AC-035		Station			Median
	Count Station Location	Number	2012		AADT
	East of NW 51 Sreet	2008		Inactive	
	West of NW 43 Street	7032	20,821		20,821
A-11	NW 16 Avenue from NW 43 Street to NW 13 Street (US 4	141)			20,451
		Station			Median
	Count Station Location	Number	2012		AADT
	East of NW 43 Street	2038	21,209		21,209
	East of NW 38 Street	2036	19,693		19,693
	West of NW 22 Street	2071	13,749	<	13,749
	East of NW 22 Street	2089		Inactive	
	East of NW 18 Terrace	2033	22,842	<	22,842
A-12	NW 16 Avenue from NW 13 Street (US 441) to State Roa	d 24 (Waldo Road)			12,127
		Station			Median
	Count Station Location	Number	2012		AADT
	East of NW 13 Street	2088		Inactive	
	East of NW 10 Street	2070	11,876		11,876
	East of NW 6 Street	2030	12,378		12,378
	West of N Main Street	2087		Inactive	
	East of NE 2 Street	3024	12,694		12,694
	West of NE 12 Street	3005	9,669		9,669
	West of Waldo Road	3030		Inactive	
A-13	SW 75 Street from State Road 24 (SW Archer Road) to S	W 8 Avenue			14,055
AC-090		Station			Median
	Count Station Location	Number	2012		AADT
	North of State Road 24 (Archer Road)	7020	14,055		14,055
	South of SW 24 Avenue	7043	13,548		13,548
	North of SW 24 Avenue	7042	15,258		15,258
A-14	W 75 Street from SW 8 Avenue to State Road 26 (Newber	erry Road)			22,973
AC-085		Station			Median
	Count Station Location	Number	2012		AADT
	South of State Road 26 (Newberry Road)	7024	18,418		18,418
	North of W University Avenue		22,973		22,973
	South of W University Avenue		24,859		24,859
A-15	SW 20 Avenue from SW 75 Street to SW 62 Boulevard				14,856
AC-060		Station			Median
	Count Station Location	Number	2012		AADT
	East of SW 75 Street	7021	14,856		14,856
A-16	SW 20 Avenue from SW 62 Boulevard to SW 34 Street (S	state Road 121)			21,524
AC-055		Station			Median
	Count Station Location	Number	2012		AADT
	East of SW 62 Boulevard	7044	25,487	<	25,487
	West of SW 34 Street	7019	17,560	<	17,560

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Number	Facility Location			
A-17	N Main Street (County Road 329) from N 8 A	venue to N 23 Avenue		13,646
	<u>-</u>	Station		Median
	Count Station Location	Number	2012	AADT
	North of N 8 Avenue	1000	12,958 <	12,958
	North of N 10 Avenue	1001	16,694 <	16,694
	North of N 16 Avenue	1002	13,646 <	13,646
	South of N 23 Street	6103	In	active
A-18	N Main Street (County Road 329) from N 23 Avenue to N 39 Avenue	(State Road 222)		15,265
		Station		Median
	Count Station Location	Number	2012	AADT
	North of N 23 Avenue	7047	17,584	17,584
	North of N 23 Avenue	6102	In	active
	South of N 31 Avenue	1005	In	active
	South of N 39 Avenue	6101	In	active
	South of N 31 Street	1003	12,946	12,946
A-19	NW 39 Avenue (State Road 222) from NW 1	10 Terrace to NW 98 Street		11,389
AC-095		Station		Median
	Count Station Location	Number	2012	AADT
	West of Interstate 75	7052	11,389	11,389
	East of NW 98 Street		- In	active
A-20	SW 24 Avenue from SW 91 Street to SW 75	Street		11,122
AC-065		Station		Median
	Count Station Location	Number	2012	AADT
	West of SW 75 Street	7022	11,122	11,122
A-21	NW 51 Street from NW 23 Avenue to NW 39	Avenue (State Road 222)		8,896
AC-120		Station		Median
	Count Station Location	Number	2012	AADT
	South of NW 39 Avenue	7033	10,032	10,032
	North of 23 Avenue	2106	7,760	< 7,760
A-22	NW 98 Street from State Road 26 (Newberry Road) to State Road 22	22 (NW 39 Avenue)		10,289
AC-110		Station		Median
	Count Station Location	Number	2012	AADT
	North of State Road 26	7026	11,589	11,589
	South of State Road 222	7028	8,988	8,988
A-23	NW 83 Street from NW 23 Avenue to NW 39	Avenue (State Road 222)		14,157
AC-130		Station		Median
	Count Station Location	Number	2012	AADT
	North of NW 23 Avenue	7030	14,660	14,660
	South of NW 39 Avenue	7029	13,654	13,654
A-24	W 91 Street from SW 24 Avenue to Newberr			7,708
AC-165		Station		Median
	Count Station Location	Number	2012	AADT
	South of Newberry Road	7025	7,808	7,808
	North of SW 24 Avenue	4-91-6-1	7,608	7,608

Number	Facility Location				
A-25	NW 39 Road from Newberry Road (State Road 26) to NW	8 Avenue			-
		Station			Median
	Count Station Location	Number	2012		AADT
	North of State Road 26	7005	-	Inactive	
A-26	SW 8 Avenue from SW 91 Street to SW 75 Street				4,679
AC-140		Station			Median
	Count Station Location	Number	2012		AADT
	West of SW 75 Street	7023	4,679		4,679
A-28	Rocky Point Road from Williston Road (State Road 331) to SW 13 Street (US 441)				3,220
AC-275		Station			Median
	Count Station Location	Number	2012		AADT
	South of Williston Road (State Road 331)	7011	3,220		3,220
	West of SW 13 Street	6131		Inactive	
A-29	Kincaid Loop from Hawthorne Road (State Road 20) to Hawthorne Road (State Road 2				3,926
AC-280		Station			Median
	Count Station Location	Number	2012		AADT
	South of Hawthorne Road	5020	3,926		3,926
	North of SE 7 Avenue	5027	4 457	Inactive	4 457
	North of SE 7 Avenue	5008 5009	4,457		4,457
	South of SE 7 Avenue  North of SE 22 Avenue	5009	7,046	<pre> &lt; Inactive</pre>	7,046
	South of SE 22 Avenue	5021	3,681		3,681
	South of SE 22 Avenue	6126	3,001	Inactive	3,001
	North of SE 22 Avenue	6127		Inactive	
	South of Hawthorne Road	7003	2,771	mactive	2,771
A-30	SW 40 Boulevard / SW 42 Street / SW 43 Street from SW Archer Road to SW 20 Avenue	2		_	11,451
AC-400	SW 40 Boulevalu/ SW 42 Sheet/ SW 43 Sheet from SW Archer Road to SW 20 Avertur	Station			Median
710 400	Count Station Location	Number	2012		AADT
	North of Archer Road	Study	8,178		8,178
	South of SW 33 Place	4-4243-1-1	7,602		7,602
	North of SW 33 Place	4-4243-2-1-N+S	15,160		15,160
	South of SW 20 Avenue	4-4243-3-1-N+S	14,723		14,723
A-31	Monteocha Road (NE 38 Street) from NE 53 Avenue to 11200 Block of Monteocha Road	d			2,826
AC-285		Station			Median
	Count Station Location	Number	2012		AADT
	North of 53 Avenue	6113		Inactive	
	North of 53 Avenue	7037	2,826		2,826
A-32	NW 143 Street (County Road 241) from Newberry Road (State Road 26) to Millhopper Ro	oad			10,408
AC-240		Station			Median
	Count Station Location	Number	2012		AADT
	North of Newberry Road	1-241-1-1-N+S	10,003		10,003
	South of Millhopper Road	1-241-2-1-N+S	10,813	<	10,813

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Number	Facility Location			
A-33	SW 24 Avenue from SW 122 Street to SW 91 Street			6,497
AC-070		Station		Median
	Count Station Location	Number	2012	AADT
	East of SW 122 Street	4-24-1-1	4,755	4,755
	West of SW 91 Street	4-24-2-1	8,239	8,239
A-34	NW 53 Avenue (Millhopper Road) from NW 143 Street/County Road 241 to NW 71 St	reet		5,861
AC-015		Station		Median
	Count Station Location	Number	2012	AADT
	East of Interstate 75	1-53-2-1	2,987	2,987
	East of 52 Avenue	7051	8,735	8,735
A-35	W 122 Street from SW 24 Avenue to Newberry Road (State Road 26)			7,476
AC-210		Station		Median
	Count Station Location	Number	2012	AADT
	North of SW 24 Avenue	4-122-3-1	6,931	6,931
	South of Newberry Road	4-122-4-1	8,020	8,020
A-36	SW 8 Avenue from SW 122 Street to SW 91 Street			1,998
AC-145		Station		Median
	Count Station Location	Number	2012	AADT
	East of SW 122 Street	4-8-8-1	1998	1,998
A-37	NW 39 Avenue from W 143 Street (County Road 241)	to NW 110 Street		9,549
AC-100		Station		Median
	Count Station Location	Number	2012	AADT
	West of Interstate 75	-	9,549	9,549
A-38	SE 43 Street from Hawthorne Road (State Road 20) to East University Avenue (Stat	e Road 26)		3,285
AC-290		Station		Median
	Count Station Location	Number	2012	AADT
	North of Hawthorne Road	6128	3,311	3,311
	South of University Avenue	7002	3,258	3,258
A-39	SW 91 Street from SW Archer Road (State Road 24) to	SW 24 Avenue		6,366
AC-170		Station		Median
	Count Station Location	Number	2012	AADT
	North of Archer Road	4-91-1-1	5,825	5,825
	North of SW 46 Boulevard	4-91-2-1	6,366	6,366
	North of SW 44 Boulevard	4-91-3-1	6,487	6,487
	North of School House Road	4-91-4-1	7,798	7,798
	North of SW 31 Avenue	4-91-5-1	5,906	5,906
A-40	SW 46 Boulevard from SW 91 Street to SW 75 Street			5,257
AC-180		Station		Median
	Count Station Location	Number	2012	AADT
	West of SW 75 Street	7057	5,257	5,257
A-41	SW 62 Avenue / SW 63 Boulevard from Williston Road (State Road 121) to Archer Re	oad (State Road 24)		5,080
AC-200		Station		Median
	Count Station Location	Number	2012	AADT
	South of Archer Road	7053	5,080	5,080

Number	Facility Location			
A-42	County Road 329B (Lakeshore Drive) from Hawthorne Road (State	e Road 20) to State Road 26		441
AC-295		Station		Median
	Count Station Location	Number	2012	AADT
	North of State Road 20	3-329-1-1	241	241
	East of State Road 26	7016	640	640
A-43	NE 77 Avenue from NE 38 Street (Monteocha Road) to State Road 24 (Waldo Road)			645
AC-300		Station		Median
	Count Station Location	Number	2012	AADT
	East of NE 38 Street	-	645	645
A-44	SW 75 Street from Gainesville Metropolitan Area Boundary to Arch	ner Road (State Road 24)		3,123
AC-095		Station		Median
	Count Station Location	Number	2012	AADT
	South of Archer Road	4-75-1-1	3,123	3,123
A-45	Fort Clarke Boulevard from State Road 26 / Newberry Road to NW 23 Avenue			13,614
AC-160		Station		Median
	Count Station Location	Number	2012	AADT
	North of State Road 26	7059	13,411	13,411
	South of NW 23 Avenue	7060	13,816	13,816
A-46	NW 32 Avenue from Gainesville Metropolitan Area Boundary to County Road 241 / NW 143 Street			
AC-050		Station		Median
	Count Station Location	Number	2012	AADT
	West of County Road 241	-	2,242	2,242
A-47	County Road 324 from Prairie Creek Bridge	to SE 73 Drive		1,867
		Station		Median
	Count Station Location	Number	2012	AADT
	North of US 441	-	1,867	1,867
A-48	W 122 Street from Archer Road to SW 24 Avenue			4,406
		Station		Median
	Count Station Location	Number	2012	AADT
	South of SW 24 Avenue	4-122-2-1	4,406	4,406
A-49	County Road 231 from State Road 121 to 1	3000 Block of County Road 231		3,200
		Station		Median
	Count Station Location	Number	2012	AADT
	East of State Road 121	-	3,200	3,200

> 2005 TRAFFIC COUNT

t\mike\los\los13\k2012gt.xlsx

2006 TRAFFIC COUNT

\* 2007 TRAFFIC COUNT

< 2009 TRAFFIC COUNT

^ median average for this location

# count may be affected by construction

Note; 2010 counts are used in this report at the direction of Alachua County Public Works staff

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#### C. City of Gainesville/University of Florida Arterials

# CITY OF GAINESVILLE / UNIVERSITY OF FLORIDA ARTERIALS

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Number	Facility Location			
G-1	NW 55 Street from New berry Road (State Road 26) to N	W 23 Avenue		9,141
	, (	Station		Median
	Count Station Location	Number	2012	AADT
	North of New berry Road	2009	9,295	` 9,295
	North of New berry Road	2079		Inactive
	South of NW 23 Avenue	2011	8,986	` 8,986
G-2	NW 8 Avenue from New berry Road (State Road 26) to N	NW 22 Street		14,813
		Station		Median
	Count Station Location	Number	2012	AADT
	West of NW 43 Street	2077	18,455	> 18,455
	East of NW 43 Street	6017		Inactive
	West of NW 34 Street	2073	12,384	` 12,384
	East of NW 34 Street	2074	14,813	` 14,813
G-3	NW 8 Avenue from NW 22 Street to NW 6 Street			14,502
		Station		Median
	Count Station Location	Number	2012	AADT
	East of NW 22 Street	2075	15,028	` 15,028
	West of NW 6 Street	2076	13,976	` 13,976
G-4	SW 62 Boulevard from SW 20 Avenue to New berry Roa	ad (State Road 26)		18,748
		Station		Median
	Count Station Location	Number	2012	AADT
	North of SW 20 Avenue	4029	18,544	` 18,544
	North of SW 20 Avenue	7039	-	Inactive
	South of New berry Road	7038	-	Inactive
	South of New berry Road	2090	18,951	` 18,951
G-5	NW 22 Street from W University Avenue (State Road 26	i) to NW 16 Avenue		3,735
		Station		Median
	Count Station Location	Number	2012	AADT
	North of W University Avenue	2035	3,617	3,617
	North of NW 5 Avenue	2037	3,735	3,735
	South of NW 16 Avenue	2072	5,361	5,361
G-6	NE 8 Avenue from N Main Street to Waldo Road (State R	Road 24)		9,377
		Station		Median
	Count Station Location	Number	2012	AADT
	West of NE 7 Street	3000	9,499	` 9,499
	East of NE 9 Street	3001	9,255	> 9,255
G-7	S 2 Avenue from SW 13 Street (US 441) to SE7 Street			5,717
		Station		Median
	Count Station Location	Number	2012	AADT
	West of SW 10 Street	4026		Inactive
	East of SW 10 Street	4015	6,604	` 6,604
	West of SW 3 Street	4005	5,916	< 5,916
	East of SW 2 Street	4006	-	Inactive
	East of S Main Street	5010	5,517	~ 5,517
	West of SE 7 Street	5016	1,482	1,482

	Oniversity of Florida - Maint			
Number	Facility Location			
G-8	SW 6 Street from SW 16 Avenue to SW 4 Avenue			5,319
		Station		Median
	Count Station Location	Number	2012	AADT
	South of Depot Avenue	4001	3,686 `	3,686
	North of Depot Avenue	4002	6,951 `	6,951
G-9	W 6 Street from SW 4 Avenue to NW 8 Avenue			7,711
		Station		Median
	Count Station Location	Number	2012	AADT
	South of W Univeristy Avenue	4003	7,452 ^	
	North of W University Avenue	2056	7,969 ^	
	South of NW 8 Avenue	2082	In	active
G-10	E 9 Street from SE 2 Avenue to NE 31 Avenue			4,062
		Station		Median
	Count Station Location	Number	2012	AADT
	South of E University Avenue	5006	2,384	2,384
	North of NE 5 Avenue	3013	5,421	5,421
	South of NE 16 Avenue	3027	6,213 ^	
	North of NE 16 Avenue	3016	4,062	4,062
	North of NE 23 Avenue	3017	2,423	2,423
G-11	NW 38 Street from NW 8 Avenue to NW 16 Avenue			1,781
		Station		Median
	Count Station Location	Number	2012	AADT
	North of NW 8 Avenue	2042	1,781	1,781
G-12	NW 24 Boulevard from NW 39 Avenue (State Road 222) to NW 53 Avenue (State Road 232)			
		Station		Median
	Count Station Location	Number	2012	AADT
	North of NW 39 Avenue	2046	3,660 "	3,660
	South of NW 53 Avenue	2047	2,541 "	2,541
G-13	N Main Street from N 39 Avenue (State Road 222) to	N 53 Avenue (State	Road 232)	5,785
		Station		Median
	Count Station Location	Number	2012	AADT
	North of N 39 Avenue	1006	5,785	5,785
	North of N 39 Avenue	7048	In	active
G-14	NE 15 Street from E University Avenue (State Road 2	26) to NE 8 Avenue		3,873
		Station		Median
	Count Station Location	Number	2012	AADT
	North of E Univesity Avenue	3018	3,873	3,873
G-15	NE 15 Street from NE 16 Avenue to NE 39 Avenue (S	State Road 222)		4,409
		Station		Median
	Count Station Location	Number	2012	AADT
	North of NE 16 Avenue	3019	3,422	3,422
	South of NE 31 Avenue	3028	- In	active
	North of NE 31 Avenue	3015	5,396 ~	5,396

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Number	Facility Location			
G-16	NE 25 Street from E University Avenue (State Road 2	6) to NE 8 Avenue		4,142
		Station		Median
	Count Station Location	Number	2012	AADT
	South of NE 8 Avenue	3020	4,142	4,142
G-17	SE 4 Street from Williston Road (State Road 331) to D	epot Avenue		2,808
		Station		Median
	Count Station Location	Number	2012	AADT
	North of Williston Road	5005	2,403 `	2,403
	South of Depot Avenue	5000	3,212 `	3,212
G-18	SE 4 Street / SE 22 Avenue from Williston Road (State	e Road 331) to SE 1	5 Street	4,523
		Station		Median
	Count Station Location	Number	2012	AADT
	South of Williston Road	5023	4,523 `	4,523
	South of Williston Road	6125	Ir	active
G-19	NE 8 Avenue from Waldo Road (State Road 24) to NE	25 Street		5,786
		Station		Median
	Count Station Location	Number	2012	AADT
	East of NE 18 Street	3002	5,786 >	5,786
G-20	S 4 Avenue from SW 13 Street (US 441) to SE 15 Str	eet		3,326
		Station		Median
	Count Station Location	Number	2012	AADT
	West of SW 10 Street	4027	Ir	active
	West of SW 6 Street	4018	3,297	3,297
	East of SW 6 Street	4007	3,360	3,360
	West of S Main Street	4008	3,355	3,355
	East of SE 3 Street	5013	3,568	3,568
	East of SE 9 Street	5002	2,410	2,410
	East of Williston Road	5018	2,450	2,450
G-21	SW 9 Road / Depot Ave / SE 7 Avenue from SW 13 S	treet to SE 15 Stree	et	5,129
		Station		Median
	Count Station Location	Number	2012	AADT
	East of SW 13 Street	4020	5,129 `	5,129
	East of SW 13 Street	4036	5,579 `	5,579
	East of SW 6 Street	4022	4,176 `	4,176
	East of S Main Street	5007	5,777 `	5,777
	West of Williston Road	5004	2,167 `	2,167
	East of Williston Road	5025	Ir	active
	West of SE 15 Street	5024	2,059 `	2,059
G-22	SE 2 Avenue from SE 7 Street to Williston Road			1,454
		Station		Median
	Count Station Location	Number	2012	AADT
	East of SE 9 Street	5001	1,454 <	1,454

lumber	Facility Location			
G-23	NE 31 Avenue from N Main Street to Waldo Road (State	e Road 24)		1,848
		Station		Median
	Count Station Location	Number	2012	AADT
	East of N Main Street	3010	1,635	1,635
_	East of NE 15 Street	3012	2,061	2,061
G-24	NW 17 Street from W University Avenue (State Road 2		e	2,672
		Station		Median
	Count Station Location	Number	2012	AADT
	North of W University Avenue	2031	2,329 >	,
	North of NW 5 Avenue	2032	3,015 >	
G-25	W 12 Street from SW 4 Avenue to NW 8 Avenue			3,628
		Station		Median
	Count Station Location	Number	2012	AADT
	North of SW 2 Avenue	4011	4,387 `	
0.00	North of W University Avenue (State Road 26)	2024	2,868 >	
G-26	W 10 Street from SW 4 Avenue to NW 8 Avenue	Otation		2,545
	Count Station I continu	Station	2042	Median
	Count Station Location	Number	2012	AADT
	North of SW 2 Avenue	4012	3,538 `	
	South of NW 3 Avenue	2019	1,552 >	,
	South of NW 8 Avenue	2085	ır	active
G-27	SW 16 Street from SW 16 Avenue to SW Archer Road	(State Road 24)		4,111
		Station		Median
	Count Station Location	Number	2012	AADT
	North of SW 16 Avenue	4014	4,111 `	4,111
G-28	NW 5 Avenue from NW 22 Street to NW 13 Street (US	441)		1,877
		Station		Median
	Count Station Location	Number	2012	AADT
	East of NW 22 Street	2084	- In	active
	West of NW 17 Street	2018	1,877 >	1,877
	East of NW 17 street	2083	Ir	active
	East of NW 13 Street	2081	lr	active
G-29	W 3 Street from SW 4 Avenue to NW 8 Avenue			490
		Station		Median
	Count Station Location	Number	2012	AADT
	North of SW 4 Avenue	4023	In	active
	North of SW 2 Avenue	4004	- In	active
	North of NW 3 Avenue	2016	490 *	490
G-30	W 2 Street from SW 4 Avenue to NW 8 Avenue			(
		Station		Median
	Count Station Location	Number	2012	AADT

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Number	Facility Location			
G-31	Gale Lemerand Drive from SW Archer Road (State Roa	ad 24) to Museum R	load	10,542
		Station		Median
	Count Station Location	Number	2012	AADT
	North of Archer Road	UF [4058]	12,330 `	12,330
	North of Mow ry Road	UF	8,754 u	8,754
G-32	Radio Road / Museum Road from SW 34 Street (State Road 121) to SW 13 S	Street (US 441)		12,448
		Station		Median
	Count Station Location	Number	2012	AADT
	East of SW 34 Street	4050	5,819 >	5,819
	West of Village Drive	UF	9,950 u	9,950
	West of North-South Drive	UF	8,840 u	8,840
	East of North-South Drive	UF	14,945 u	14,945
	East of Center Drive	UF	17,685 u	17,685
	West of SW 13 Street	4046	16,122 >	16,122
G-33	E 1 Street from SE 2 Place to NE 8 Avenue			3,120
		Station		Median
	Count Station Location	Number	2012	AADT
	North of NE 3 Avenue	3025	3,120 *	3,120
G-34	E 3 Street from SE Depot Avenue to NE 2 Avenue			3,373
	·	Station		Median
	Count Station Location	Number	2012	AADT
	South of SW 4 Avenue	5012	3,373 `	3,373
	South of University Avenue	5011	4,799	4,799
	North of University Avenue	3026	1,701	1,701
G-35	Hull / Mow ry Road from SW 34 Street to Center Drive			8,334
		Station		Median
	Count Station Location	Number	2012	AADT
	East of SW 34 Street	4051	10,662 >	10,662
	West of SW 23 Drive	UF	6,005 u	6,005
G-36	Glen Springs Road / NW 31 Avenue from NW 34 Stree	t to NW 16 Terrace		6,706
		Station		Median
	Count Station Location	Number	2012	AADT
	East of NW 34 street	7010/2122	6,110	6,110
	East of NW 34 Street	2000		active
	West of NW 23 Boulevard	2080		active
	West of NW 23 Boulevard	6010		active
	West of NW 16 Terrace	7007/2120	7,302	7,302
G-37	SW 23 Terrace from Williston Road (State Road 331) to		te Road 24)	8,224
		Station		Median
	Count Station Location	Number	2012	AADT
	North of Williston Road (State Road 331)	7041/4063	5,920 `	5,920
	South of Archer Road (State Road 24)	7040/4062	10,527 `	10,527

Number	Facility Location				
G-38	NW 23 Boulevard from NW 16 Terrace to NW 13 Street (U	S 441)			10,316
		Station			Median
	Count Station Location	Number	2012		AADT
	East of NW 16 Terrace	2006	10,316	^	10,316
	West of NW 13 Street	6011		Ina	ctive
G-39	Gale Lemerand Drive from Museum Road to W Univesity A	venue (State	Road 26)		11,499
		Station			Median
	Count Station Location	Number	2012		AADT
	South of W University Avenue	UF [4043]	9,252	`	9,252
	North of Museum Drive	UF	13,745	u	13,745
G-40	Main Street from State Road 331 (Williston Road) to University Avenue (State Road 26)				12,200
		Station			Median
	Count Station Location	Number	2012		AADT
	South of S 16 Avenue	6109	7,100	<	7,100
	South of Depot Avenue	6108	12,200	<	12,200
	North of S 4 Avenue	6107	13,900	<	13,900
	South of University Avenue	6106		Ina	ctive

N - North, S - South, E - East, W - West, NE - Northeast, NW - Northwest, SE - Southeast, SW Southwest

- ~ Year 2006 count
- \* Year 2007 count
- ^ Year 2008 count
- < Year 2009 count
- " Year 2010 count
- > Year 2011 count
- ` Year 2013 count
- u University of Florida Campus Master Plan update 2009 traffic count
- C Count affected by construction activity
- H Educational institution not in session
- F Fall semester count

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# Appendix H Special Circumstance Study Results

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# Appendix H: Special Circumstance Study Results

Studies of state-maintained, Alachua County-maintained and City of Gainesville-maintained roadway facilities which do not exclusively incorporate typical methodologies described in this <u>Multimodal Level of Service (LOS) Report</u> are included in this appendix. In particular, those studies which are done at the request of the Technical Subcommittee of the Metropolitan Transportation Planning Organization entail calculations of levels of service and maximum service volumes based on the latest single-year or post-constructions two-year annual average daily traffic counts for roadways which are subject to preconstruction planning studies for capacity enhancement and roadways which have had their capacities increased within the last year.

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#### A. State-Maintained Arterials

#### STATE MAINTAINED ARTERIALS

[RESERVED]

Tier Two Analyses Suspended in 2008

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#### **B.** Alachua County Arterials

#### **ALACHUA COUNTY ARTERIALS**

[RESERVED]

Tier Two Analyses Suspended in 2008

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### **C.** City of Gainesville Arterials

#### **CITY OF GAINESVILLE ARTERIALS**

#### [RESERVED]

Tier Two Analyses Suspended in 2008

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#### Metropolitan Transportation Planning Organization for the Gainesville Urbanized Area

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